# KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH ALASKA



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

## KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH ALASKA

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Charlie Pierce BOROUGH MAYOR

PREPARED BY DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

**Brandi Harbaugh** FINANCE DIRECTOR

Sara Dennis CONTROLLER

Kenai Peninsula Borough, Alaska Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Table of Contents Year Ended June 30, 2019

INTRODUCTION SECTION	<u>Page</u>
Table of Contents	i-iii
Letter of Transmittal	1-5
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	6
Organizational Chart	7
List of Principal Officials	8
Finance Department	9
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	11-13
Management's Discussion and Analysis	15-26
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	27-28 30-31
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds: Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities General Fund – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Nikiski Fire Service Area Special Revenue Fund – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Road Service Area Special Revenue Fund – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual  Proprietary Funds: Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	32-33 34 35-36 37 38-39 40 41 42 43 44
Statement of Fiduciary Funds – Assets and Liabilities	45
Notes to Financial Statements	47-84

Kenai Peninsula Borough, Alaska Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Table of Contents, continued

FINANCIAL SECTION, continued	<u>Page</u>
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Borough's Proportional Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Borough Contributions – Pension Plan Schedule of Borough's Proportional Share of the Net OPEB Liability - ARHCT Schedule of Borough Contributions – OPEB Plan - ARHCT Schedule of Borough Proportional Share of the Net OPEB Liability – RMP Schedule of Borough Contributions – OPEB Plan - RMP Schedule of Borough Proportional Share of the Net OPEB Liability – ODD Schedule of Borough Contributions – OPEM Plan – ODD	85 86 87 88 89 90 91
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	93
Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	95 96
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budgetary Compliance Schedules – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual:	98-101 102-105
Bear Creek Fire Service Area Anchor Point Fire and Emergency Medical Service Area Central Emergency Service Area Kachemak Emergency Service Area Central Peninsula Emergency Medical Service Area	106 107 108 109 110
North Peninsula Recreation Service Area Seldovia Recreational Service Area Eastern Peninsula Highway Emergency Service Area Land Trust Seward Bear Creek Flood Service Area	111 112 113 114 115
911 Communications Nikiski Senior Service Area	116 117
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds: Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	120-122 123-125
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual:	127 128
School Solid Waste Bear Creek Fire Service Area Central Emergency Services	129 130 131 132
Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Combining Statement of Cash Flows	133 134 135

Kenai Peninsula Borough, Alaska Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Table of Contents, continued

FINANCIAL SECTION, continued		<u>Page</u>
Fiduciary Fund Type – Agency Funds		
Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities		137 138-139
Capital Assets		
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds – Schedule by Source Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds – Schedule of		141
Changes by Function and Activity  Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds – Schedule by		142
Function and Activity		143-145
STATISTICAL SECTION	<u>Table No.</u>	<u>Page</u>
Government-wide information:		
Net Position by Component	I	147
Changes in Net Position	II	148-149
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	III	150
Fund information:		
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	IV	151
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	V	152
General Government Significant Revenues by Source	VI	153
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	VII	154
Property Tax Rates	VIII	155
Principal Property Taxpayers	IX	156
Taxable Sales by Line of Business	X	157
Property Tax Levies and Collections	XI	158 159
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type and Per Capita Legal Debt Margin Information	XIII	160
Demographic and Economic Statistics	XIV	161
Principal Employers	XV	162
Full-time Equivalent Borough Government Employees by Function	XVI	163
Operating Indicators by Function	XVII	164
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	XVIII	165
SINGLE AUDIT		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		167
Schedule of State Financial Assistance		168-169



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Charlie Pierce Borough Mayor

November 12, 2019

Honorable Members of the Assembly Citizens of the Kenai Peninsula Borough

We are pleased to present to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Kenai Peninsula (Borough) for the year ended June 30, 2019, which is submitted in accordance with Section 29.35.120 of Alaska Statutes and Borough code. These laws require that a complete set of financial statements be presented in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America and those standards applicable to audits performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards by licensed independent certified public accountants.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Borough. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and the results of operations of the Borough on a Government-wide and Fund basis. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Borough's financial activities have been included.

Management of the Borough is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the Borough are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that sufficient, reliable, adequate accounting data is compiled for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Internal accounting controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. We believe that the Borough's internal controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of properly recorded financial transactions.

In addition, the Borough maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the Borough Assembly. The Borough also maintains an encumbrance system that is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in all fund types. Encumbrances for governmental type funds outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as committed or assigned designations of fund balance depending on the process by which the amounts are encumbered.

The Borough's financial statements have been audited by BDO USA LLP, a firm of independent certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Borough for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Borough's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

As a recipient of federal grant awards, the Borough is required to undergo a single audit in conformance with Title 2 of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The results of this single audit, including a schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and the independent auditor's reports on the Borough's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards, are available in the Borough's separately issued single audit report.

As a recipient of state grant awards, the Borough is also required to undergo an audit in accordance with the provisions of Alaska State Regulation 2 AAC 45.010 and *Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits*. A state financial assistance schedule, the independent auditor's reports on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and a schedule of findings and questioned costs is included in a separately issued audit in accordance with the State of Alaska *Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits*.

#### Profile of the Kenai Peninsula Borough

The Borough was incorporated in 1964 as a second-class borough. It occupies a geographic area of approximately 25,600 square miles and is located in the south central part of the state of Alaska. The estimated population for the Borough is 58,471.

The Borough operates under an assembly-mayor form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing assembly consisting of nine members. The assembly is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, and appointing committees. The mayor is the Borough's executive officer and is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Borough, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The assembly and mayor are elected on a non-partisan basis. Assembly members serve three-year staggered terms, with 3 members elected each year, and are elected by district. The mayor is elected atlarge and serves a three-year term.

The Borough is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. State of Alaska law mandates that second-class boroughs provide certain services on an areawide basis to all taxpayers. All other services must be approved by a majority of voters who are to receive the services. This gives taxpayers control over the type and level of services they receive and pay for. Currently, the Borough provides the following areawide services: assessment and collection of property taxes and sales tax collection for the Borough and cities within the Borough, planning, solid waste disposal, education, senior citizen funding, postsecondary education, 911 emergency communications, emergency management and general administrative services. Non-areawide services provided by the Borough include fire protection, hospital services, emergency medical and ambulance services, recreation, senior citizen funding, road maintenance, economic development, tourism promotion, and special assessment authority for utility extensions and road improvement districts. The Borough also has non-areawide port and harbor powers that are not currently exercised. Funding for the Borough, by order of financial significances, is provided from property tax, sales tax, state revenue, federal revenue, other sources and interest earnings.

The Borough is financially accountable for three legally separate discretely presented component units; the Kenai Peninsula Borough School District, Central Peninsula Hospital and South Peninsula Hospital, which are each reported separately within the Borough's financial statements.

#### **Budgetary Control**

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Borough's financial planning and control. All departments, and service areas submit budgets to the mayor on or about February 20th. The mayor uses these requests for developing a proposed budget. The mayor submits his proposed budget to the assembly at the first regular assembly meeting in May. The assembly is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget. The assembly is required by state statute to set the annual mill rate prior to June 15th. The budget is appropriated by fund, department, and object. The mayor is authorized to make transfers of unencumbered balances within funds, which then is reported to the Assembly on a monthly basis. Assembly action is required to transfer between funds and departments or other major budget classifications. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund, Nikiski Fire Service Area Special Revenue Fund and Road Service Area Special Revenue Fund, the comparisons are presented on pages 40-41 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For other governmental funds, the comparisons start on page 106.

#### Local Economy

The Borough economy is highly diverse. The five industry categories that have the most employment are local government, retail trade, leisure and hospitality, natural resources and healthcare. Together they represent most of the Borough's employment. That diversity allows the Borough to be more resilient to declines in any one industry. The Borough's economy has experienced consistent, gradual growth since the late 1980's. Boroughwide, the general government tax rate has decreased from a high of 8.59 mills in FY1996 to its current rate of 4.7 mills. The Borough also has a 3% sales tax, which is applied only to the first \$500 of each separate sale. Taxable sales in FY2019 were \$1,120 million, an increase of 6.0% from the prior year but a 25.5% increase from FY2010. Most of the increase for FY2019 is attributed to an increase in sales tax collected on motor fuel (gasoline and diesel) sales due to an increase in the price of oil as well as an increase in taxable retail sales partially due to the new Marijuana industry legalized in Alaska in early 2017. The overall increase from FY2010 reflects an improving economy recovering from the recession of 2009. Sales tax continues to generate a substantial portion of the Borough's revenue; in FY1998, sales tax revenue represented 21% of total General Fund revenues; in FY2019, sales tax revenues represented almost 39%.

Oil and gas continues to play a vital role in the Borough's economy, although the players have changed. Large national and multinational companies have been replaced by independents, which resulted in a resurgence in exploration and production. This has led to new wells in the Anchor Point and Kenai area, jackup rigs being used in Cook Inlet, along with increased exploration in other areas of the Borough, resulting in an increase in assessed value for oil and gas properties. Assessed values for oil and gas properties increased from \$635 million for FY09, to \$1.56 billion in FY2019. During this same time frame, oil production has increased from approximately 10,000 barrels per day to approximately 16,000 barrels per day. The impact to the Borough if the global reduction in the price of gas and oil continues is unknown at this time.

Traditionally the Borough's unemployment rate has been 2% to 3% higher than the statewide rate, much of this due to the seasonality of work in the fishing and tourism industry. The unemployment rate is expected to decrease in 2020 due to an announcement on November 6, 2018 from the Alaska Gasline Development Corporation (AGDG), that it plans to start building construction camps and access roads for its' \$43 billion project at the natural gas liquefaction

plant site in Nikiski, Alaska in the first quarter of 2020 and along the 807-mile pipeline route by the second quarter of 2020. Increased oil and gas exploration has also had an impact on the Borough's unemployment rate.

		Unemployment	Increase	Fiscal	Unemployment	Increase
_	Fiscal Year	Rate	(Decrease)	Year	Rate	(Decrease)
	2012	9.50%	-0.50%	2016	7.80%	-0.10%
	2013	8.60%	-0.90%	2017	8.50%	0.70%
	2014	8.00%	-0.60%	2018	8.30%	-0.20%
	2015	7.90%	-0.10%	2019	7.70%	-0.60%

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning**

A significant measure of the Borough's financial strength is the level of its fund balances (i.e. the accumulation of revenues exceeding expenditures). The Assembly takes the responsibility of being stewards of the public's funds very seriously and has adopted the following General Fund reserve policy: reserve funds shall not be used to fund recurring expenditures. Fund balances should be maintained at fiscally sound levels in all funds. The Borough has adopted financial policies that will ensure that the Borough maintains an appropriate fund balance in line with recommended best practices. The General Fund's assigned amount of \$20.5 million exceeded the Borough's minimum fund balance of \$15.7 million per the Fund Balance policy and is 19.4% of the General Fund operating expenditures (including transfers), leaving the Borough in a solid financial position to adequately prepare for the expected reductions in revenues caused by the changes in the property tax laws and the economic environment.

The Borough provides pension benefits for all eligible employees through the State of Alaska Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). The system consists of three defined benefit (DB) Tiers, and one defined contribution (DC) Tier. The Borough pays its annual required contribution rates timely. The annual contribution rates have been capped at 22% of covered payroll for both DB and DC plans based on legislative action committing the State of Alaska to cover costs exceeding 22%. The legislature's cap on local government contribution rates brings stability to the Borough's retirement rates although it is important to note that a future State legislature can eliminate its contributions. The transition from an agent multiple-employer plan, to a cost-sharing multiple employer plan as of July 1, 2008, provided a single rate for all participating PERS employers, eliminating the previous methodology of assessing each employer its own rate. The Borough now shares in the pooled liability of the PERS plan.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 required the Borough to recognize its proportionate share of the cost sharing plan's net pension liability. The Borough's total portion of the liability was \$36,078,214 and \$34,747,989 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 respectively, an increase of \$1,330,225. This does not change the actual contributions by the employers, as those are based on Alaska Statutes. For additional detail, reference footnote J in the basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 75 required the Borough to recognize its proportionate share of the cost sharing plan's net liability for other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The Borough's total portion of the net other postemployment benefits liability was \$7,386,793 and \$5,592,849 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 respectively, an increase of \$1,793,944. For additional detail, reference footnote J in the basic financial statements.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgments**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Kenai Peninsula Borough for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the 40th consecutive year the Borough has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Borough published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents conformed to program standards. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the Borough received from the GFOA, the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for FY2019 for publishing a budget document that meets the program criteria as a policy document, an operations guide, a financial plan and a communications device. This is the 26th year the Borough has received this award. The Borough also received from the GFOA for the 5<sup>th</sup> year, the Award for Outstanding Achievement for Popular Annual Financial Reporting, this award recognizes governments that successfully produce high quality popular annual financial reports specifically designed to be readily accessible and easily understandable to the general public and other interested parties without a background in public finance.

The preparation of this report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the Finance Department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We also want to thank the finance department staff at the Kenai Peninsula Borough School District, the South Peninsula Hospital, and Central Peninsula Hospital for their assistance.

We also want to thank the members of the Borough Assembly for your interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Borough in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Charlie Pierce

Borough Mayor

Brandi Harbaugh, CPA, CPFO

Bul: He

Finance Director

For the 40<sup>th</sup> consecutive year, the Kenai Peninsula Borough has earned the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental accounting and financial reporting with an award-winning comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR). The Kenai Peninsula Borough awarded а Certificate of Achievement for Excellence by the Governmental Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

According to the GFOA, the CAFR program was established in 1945 to encourage and assist state and local governments to go beyond the minimum requirements of generally accepted accounting principles to prepare comprehensive annual reports that demonstrate a spirit of transparency and full disclosure.

The Kenai Peninsula Borough believes that this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet high standards required by the Certificate of Achievement Program and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another Certificate.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## Kenai Peninsula Borough Alaska

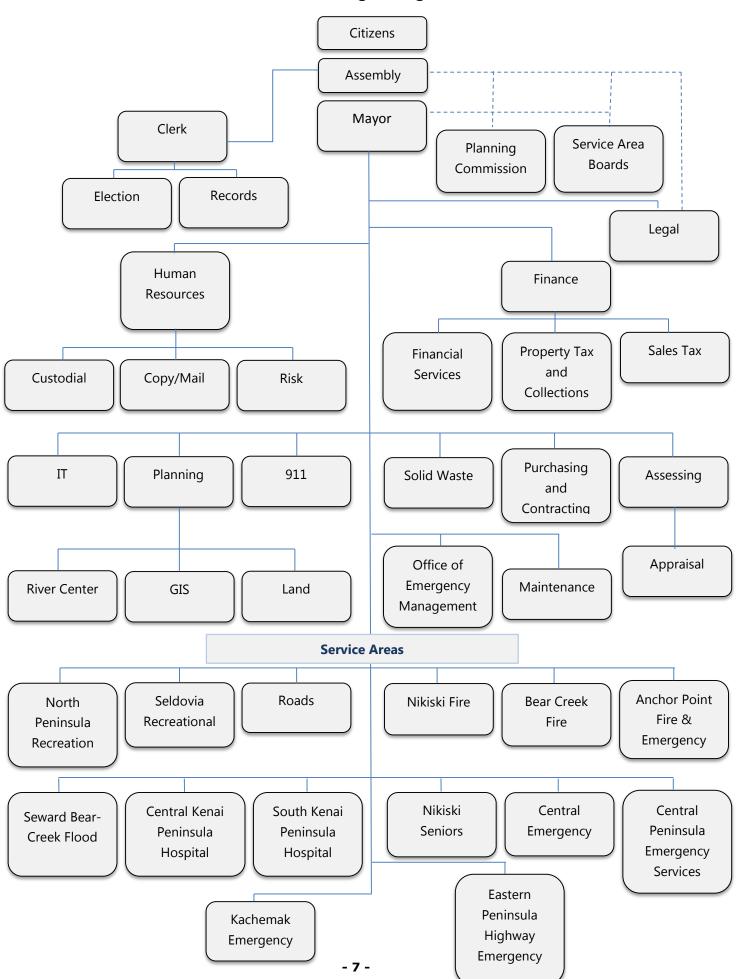
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

## Kenai Peninsula Borough - Organizational Chart



## **KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH**

## **List of Principal Officials**

#### **Assembly Members**

Wayne Ogle President

Dale Bagley Vice President

Kelly Cooper
Norm Blakeley
Willy Dunne
Hal Smalley
Kenn Carpenter
Brent Hibbert
Paul Fischer

The legislative power of the Kenai Peninsula Borough is vested in an assembly of nine members. This assembly meets in regular session the first and third Tuesday of most months in the Assembly Chambers located in the Borough Administration Building at 144 North Binkley Street, Soldotna, Alaska.

#### <u>Administration</u>

Charlie Pierce Borough Mayor James Baisden Chief of Staff Brandi Harbaugh Finance Director Colette Thompson Borough Attorney Kim Saner Director of Human Resources Johni Blankenship Borough Clerk Emergency Management Senior Manager Dan Nelson Benjamin Hanson Director of Information Technology Melanie Aeschliman Borough Assessor Max Best Director of Planning River Center Manager Lucas Byker Scott Griebel Director of Maintenance Jack Maryott Director of Solid Waste John Hedges Purchasing & Contracting Director Dil Uhlin Roads Director Sovala Kisena Claims Manager

## **KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH**

## **Finance Department**

#### Finance Director

Brandi Harbaugh

#### **Division Managers**

Sara Dennis Penny Pickarsky Jennifer Vanhoose Lauri Lingafelt Controller Budget Property Tax Sales Tax

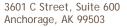
## **Accounting Staff**

Tracy Davis
Katherine Cooper
DeRay Jones
Sarah Hostetter
Danielle Henry
Misty Jenkins
Joanne Rodgers
Chad Friedersdorff

Amy Falk
Barbara Prestwick
Tina Minster
Hannah Blume
Rhonda Foster-Deskins
Samantha Ness
Sydney Smith

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## **AUDITOR REPORT**





Tel: 907-278-8878 Fax: 907-278-5779 www.bdo.com

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Honorable Mayor and Borough Assembly Kenai Peninsula Borough Soldotna, Alaska

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kenai Peninsula Borough, Alaska, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Borough's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kenai Peninsula Borough, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, the Nikiski Fire Service Area Special Revenue Fund, and the Road Service Area Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 15 through 26 and the Schedules of the Net Pension Liability and Pension Contributions on pages 85 and 86, and the Schedules of the Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Contributions on pages 87 through 92 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Kenai Peninsula Borough's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2019 on our consideration of Kenai Peninsula Borough's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Kenai Peninsula Borough's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Kenai Peninsula Borough's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Anchorage, Alaska November 12, 2019

BDO USA, LLP

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# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

#### Kenai Peninsula Borough

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the Kenai Peninsula Borough (Borough) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) provides readers with a narrative overview and analysis of the Borough's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. It is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Borough's financial activity, identify changes in the Borough's financial position, identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year activities, resulting changes and current known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Borough's transmittal letter (pages 1-5), the financial statements (pages 27-45) and the notes to the financial statements (pages 47-84).

#### Financial Highlights

- At the close of FY2019, the Kenai Peninsula Borough assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$226.4 million (net position). Of this amount, \$22.3 million (unrestricted net position) is legally unreserved and may therefore be used to meet the Borough's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Borough's total net position decreased \$10.5 million when compared to the net position at the beginning of the fiscal year.
- The Kenai Peninsula Borough has established a formal fund balance policy affecting the General Fund, annually budgeted special revenue funds and general government capital project funds. The policy sets both minimum and maximum levels.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$26.9 million, an increase of \$4.1 million from FY2018. The assigned and unassigned fund balance for FY2019, not including the amount that was budgeted for FY2020 expenditures, is \$18.8 million. This compares to the FY2018 amount of \$17.8 million. This represents 23.2% of the total General Fund expenditures and transfers balance, and compares to 22% as of June 30, 2018, 19.3% as of June 30, 2017, and 22% as of June 30, 2016.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Borough's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$87.5 million, an increase of \$11.9 million from the prior year. Much of this increase is associated with reduced expenditures in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds while recognizing efficiencies and reduced spending throughout the organization.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the Borough's basic financial statements, which are the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

	Number
Fund Type	of funds
General Fund	1
Debt Service Funds	4
Capital Project Funds	12
Special Revenue Funds	18
Total Governmental Funds	35
Total Internal Service Funds	4
Total Agency Funds	2

**Government-wide financial statements**. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Borough. The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the overall finances of the Borough similar to a private-sector business. These statements combine and consolidate short-term, spendable resources with capital assets and long-term obligations.

- The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to be a bottom line for the Borough and its governmental activities and Component Units. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets, including infrastructure, and long-term obligations. Net position is the difference between the Borough's assets and deferred outflows of resources and its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Borough is improving.
- The Statement of Activities reflects the expenses of a given function, which are offset by program revenues. Program revenues are defined as charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions directly associated with a given function.

Governmental activities are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The Borough's governmental activities include general government, solid waste, public safety, recreation, education, environmental protection and road and trail maintenance.

The government-wide financial statements present not only the Borough itself, but also the following discretely presented components units of the Borough; Kenai Peninsula Borough School District, Central Peninsula Hospital, and South Peninsula Hospital. Financial information for these discrete component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 27-31 of this report.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the local government, reporting the Borough's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Borough, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate fiscal accountability.

All of the funds of the Borough can be divided into three categories:

**Governmental funds**. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on the short-term view of the Borough's operations.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Borough maintains 35 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Solid Waste Capital Project Fund, Nikiski Special Revenue Fund, and Road Service Area Special Revenue Fund, which are considered major funds. The other 31 governmental funds are combined and shown as Other Governmental Funds on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Individual fund information for the nonmajor funds are presented in the Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Project Funds, Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds, and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Project Funds, and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-41 of this report. Budgetary comparison statements for 12 special revenue funds and 4 debt service funds with annual budgets are provided on pages 106-117 and 129-132, respectively to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

**Proprietary funds**. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Borough's various functions. The Borough uses internal service funds to account for its risk management, compensated absences, health insurance, and equipment replacement programs. Because these services benefit governmental functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. All of the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 42-44 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds**. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Borough in a trustee capacity or as an agent for others. Activities from fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the Borough cannot use these assets for its operations. The accounting for fiduciary funds is much like that used in proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary aggregated fund financial statements can be found on page 45 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements**. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 47-84 of this report.

**Other information**. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information and other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds

can be found on pages 98-105, 120-125, 127-128 and internal service funds can be found on pages 133-135 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

#### **Net Position**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Borough, net position at June 30, 2019 was \$226.4 million compared to \$215.8 million at June 30, 2018. By far the largest portion of the Borough's net position (79.7%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, etc.) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Borough uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Borough's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

During FY2019, governmental activities capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of the Borough decreased \$7.1 million. Current and other assets include \$107.7 million and \$95.3 million of cash and investments held for governmental activities at June 30, 2019 and 2018.

Kenai Peninsula Borough Summary of Net Position June 30, 2019 and 2018 Governmental Activities (in millions)

	2019	2018
Current and other assets	\$ 124.8	\$ 112.5
Capital assets	219.1	226.2
Total assets	343.9	338.7
Deferred outflow of resources	7.6	5.4
Long-term debt outstanding	97.8	97.7
Other liabilities	8.7	8.4
Total liabilities	106.5	106.1
Deferred inflows of resources Net position:	18.6	22.1
Net investment in capital assets	180.2	185.0
Restricted	23.9	20.8
Unrestricted	22.3	10.1
Total net position	\$ 226.4	\$ 215.9

#### Governmental activities

Governmental activities increased the Borough's net position by \$10.6 million. This compares to a decrease of \$9.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2018. Key elements of the change in net position for the year are as follows:

- GASB 68 and GASB 75 required allocations of net pension and OPEB liabilities, decreasing the Governmental activities net position by \$3.2 million in FY2019 and \$7.5 million in FY2018 through recording deferred inflows of resources, deferred outflows of resources, as well as net pension and OPEB liabilities, a difference of \$4.3 million.
- Overall sales tax collections increased 4.3% from FY18 to FY19, increasing sales tax revenues by \$1.4 million. The large increases were attributable to retail sales increasing 6.8%, utilities increasing 5%, and lodging, restaurants, guiding and tourism related businesses increasing 8%.
- Payment in Lieu of taxes decreased 11% or \$406,811 from FY18 to FY19.
- The Property tax mill rate for the General Fund was increased from 4.5 to 4.7 mills in FY19, this generated an additional \$1.7 million in property tax revenue. Central Emergency Service Area mill rate increased from 2.6 to 2.85 mills in FY19 generating an additional \$700,000 in property tax revenue.
- Investment earnings increased \$3.5 million from FY18 to FY19 due to raising interest rates environment, however it is important to note that rates also began to decrease in March 2019, due to the federal reserve announcement that there would likely be no more rate hikes coming this year.

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## **Summary of Changes in Net Position**

The Borough's total revenues and expenses for governmental activities are reflected in the following chart:

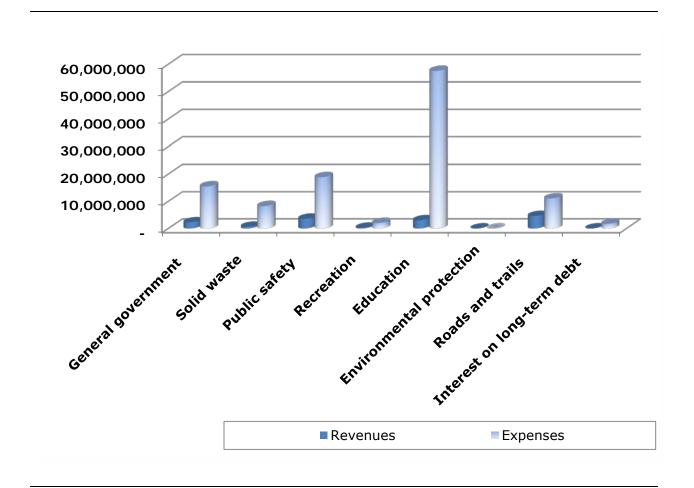
Kenai Peninsula Borough Changes in Net Position For Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in millions)

#### Governmental Activities

	2019	2018
Revenues:		
Program revenues: Charges for services	\$ 3.8	\$ 3.9
Operating grants and contributions	ъ 3.6 5.5	ъ 5.9 5.9
Capital grants and contributions	5.0	4.2
General revenues:	5.0	4.2
Property taxes	67.5	64.6
Sales taxes	32.9	31.5
Other	10.9	7.7
Total revenues	125.6	117.8
Expenses:		
General government	15.5	18.4
Solid waste	8.3	8.3
Public safety	18.9	19.4
Recreation	2.0	2.2
Environmental protection	-	.2
Road and trails	11.1	9.6
Education payments to component unit Kenai Peninsula Borough School District	49.7	49.7
Education other	1317	1317
(debt service, capital projects, post-		
secondary)	7.9	9.4
Interest on long-term debt	1.7	2.0
Total expenses	115.1	119.2
Increase (decrease) in net position	10.5	(1.4)
Net position, beginning of year	215.9	225.6
Change in beginning net position – change in accounting principle GASB 75		(8.3)
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	215.9	217.3
Net position, end of year, as restated	\$ 226.4	\$ 215.9

#### **Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities**

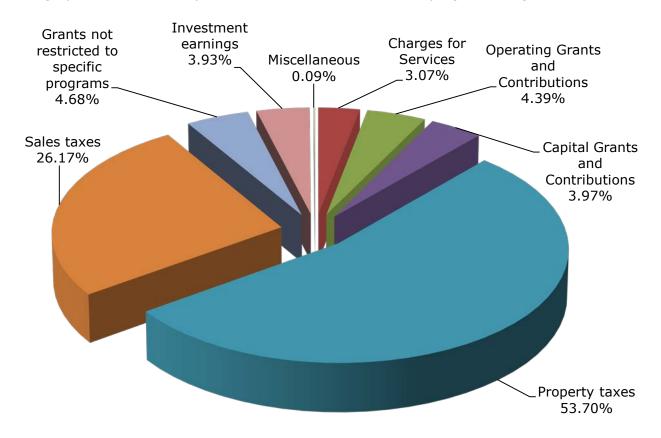
The graph shown below compares program expenses with associated revenues. It should be noted that revenue generated through sales and property taxes are considered general revenues and are therefore not included on this graph.



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#### **Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities**

The graph shown below depicts all sources of revenues, both program and general.



#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Borough uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

#### Governmental funds.

The focus of the Borough's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Borough's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. For example, did the Borough generate enough revenue to pay for current obligations? What is available for spending at the end of the year?

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Borough's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$87.5 million, an increase of \$11.9 million from the prior year. A portion of this amount is restricted to indicate it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed: 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period 2) or for other restricted purposes.

Discussion of selected individual governmental funds is as follows:

#### General Fund (Major fund)

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Borough. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance was \$26.9 million, an increase of \$4.1 million from the prior year. Expenditures and transfers out for the General Fund totaled \$81.0 million during the year, this compares to FY2018 expenditures and transfers out of \$81.3 million. Key factors in the increase in fund balance are discussed under the governmental activities discussion.

#### Central Emergency Service Area Special Revenue Fund (Non-major fund)

Fund balance in this service area increased \$1.2 million or approximately 29%, compared to the FY2018 increase of \$572,804 primarily due to an increase in the mill rate for FY2019. The .25 mill rate increase was provided to fund 3 new positions to provide better overall service area coverage. Expenditures and transfers out totaled \$8,472,282 an increase of \$452,560 compared to FY2018. The transfers for debt service decreased \$1,600, while operational cost increased \$452,368.

#### Nikiski Fire Service Area Special Revenue Fund (Major fund)

Fund balance in this service area decreased \$871,442 in FY2019, compared to the FY2018 decrease of \$1.9 million. The decrease in expenditures and transfers for FY2019 was partly due to a one-time transfer in FY2018 to the capital project fund in order to fund the construction of new fire station. With this decrease in fund balance the service area still remains within the recommended fund balance range.

#### Road Service Area Special Revenue Fund (Major fund)

Since FY2012 the Road Service Area has made an effort to grow fund balance due to the continued reduction of grant funds availability. Prior to FY2012 the service area depended on state grant funds to support capital projects, since then the grants have slowly declined, leaving the service area to support future capital projects with operating funds. For FY2019 the Service Area's fund balance increased \$587,914 from FY2018 while maintaining the increase in planned transfer to the capital project fund in order to support the projects while receiving less grant funding. The increase in fund balance was due to efficiencies implemented in the road service area, such as changes in contract requirements and reductions in staff hours.

#### Solid Waste Capital Project Fund (Major fund)

Fund balance in this capital project fund decreased \$263,344 in FY2019, compared to the FY2018 decrease of \$1.96 million. The decrease in fund balance in FY18 was mainly due to the timing of the receipt of bond proceeds in prior years while expenditures occurred subsequent to the year of receipt, spending down restricted fund balance. This is consistent with the intent of the fund, which is project length in nature.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

During the year there were increases of \$2 million, not including carryover encumbrances, in appropriations between the original budget and the final amended budget. The primary reason for amending the budget was as follows:

- Transfer to the School Capital project fund for \$425,000 to replace failing boilers.
- Transferred \$950,000 to the Disaster Fund in order to support the Fall 2018 Flooding in the Seward Area, and the November 30, 2018 Southcentral earthquake event.
- \$506,000 for in-kind contributions to the Public Employees' Retirement System made by the State of Alaska on the Borough's behalf.
  - o The on-behalf amount provided for the Kenai Peninsula Borough was \$441,000 of which the General Fund, including Solid Waste, received \$65,000.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital assets

The Borough's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 amounts to \$219.1 million and \$226.2 million, respectively (net of accumulated depreciation.) This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, machinery and equipment, roads, and infrastructure.

Major additions to capital assets during the current fiscal year included the following:

Equipment and improvements to general government facilities	\$ 0.4 million
Improvements at various solid waste facilities	\$ 1.7 million
Fire and emergency services equipment	\$ 1.0 million

# Kenai Peninsula Borough Capital Assets (in millions, net of depreciation)

#### Governmental activities

	 2019	2018
Land	\$ 71.1	\$ 71.0
Buildings	92.4	91.9
Improvements other		
than buildings	25.8	28.0
Machinery and equipment	10.2	12.0
Infrastructure	13.8	14.2
Construction in progress	5.8	9.1
Total governmental funds capital		
assets	\$ 219.1	\$ 226.2

Additional information on the Borough's capital assets can be found in Note E on page 64 of this report.

#### Long-term debt.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Borough had total debt outstanding of \$40.0 million, a decrease of \$3.5 million from June 30, 2018. This debt is bonded and backed by the full faith and credit of either the Borough or Service Areas of the Borough. Of the \$40.0 million in bonded debt, \$35.4 million was issued for school improvements. The State of Alaska will reimburse the Borough up to 70% of the principal and interest on these bonds. The schedule shown below does not include compensated absences, net pension liability, or net OPEB liability.

	Governmental Activities		
	2019	2018	
General obligation bonds	\$ 40.0	\$ 43.5	

The Borough's discretely presented component units also have debt outstanding at the end of the year totaling \$85.5 million, not including premiums and other cost. Of that amount, \$30.8 million was bonded and backed by the full faith and credit of various Service Areas of the Borough. Additional information on the Borough's long-term debt can be found in note H on pages 68-70 of this report and table XII on page 159.

The Borough normally uses the Alaska Municipal Bond Bank (Bond Bank) to sell its bonds. The Bond Bank has a rating of AA from S&P and AA- from Fitch.

#### **Economic Factors and the Next Year's Budget and Rates**

The average unemployment in the Borough for CY2018 stood at 7.7%. A decrease from the two prior years' rate of 8.5% in CY2016 and 8.3% for CY2017, this compares to the statewide average of 6.6%. Traditionally the Borough's unemployment rate has been 2% to 3% higher than the statewide rate, much of this due to the seasonality of work in the fishing and tourism industry in the Borough. The Borough's unemployment rate for the period January 2019 to June 2019 is down .3% when compared to the same period for 2018. This is expected to improve in CY2020, due to an announcement on November 6, 2018 from the Alaska Gasline Development Corporation (AGDG), that it plans to start building construction camps and access roads for its' \$43 billion project at the natural gas liquefaction plant site in Nikiski, Alaska in the first quarter of 2020 and along the 807-mile pipeline route by the second quarter of 2020.

In 2001, the Borough established a fund balance policy that recommends both minimum and maximum amounts of fund balances for both operating and capital project funds for the General Fund and Service Areas. These levels are reviewed on an annual basis and the policy requires that fund balances exceeding the maximum or fund balances less than the minimum come back into compliance within 3 years. This is assessed each fiscal year as part of the budgetary process.

In addition, the Alaska legislature provided funding for Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) cost in excess of 22%, which was paid directly to PERS. The total on-behalf payment made by the State for FY2019 was \$1,237,913, of which the Borough reports \$1,042,145 and its component unit the Kenai Peninsula Borough School District reports \$195,768 along with their PERS and TRS contributions, as part of the local in-kind contribution from the Borough to the School District. This contribution includes the difference between the actuarially determined rate of 27.58% and the Borough contribution rate of 22.00%.

In addition, as part of their FY2015 budget, the Alaska State Legislature passed House Bill 385 (HB 385), which paid down \$1 billion of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) defined benefits plan's unfunded liability (a closed plan). However, the bill also extended, by nine years, the amortization period over which employers would pay down the debt. By

statute, the required employer contribution is 22% of the employee's wages, with the State paying the balance of the actuarially determined amount. Under HB 385, the State's annual payments will be lower, but the total cost to employers will be much greater. For the Borough, an estimated additional \$14.5 million will be paid in retirement contributions for those additional nine years.

During fiscal year 2019, the State of Alaska maintained a AA rating from Standard & Poor's Ratings Services and a AA credit rating from Fitch Ratings, subsequently on September 5, 2019, Fitch Ratings downgraded the rating on the State to AA-. Since fiscal year 2014 the State has been running declining unrestricted general fund deficits of approximately \$3 million to \$315 million per year due to low oil prices, expenditure levels and lack of new revenues.

In setting the budget for FY2020, the Borough considered a number of issues with Boroughwide impact, among them:

- Passing a FY2020 budget that balances General Fund expenditures with General Fund revenues.
- A sufficient level of funding necessary to meet the needs of Borough residents, visitors and communities.
- A continued reduction in the historical variance between budget and actual revenues and expenditures.
- Maintenance of the Borough's financial condition including compliance with the Borough's fund balance policy.
- The highest level of local educational funding that Borough's residents can reasonably afford and sustain.
- A high quality capital and operational maintenance program that ensures the continued use and economic value of Borough assets.

#### Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Borough's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, Kenai Peninsula Borough, 144 N. Binkley, Soldotna, Alaska, 99669.

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### Kenai Peninsula Borough

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Primary Government		Component Units	
	Governmental Activities	Central Peninsula Hospital	•	School District
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 5,559,145	\$ 35,774,537	\$ 19,537,381	\$ 11,945
Equity in central treasury	98,586,201	4,727,809	6,867,941	36,757,568
Receivables (net of allowances for estimated				
uncollectibles):				
Taxes receivable	8,014,260	1,916	160,307	-
Accounts receivable	798,202	1,544,417	183,264	296,492
Patient receivables	-	26,897,131	13,657,994	-
Note receivable short-term	658,752	-	-	-
Land sale contracts receivable:				
Current	110,806	-	-	-
Delinquent	69,468	-	-	-
Due from other governments	2,903,663	-	-	2,409,356
Due from special assessment districts	1,084,464	-	-	-
Prepaids	21,898	3,091,874	627,662	1,144,175
Inventory	-	6,644,838	1,670,856	1,271,007
Note receivable - long-term	3,019,662	-	-	-
Land sale contracts receivable - long-term	496,987	-	-	-
Net pension asset	-	-	1,946,417	-
Restricted assets:				
Equity in central treasury - unspent bond proceeds	3,505,128	9,046,778	86,148	-
Equity in central treasury - bond funds held in reserve	-	7,883,517	-	-
Assets whose use is limited:				
Cash and short-term investments	-	549,393	29,801	-
Equity in central treasury	-	46,408,939	3,373,370	-
Investments	-	218,191	-	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):				
Land and land improvements	71,118,078	3,705,569	1,596,270	-
Buildings	92,403,552	52,611,212	34,479,051	-
Improvements other than buildings	25,786,174	93,583	56,724	-
Machinery and equipment	10,187,017	35,220,015	4,070,436	2,439,439
Construction in progress	5,821,210	31,466,965	462,180	-
Infrastructure	13,796,296			
Total assets	343,940,963	265,886,684	88,805,802	44,329,982
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Unamortized deferred loss on refunding	298,478	621,556	586,881	_
Excess consideration paid for acquisition	-	552,520	-	_
Pension related	4,528,678	-	1,640,396	9,589,706
OPEB related	2,756,743	-	-	7,256,034
Total deferred outflows of resources	7,583,899	1,174,076	2,227,277	16,845,740
•				

#### Kenai Peninsula Borough

Statement of Net Position, Continued June 30, 2019

Governmental Activities         Central Peninsula Hospital         South Peninsula District           Liabilities         Hospital         Hospital         District           Accounts, contracts and retainage payable         \$ 3,925,216         \$ 8,244,735         \$ 6,962,345         \$ 2,225           Accrued payroll and payroll benefits         631,946         4,212,147         4,475,802         7,244           Claims payable         3,062,132         3,929,389         1,766,480         5,424	,466 ,893
Liabilities       \$ 3,925,216       \$ 8,244,735       \$ 6,962,345       \$ 2,225         Accrued payroll and payroll benefits       631,946       4,212,147       4,475,802       7,244         Claims payable       3,062,132       3,929,389       1,766,480       5,424	,466 ,893 ,922 -
Accounts, contracts and retainage payable       \$ 3,925,216       \$ 8,244,735       \$ 6,962,345       \$ 2,225         Accrued payroll and payroll benefits       631,946       4,212,147       4,475,802       7,244         Claims payable       3,062,132       3,929,389       1,766,480       5,424	,893 ,922 - -
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits 631,946 4,212,147 4,475,802 7,244 Claims payable 3,062,132 3,929,389 1,766,480 5,424	,893 ,922 - -
Claims payable 3,062,132 3,929,389 1,766,480 5,424	,922 - -
	-
A	- - ,833
Accrued interest 808,393 708,378 225,000	,833
Unearned revenue 207,790 - 155,549	,833
Noncurrent liabilities:	,833
Due within one year:	,833
Compensated absences 728,330 1,026,495 - 61	_
Landfill closure/postclosure 66,444	_
Long-term debt 3,705,000 6,558,000 1,636,208	-
Due in more than one year:	
Net pension liability 36,078,214 - 84,761	,550
Net OPEB liability 7,386,793 - 14,770	,097
Compensated absences 2,184,989 3,079,487 - 2,905	,775
Landfill closure/postclosure 8,663,040	-
Long-term debt	
Total liabilities 106,472,712 96,939,964 30,170,317 117,394	,536
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Prepaid property taxes 14,794,252 - 525,149	-
Pension related 905,492 - 354,235 2,282	,509
OPEB related 2,929,755 6,224	
Total deferred inflows of resources 18,629,499 - 879,384 8,507	,068
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets 180,186,508 57,026,345 24,752,549 2,439	,439
Restricted:	
Hazard tree removal program 289,972	-
General government 537,281	-
Public safety 12,665,841	-
Recreation 1,347,507	-
Education 2,817,649 2,381	,632
Solid waste 99,597	-
Roads 6,134,885	-
Charter schools 885	,704
Malpractice trust - 549,393 -	-
Hospital expansion project - 18,800,911 25,286	-
Unrestricted 22,343,411 93,744,147 35,205,543 (70,432	,657)
Total net position \$ 226,422,651 \$ 170,120,796 \$ 59,983,378 \$ (64,725)	

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Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Function/Program Activities         Expenses         Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions         Capital Grants and Contributions           Function/Program Activities           Frimary government           Governmental activities:           General government         \$ 15,500,286         \$ 188,185         \$ 2,073,410         \$ -           Solid waste         8,272,259         609,889         18,325         -           Public safety         18,866,550         2,813,500         709,254         75,000           Recreation         2,050,199         239,054         10,930         -           Education         57,563,709         239,054         10,930         -           Environmental protection         2,448         -         -         -           Roads and trails         11,078,936         -         11,403         4,583,508           Interest on long-term debt         1,736,718         -         -         -           Total primary government         \$ 115,071,105         3,850,628         \$ 5,515,029         \$ 4,990,655           Central Peninsula Hospital         \$ 164,005,542         \$ 171,263,856         \$ -         \$ 5         -           Central					Program Revenues				
Function/Program Activities           Primary government         Governmental activities:         Figure 1         Second 1         Second 2         <			Expenses	_	· ·		Grants and		Grants and
Governmental activities:         General government         \$ 15,500,286         \$ 188,185         \$ 2,073,410         \$ -           Solid waste         8,272,259         609,889         18,325         -           Public safety         18,866,550         2,813,500         709,254         75,000           Recreation         2,050,199         239,054         10,930         -           Education         57,563,709         -         2,691,707         332,147           Environmental protection         2,448         -         -         -           Roads and trails         11,736,718         -         11,403         4,583,508           Interest on long-term debt         1,736,718         -         -         -           Total primary government         \$ 115,071,105         \$ 3,850,628         \$ 5,515,029         \$ 4,990,655           Component units -           Central Peninsula Hospital         75,238,686         81,690,171         -         -           South Peninsula Borough School District         146,220,920         717,010         19,133,664         -	Function/Program Activities		'	_		_		_	
General government         \$ 15,500,286         \$ 188,185         \$ 2,073,410         \$ -           Solid waste         8,272,259         609,889         18,325         -           Public safety         18,866,550         2,813,500         709,254         75,000           Recreation         2,050,199         239,054         10,930         -           Education         57,563,709         -         2,691,707         332,147           Environmental protection         2,448         -         -         -         -           Roads and trails         11,078,936         -         11,403         4,583,508           Interest on long-term debt         1,736,718         -         -         -         -           Total primary government         \$ 115,071,105         \$ 3,850,628         \$ 5,515,029         \$ 4,990,655           Component units -           Central Peninsula Hospital         \$ 164,005,542         \$ 171,263,856         \$ -         \$ -           South Peninsula Hospital         75,238,686         81,690,171         -         -           Kenai Peninsula Borough School District         146,220,920         717,010         19,133,664         -	Primary government								
Solid waste         8,272,259         609,889         18,325         -           Public safety         18,866,550         2,813,500         709,254         75,000           Recreation         2,050,199         239,054         10,930         -           Education         57,563,709         -         2,691,707         332,147           Environmental protection         2,448         -         -         -         -           Roads and trails         11,078,936         -         11,403         4,583,508           Interest on long-term debt         1,736,718         -         -         -         -           Total primary government         \$ 115,071,105         \$ 3,850,628         \$ 5,515,029         \$ 4,990,655           Component units -           Central Peninsula Hospital         \$ 164,005,542         \$ 171,263,856         \$ -         \$ -           South Peninsula Hospital         75,238,686         81,690,171         -         -         -           Kenai Peninsula Borough School District         146,220,920         717,010         19,133,664         -	Governmental activities:								
Public safety         18,866,550         2,813,500         709,254         75,000           Recreation         2,050,199         239,054         10,930         -           Education         57,563,709         -         2,691,707         332,147           Environmental protection         2,448         -         -         -         -           Roads and trails         11,078,936         -         11,403         4,583,508           Interest on long-term debt         1,736,718         -         -         -         -           Total primary government         \$ 115,071,105         \$ 3,850,628         \$ 5,515,029         \$ 4,990,655           Component units -         Central Peninsula Hospital         \$ 164,005,542         \$ 171,263,856         \$ -         \$ -           South Peninsula Hospital         75,238,686         81,690,171         -         -         -           Kenai Peninsula Borough School District         146,220,920         717,010         19,133,664         -	<u> </u>	\$	, ,	\$	,	\$	, ,	\$	-
Recreation         2,050,199         239,054         10,930         -           Education         57,563,709         -         2,691,707         332,147           Environmental protection         2,448         -         -         -           Roads and trails         11,078,936         -         11,403         4,583,508           Interest on long-term debt         1,736,718         -         -         -         -           Total primary government         \$ 115,071,105         \$ 3,850,628         \$ 5,515,029         \$ 4,990,655           Component units -           Central Peninsula Hospital         \$ 164,005,542         \$ 171,263,856         \$ -         \$ -           South Peninsula Hospital         75,238,686         81,690,171         -         -         -           Kenai Peninsula Borough School District         146,220,920         717,010         19,133,664         -					,		•		-
Education         57,563,709         -         2,691,707         332,147           Environmental protection         2,448         -         -         -         -           Roads and trails         11,078,936         -         11,403         4,583,508           Interest on long-term debt         1,736,718         -         -         -         -           Total primary government         \$ 115,071,105         \$ 3,850,628         \$ 5,515,029         \$ 4,990,655           Component units -           Central Peninsula Hospital         \$ 164,005,542         \$ 171,263,856         \$ -         \$ -           South Peninsula Hospital         75,238,686         81,690,171         -         -         -           Kenai Peninsula Borough School District         146,220,920         717,010         19,133,664         -	•				, ,		•		75,000
Environmental protection 2,448	Recreation		2,050,199		239,054		10,930		-
Roads and trails         11,078,936         -         11,403         4,583,508           Interest on long-term debt         1,736,718         -	Education		57,563,709		-		2,691,707		332,147
Interest on long-term debt	Environmental protection		2,448		-		-		-
Total primary government \$ \frac{115,071,105}{2} \\$ \frac{3,850,628}{3,850,628} \\$ \frac{5,515,029}{5} \\$ \frac{4,990,655}{2} \\$ Component units -  Central Peninsula Hospital \$ 164,005,542 \$ 171,263,856 \$ - \$ - \$ South Peninsula Hospital	Roads and trails		11,078,936		-		11,403		4,583,508
Component units -         Central Peninsula Hospital       \$ 164,005,542       \$ 171,263,856       \$ -       \$ -         South Peninsula Hospital       75,238,686       81,690,171       -       -         Kenai Peninsula Borough School District       146,220,920       717,010       19,133,664       -	Interest on long-term debt		1,736,718		<u> </u>	_	-		<u>-</u>
Central Peninsula Hospital \$ 164,005,542 \$ 171,263,856 \$ - \$ - South Peninsula Hospital 75,238,686 81,690,171 - Exemption 146,220,920 717,010 19,133,664 - Exemption 146,220,920 717,010 19,133,664	Total primary government	\$	115,071,105	\$_	3,850,628	\$_	5,515,029	\$_	4,990,655
South Peninsula Hospital         75,238,686         81,690,171         -         -         -           Kenai Peninsula Borough School District         146,220,920         717,010         19,133,664         -	Component units -								
South Peninsula Hospital         75,238,686         81,690,171         -         -         -           Kenai Peninsula Borough School District         146,220,920         717,010         19,133,664         -	Central Peninsula Hospital	\$	164.005.542	\$	171.263.856	\$	_	\$	_
Kenai Peninsula Borough School District 146,220,920 717,010 19,133,664 -	•	*		*	, ,	*	_	*	_
			, ,				19.133.664		_
	3	\$		\$		\$		\$	-

#### General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Grants not restricted to specific programs

Investment earnings

Payments from Kenai Peninsula Borough

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position (deficit)

Net position (deficit) at beginning of year

Net position (deficit) at end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Prin	nary Government		•		Component Units			
	Governmental Activities	Co	entral Peninsula Hospital	_	South Peninsula Hospital	School District		
\$	(13,238,691) (7,644,045) (15,268,796) (1,800,215) (54,539,855) (2,448) (6,484,025) (1,736,718) (100,714,793)	\$	- - - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - - - -	
	- - - -		7,258,314 - - - 7,258,314	_	6,451,485 - 6,451,485	_	(126,370,246) (126,370,246)	
	67,455,393 32,878,673 5,879,756 4,937,225 - 115,210 111,266,257		55,539 - - - - - - - - - 943,989		4,530,430 - 4,895 441,832 - 27,491 5,004,648	_	85,619,846 1,153,016 49,738,432 169,505 136,680,799	
	10,551,464		8,202,303	-	11,456,133		10,310,553	
	215,871,187		161,918,493		48,527,245		(75,036,435)	
S	226,422,651	\$	170,120,796	\$	59,983,378	\$	(64,725,882)	

Kenai Peninsula Borough Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

<u>Assets</u>	General Fund	Solid Waste Capital Project Fund	Nikiski Fire Service Area Special Revenue Fund
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 1,010	\$ -	\$ 18,540
Equity in central treasury	22,866,941	9,997,147	7,297,868
Receivables (net of allowances for estimated	,,,	-,,	,,,,
uncollectibles):			
Taxes receivable	7,487,470	-	85,602
Accounts receivable  Note receivable short-term	184,691 658,752	- -	68,759
Land sale contracts receivable:	000,702		
Current	-	-	-
Delinquent		-	-
Due from other governments	1,058,966	-	42,717
Due from special assessment districts Due from other funds	1,084,464 338,454	-	-
Prepaids	21,898	-	-
Note receivable long-term	3,019,662	-	-
Land sale contracts receivable -			
Long-term	-	-	-
Restricted assets -		1 002 524	
Equity in central treasury - unspent bond proceeds	<del></del>	1,092,524	<del>-</del>
Total assets	\$ 36,722,308	\$ 11,089,671	\$ 7,513,486
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances</u>			
Liabilities:			
Accounts and retainage payable	1,216,042	111,465	34,077
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits	319,527	511	72,955
Due to other funds	-	-	-
Unearned revenue Total liabilities	3,230 1,538,799	111,976	107,032
Total nabilities	1,330,799	111,970	107,032
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Prepaid property taxes	7,431,569	-	3,049,113
Property tax receivable - unavailable	849,329	-	82,703
Land sales - unavailable Total deferred inflows of resources	8,280,898	<u> </u>	3,131,816
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable:	0.040.000		
Long-term notes receivable Prepaids	3,019,662 21,898	-	-
Restricted:	21,090		
Landfill closure/postclosure costs	-	8,729,484	-
Hazard tree removal program	-	-	-
General government	81,000	-	=
Public safety	=	-	4,274,638
Recreation Education	-	-	-
Solid waste	- -	99,597	- -
Roads	-	-	=
Committed:			
Software upgrades	11,398	-	-
Building maintenance and upgrades	-	-	-
Public safety facilities and equipment Recreational facility maintenance	50,000	-	-
School maintenance and upgrades	-	- -	-
Solid waste facilities	-	2,148,614	-
Road construction and upgrades	-	· -	-
Land development projects	400.007	-	-
General government Assigned:	168,697	-	-
Assigned: Subsequent year's expenditures	4,771,503	_	-
Minimum fund balance policy	15,748,896	-	-
General government	, -,	-	-
Unassigned	3,029,557		
Total fund balances	26,902,611	10,977,695	4,274,638
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 36 722 200	\$ 11 NRQ 671	\$ 7,513,486
Total nation, deferred innows of resources and fully balances	\$ 36,722,308	<u>\$ 11,089,671</u>	φ 1,313,400

Road Service Area Special Revenue Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 5,469,620	\$ 5,489,170
7,198,071	35,681,062	83,041,089
188,793	252,395	8,014,260
658	381,616	635,724
-	-	658,752
-	110,806	110,806
-	69,468	69,468
46,184 -	1,644,203	2,792,070 1,084,464
-	-	338,454
-	-	21,898
-	-	3,019,662
-	496,987	496,987
<u> </u>	2,412,604	3,505,128
\$ 7,433,706	\$ 46,518,761	\$ 109,277,932
559,432	1,863,261	3,784,277
12,613	217,285	622,891
-	338,454 204,560	338,454 207,790
572,045	2,623,560	4,953,412
<u> </u>		
2,110,682	2,202,888	14,794,252
176,424	231,252	1,339,708
2,287,106	<u>677,261</u> 3,111,401	677,261 16,811,221
-	-	3,019,662
-	-	21,898
		0.700.404
-	289,972	8,729,484 289,972
-	456,281	537,281
-	8,391,203 4,347,507	12,665,841
-	1,347,507 2,817,649	1,347,507 2,817,649
-	-,,	99,597
4,574,555	1,560,330	6,134,885
-	238,164	249,562
-	422,542 7,687,802	422,542 7,737,802
-	643,596	643,596
-	1,781,336	1,781,336
-	5,780,193	2,148,614 5,780,193
-	5,549,633	5,549,633
-	4,370	173,067
-	2,057,799	6,829,302
-	- 1,755,423	15,748,896 1,755,423
4,574,555	40,783,800	3,029,557 87,513,299
\$ 7,433,706	\$ 46,518,761	\$ 109,277,932

Kenai Peninsula Borough
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2019

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 87,513,299
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		217,504,440
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and net pension liability are not		
due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in		
the governmental funds:		
Bonds payable \$	(39,920,000)	
Unamortized bond premium	(2,809,425)	
Accrued interest	(808,393)	
Unamortized deferred loss on refunding	298,478	
Landfill closure	(8,729,484)	
Accrued interest subsidy	111,593	
Net pension liability	(36,078,214)	
Net OPEB liability	(7,386,793)	(95,322,238)
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension are applicable to future periods, and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Deferred outflows for pensions	4,528,678	
Deferred inflows for pensions	(905,492)	3,623,186
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to		
other post employment benefit (OPEB) are applicable to future periods, and		
therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Deferred outflows for OPEB	2,756,743	
Deferred inflows for OPEB	(2,929,755)	(173,012)
Some of the Borough's receivables will be collected after year-end and are not		
available soon enough to pay for current period's expenditures and therefore		
are deferred in the governmental funds.		
Property taxes receivable	1,339,708	
Land sales contracts receivable	677,261	2,016,969
	0.1,201	2,010,000
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities		
to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds		
are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.	-	11,260,007
Net position of governmental activities	<u>-</u>	\$ 226,422,651

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Solid Waste Capital Project Fund	Nikiski Fire Service Area Special Revenue Fund
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 40,234,		- \$ 4,965,123
Sales tax	32,878,	,673	-
Intergovernmental:	0.005	000	40.405
Federal	3,965,		- 13,185
State	5,249,		- 127,301
Investment earnings	1,984,	,315 330,91	9 218,475
Interest subsidy		-	-
Other revenues		,852	280,039
Total revenues	85,110,	,383 330,91	9 5,604,123
Expenditures:			
General government	15,209,	,373	
Solid waste	5,800,	,565 1,711,49	4 -
Public safety	705,	,112	- 4,168,700
Recreation		-	_
Education	50,552,	,740	_
Environmental protection		-	-
Roads and trails		-	_
Debt service:			
Principal		-	_
Interest and other		-	-
Total expenditures	72,267,	,790 1,711,49	4,168,700
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	12,842,	,593 (1,380,57	5) 1,435,423
Other financing sources (uses):		4 447 00	4
Transfers in	(0.700	- 1,117,23	
Transfers out	(8,739,		<u>(563,981)</u>
Net other financing sources (uses)	(8,739,	,981) 1,117,23	1 (563,981)
Net change in fund balances	4,102,	,612 (263,34	4) 871,442
Fund balances at beginning of year	22,799,	,999 11,241,03	9 3,403,196
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 26,902,	,611 \$ 10,977,69	5 \$ 4,274,638

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Continued

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Road Service Area Special Revenue Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues: Property taxes	\$	8,239,679	\$	13,962,251	\$	67,401,394	
Sales tax	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	32,878,673	
Intergovernmental:						, , , , , , ,	
Federal		-		2,291,923		6,271,006	
State		35,874		4,185,217		9,597,696	
Investment earnings		272,176		1,355,549		4,161,434	
Interest subsidy		-		274,314		274,314	
Other revenues		8,586		4,058,016		5,144,493	
Total revenues		8,556,315		26,127,270		125,729,010	
Expenditures:							
General government		-		2,139,543		17,348,916	
Solid waste		-		-		7,512,059	
Public safety		-		13,850,246		18,724,058	
Recreation		-		2,134,981		2,134,981	
Education		-		1,087,820		51,640,560	
Environmental protection		-		2,448		2,448	
Roads and trails		6,218,401		4,583,874		10,802,275	
Debt service:							
Principal		-		3,575,000		3,575,000	
Interest and other		_		2,101,138		2,101,138	
Total expenditures		6,218,401		29,475,050		113,841,435	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		2,337,914		(3,347,780)		11,887,575	
Other financing sources (uses):				17.040.040		10 700 517	
Transfers in		(4.750.000)		17,612,316		18,729,547	
Transfers out		(1,750,000)		(7,675,585)		(18,729,547)	
Net other financing sources (uses)	-	(1,750,000)		9,936,731		<del>-</del> _	
Net change in fund balances		587,914		6,588,951		11,887,575	
Fund balances at beginning of year		3,986,641		34,194,849		75,625,724	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	4,574,555	\$	40,783,800	\$	87,513,299	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	11,887,575
ne change in net position reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.		
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets		
are depreciated over their useful lives.		
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 2,942,032	
Assets transferred from the Equipment Replacement Fund	491,915	
Less current year depreciation	(10,399,512)	(6,965,565)
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets		
(i.e. sales, trade-ins and donations) is to increase net position.		143,395
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related tems:		
Principal payments	3,575,000	
Net decrease in bond premium	380,819	
Net decrease in bond deferred loss on refunding	(80,570)	3,875,249
Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities are not reported in governmental funds because they do not provide current financial resources. This adjustment is to recognize the net change in unavailable revenues.		
Property taxes	53,999	
Land sales	(107,800)	
Accrued interest subsidy	(5,410)	(59,211)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Decrease in accrued interest	64,171	
Increase in landfill closure cost	(950,788)	(886,617)
Changes related to net pension liability and related accounts can increase or		
decrease net position. This is the net increase in equity due to changes in		
net pension liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows.		2,923,906
Changes related to net OPEB liability and related accounts can increase or		
decrease net position. This is the net increase in equity due to changes in		
net OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows.		302,164
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost		
of certain activities to individual funds. The change in net position of		
internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	_	(669,432)
Change in net position of governmental activities	9	10,551,464

#### General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts		variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 40,139,265	\$ 40,139,265	\$ 40,234,341	\$ 95,076
Sales tax	30,578,706	30,578,706	32,878,673	2,299,967
Intergovernmental	7,130,064	9,046,818	9,215,202	168,384
Investment earnings	685,000	685,000	1,984,315	1,299,315
Other	1,100,000	1,100,000	797,852	(302,148)
Total revenues	79,633,035	81,549,789	85,110,383	3,560,594
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Assembly:	045.000	000 004	0.40, 407	70.044
Personnel	915,086	928,331	848,487	79,844
Supplies	31,685	31,684	16,563	15,121
Services	510,114	498,647	422,576	76,071
Capital outlay	2,000	22,017	19,132	2,885
Total assembly	1,458,885	1,480,679	1,306,758	173,921
Mayor:				
Personnel	716,258	739,343	698,283	41,060
Supplies	3,500	3,710	1,462	2,248
Services	60,300	58,890	49,510	9,380
Capital outlay	1,200	2,400	1,923	477
Total mayor	781,258	804,343	751,178	53,165
Purchasing and contracting:				
Personnel	541,477	573,772	515,459	58,313
Supplies	6,666	8,766	3,600	5,166
Services	79,614	77,514	48,874	28,640
Capital outlay	4,900	4,900	3,894	1,006
Total purchasing and contracting	632,657	664,952	571,827	93,125
Human resources:				
Personnel	863,518	884,969	760,730	124,239
Supplies	20,753	20,924	16,600	4,324
Services	155,984	150,596	133,997	16,599
Capital outlay	6,786	16,746	15,895	851
Total human resources	1,047,041	1,073,235	927,222	146,013
Information technology:	4.040.000	4 000 050	4 550 705	440.000
Personnel	1,613,320	1,669,358	1,550,725	118,633
Supplies	39,555	34,081	22,741	11,340
Services	361,843	342,817	292,880	49,937
Capital outlay  Total information technology	22,833 2,037,551	<u>47,333</u> 2,093,589	45,961 1,912,307	1,372 181,282
Legal:			.,0:2,00:	,
Personnel	787,424	815,249	776,547	38,702
Supplies	2,950	2,300	1,630	670
Services	205,841	394,238	277,994	116,244
Capital outlay				
Total legal	997,015	900 1,212,687	761 1,056,932	139 155,755
Finance:		· ·	· ·	,
Personnel	2,530,977	2,600,488	2,434,140	166,348
Supplies	15,650	16,241	15,606	635
Services	647,341	696,013	555,785	140,228
Capital outlay	2,975	8,258	7,401	857
Total finance	3,196,943	3,321,000	3,012,932	308,068
TOTAL IIITALICE	3,190,943	3,321,000	3,012,932	300,008

(Continued)

Variance

#### General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Variance

		Budgeted	l Amour	ıts				ranance Positive
		Original	7411041	Final		Actual		Negative)
General government expenditures, continued:								- January
Assessing:								
Personnel	\$	2,907,250	\$	3,001,138	\$	2,695,747	\$	305,391
Supplies		8,500		9,600		8,599		1,001
Services		360,002		357,427		323,612		33,815
Capital outlay		11,330		12,805		12,132		673
Total assessing		3,287,082		3,380,970		3,040,090		340,880
Planning:								
Personnel		2,209,358		2,266,491		1,840,324		426,167
Supplies		52,250		50,910		24,369		26,541
Services		397,509		397,223		286,749		110,474
Capital outlay		14,500		21,526		19,911		1,615
Total planning		2,673,617		2,736,150		2,171,353		564,797
Economic development:								
Services		300,000		300,000		300,000		-
Total economic development		300,000		300,000		300,000		_
Non-departmental:	-							
Personnel		50,000		49,000		11,021		37,979
Services		41,075		41,075		146,786		(105,711)
Capital		41,073		1,000		966		34
Total non-departmental		91,075		91,075		158,773	-	(67,698)
Total general government		16,503,124		17,158,680	-	15,209,372		1,949,308
•	-	10,303,124	-	17,130,000		13,209,372		1,949,500
Solid waste:		0.007.577		0.000.500		4 005 504		447.005
Personnel		2,037,577		2,082,536		1,965,531		117,005
Supplies		334,782		364,857		344,989		19,868
Services		3,644,193		3,630,990		3,487,230		143,760
Capital outlay				2,816		2,816		
Total solid waste	-	6,016,552		6,081,199		5,800,566		280,633
Public safety:								
Personnel		516,929		533,521		484,762		48,759
Supplies		23,800		20,300		19,513		787
Services		245,906		240,795		182,618		58,177
Capital outlay		14,346		22,957		18,219		4,738
Total public safety		800,981		817,573		705,112		112,461
Education:								
School District contributions		49,738,432		49,738,432		49,738,432		-
Post secondary education		820,685		817,755		814,308		3,447
Total education		50,559,117		50,556,187		50,552,740		3,447
Total expenditures		73,879,774		74,613,639		72,267,790		2,345,849
Excess of revenues over expenditures		5,753,261		6,936,150		12,842,593		5,906,443
Other financing courses (uses):								
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out		(5,704,543)		(7,079,543)		(8,739,981)		(1,660,438)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(5,704,543)		(7,079,543)		(8,739,981)		(1,660,438)
Net changes in fund balance		48,718		(143,393)		4,102,612		4,246,005
Fund balance at beginning of year		22,799,999		22,799,999		22,799,999		_
g g ,	<u> </u>		•	22,656,606	<b>•</b>	26,902,611	•	4,246,005
Fund balance at end of year	φ	22,848,717	\$	22,030,000	\$	20,302,011	\$	4,240,000

Nikiski Fire Service Area Special Revenue Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance Positive		
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
General property taxes	\$ 4,918,960	\$ 4,918,960	\$ 4,914,231	\$ (4,729)		
Motor vehicle tax	54,093	54,093	50,892	(3,201)		
Intergovernmental:						
Federal	-	13,185	13,185	-		
State	-	116,066	127,301	11,235		
Investment earnings	48,767	48,767	218,475	169,708		
Other revenues	300,000	300,000	280,039	(19,961)		
Total revenues	5,321,820	5,451,071	5,604,123	153,052		
Expenditures:						
Public safety:						
Personnel	3,477,082	3,593,148	3,235,095	358,053		
Supplies	287,500	287,500	177,942	109,558		
Services	760,334	760,479	643,050	117,429		
Capital outlay	162,975	169,375	112,613	56,762		
Total expenditures	4,687,891	4,810,502	4,168,700	641,802		
Excess (deficiency) of reven	II QC					
over expenditures	633,929	640,569	1,435,423	794,854		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out	(563,981)	(563,981)	(563,981)			
Net change in fund balance	69,948	76,588	871,442	794,854		
Fund balance at beginning of ye	ar <u>3,403,196</u>	3,403,196	3,403,196			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,473,144	\$ 3,479,784	\$ 4,274,638	\$ 794,854		

Road Service Area Special Revenue Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
General property taxes	\$ 8,118,016	\$ 8,118,016	\$ 8,099,643	\$ (18,373)		
Motor vehicle tax	144,363	144,363	140,036	(4,327)		
Intergovernmental:						
State	-	35,874	35,874	-		
Investment earnings	41,288	41,288	272,176	230,888		
Other revenues	-		8,586	8,586		
Total revenues	8,303,667	8,339,541	8,556,315	216,774		
Expenditures:						
Roads and trails:						
Personnel	1,085,356	1,123,230	949,858	173,372		
Supplies	78,250	78,250	50,080	28,170		
Services	5,219,105	5,282,442	5,216,563	65,879		
Capital outlay	2,500	2,500	1,900	600		
Total expenditures	6,385,211	6,486,422	6,218,401	268,021		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	es					
over expenditures	1,918,456	1,853,119	2,337,914	484,795		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out	(1,750,000)	(1,750,000)	(1,750,000)			
Net change in fund balance	168,456	103,119	587,914	484,795		
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,986,641	3,986,641	3,986,641			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 4,155,097	\$ 4,089,760	\$ 4,574,555	\$ 484,795		

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 69,975
Equity in central treasury	15,545,112
	15,615,087
Other receivables	162,478
Total current assets	15,777,565
Comital accepta	
Capital assets:	2 446 644
Equipment	2,416,644 (808,757)
Less accumulated depreciation  Total capital assets (net of	(606,737)
accumulated depreciation)	1,607,887
·	
Total assets	17,385,452
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts and contracts payable	140,939
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits	9,055
Claims payable	3,062,132
Compensated absences	728,330
Total current liabilities	3,940,456
Noncurrent liabilities - Compensated absences	2,184,989
Total liabilities	6,125,445
Net Position	
Investment in capital assets	1,607,887
Unrestricted	9,652,120
Total net position	<u>\$ 11,260,007</u>

Proprietary Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:	
Charges for sales and services	\$ 13,783,317
Intergovernemental state revenues - PERS on-behalf contribution	12,521
Total operating revenues	13,795,838
Operating expenses:	
Administrative services	3,215,548
Insurance premiums	2,791,383
Self-insured losses	8,020,971
Depreciation	490,349
Total operating expenses	14,518,251
Operating income (loss)	(722,413)
Non-operating revenues (expense):	
Investment earnings	506,885
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	(491,916)
Other	38,012
Net non-operating revenues (expense)	52,981
Change in net position	(669,432)
Net position at beginning of year	11,929,439
Net position at end of year	\$ 11,260,007

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 13,783,317
Payments to suppliers	(10,849,382)
Payments to employees	(2,665,979)
Other program revenue - PERS on-behalf	12,521
Net cash provided by operating activities	280,477
Cash flows for capital and related financing activities:	
Purchase of capital assets	(752,306)
Insurance proceeds received for liability claim	38,012
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	(714,294)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Investment earnings	506,885
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	73,068
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	15,542,019
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 15,615,087
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents	
to Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and short-term investments	69,975
Equity in central treasury	15,545,112
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 15,615,087
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (722,413)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	100.010
Depreciation expense	490,349
Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in prepaids	79,104
(Increase) decrease in prepaids (Increase) decrease in other receivables	205,657
Increase (decrease) in accounts and contracts payable	(102,917)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and payroll benefits	3,710
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	299,184
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	27,803
Total adjustments	1,002,890
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 280,477

# Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Fund Assets & Liabilities June 30, 2019

		Agency Funds
<u>Assets</u>		
Equity in central treasury	\$	885,974
Taxes receivable		146,104
Due from landowners		1,031,442
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	2,063,520
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Administration fee payable		80,972
Due to landowners		409,854
Loans payable		1,141,486
Due to other entities:		
City of Homer		77,450
City of Kachemak City		2,026
City of Kenai		275,685
City of Seldovia		14,189
City of Seward		30,251
City of Soldotna		31,607
Total liabilities	\$	2,063,520

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## **INDEX TO NOTES**

This is a summary of significant accounting policies and other notes to the financial statements necessary for adequate disclosure.

NO	<u>E</u>	PAGE	
I.	Sum	mary of Significant Accounting Policies	47
	A.	Reporting Entity	
	_	Discretely Presented Component Units	
	B.	Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements	
	C. D.	Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation .  Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position	
	υ.	1. Deposits and Investments	_
		Receivables and Payables	
		3. Inventories	
		4. Prepaid Items	
		5. Restricted Assets	50
		6. Capital Assets	
		7. Compensated Absences	
		8. Long-Term Obligations	
		9. Fund Balances and Fund Balance Flow Assumptions	
		10. Minimum Fund Balance Policy	
		12. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources	
		13. Encumbrances	
		14. Pensions and Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)	
		15. Estimates	
II.	Stev	vardship, Compliance and Accountability	54
	A.	Budgetary Information	54
III.	Deta	iled Notes on All Funds	55
	Α.	Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure	55
	В.	Property Taxes	
	C.	Receivables	
	D.	Deferred Inflows or Resources, Outflows and Unearned Revenues	
	E. F.	Capital Assets	
	г. G.	Risk Management	
	О. Н.	Long-Term Liabilities	
	Ι.	Commitments and Contingencies	
		1. Loss Contingencies	
		2. Grants	70
	J.	Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits Plans	71
		State of Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System	
	Κ.	Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost	
	L.	New Accounting Pronouncements	84

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of the Kenai Peninsula Borough (the Borough) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Borough's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Kenai Peninsula Borough was incorporated January 1, 1964, under the provisions of the State of Alaska Borough Act of 1961 as a second-class borough. The Borough operates under an elected nonpartisan Mayor-Assembly form of government. The Mayor is elected at-large for a three-year term. Legislative power is vested in the 9-member assembly with executive and administrative power vested with the Mayor. The Borough provides the following areawide services: assessment and collection of taxes for the Borough and cities within the Borough, planning and zoning, solid waste disposal, education, senior citizen funding, emergency management, 911 communications, post secondary education, and general administrative services. Non-areawide services provided by service areas include: hospital, fire protection, recreation, emergency medical and ambulance, senior citizen, and road maintenance and economic development. The Borough also provides tourism promotion, ports and harbor authority (not currently exercised), and special assessment authority for utility line extensions and road improvement districts on a non-areawide basis. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Kenai Peninsula Borough (the primary government) and its component units. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The Borough is reporting three discrete component units, The Kenai Peninsula Borough School District (the School District), South Peninsula Hospital (SPH), and Central Peninsula Hospital (CPH). The School District, SPH and CPH are each discretely presented in a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Borough.

The School District is governed by an independently elected board; however the School District is fiscally dependent on the primary government because the Borough Assembly approves the total budget of the School District, approves the tax levy to support the budget, approves and pays any debt issuance and the Borough retains all ownership of real property. Complete financial statements of the School District can be obtained from the School District's Business Office at 148 N. Binkley, Soldotna, Alaska, 99669; phone number (907) 714-8888.

South Peninsula Hospital and Central Peninsula Hospital are each governed by independently elected boards; however, they are also fiscally dependent on the primary government because the Assembly approves the service area budget, approves the tax levy to support the budget and must approve any debt issuance. A financial benefit and burden relationship exists as well for both hospitals; the Borough is entitled to the hospital resources and assets as owners of the hospitals as well as an obligation to assume the debt of the organization, upon default. Separate financial statements can be obtained at South Peninsula Hospital, 4300 Bartlett, Homer, Alaska, 99603 and at Central Peninsula Hospital, 250 Hospital Place, Soldotna, Alaska, 99669.

On April 7, 2016, Central Peninsula Health Foundation (the Foundation), filed a certificate of amendment with the State of Alaska changing its nonprofit status to that of a supporting organization of Central Peninsula Hospital. The Hospital has paid various expenses on behalf of the Foundation, and leased employees to the Foundation to sustain its operations. The Foundation is reported as a blended component unit of the Hospital because it provides services and benefits almost exclusively for the Hospital.

#### **B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Borough does not have any business-type activities. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Borough in a trustee capacity or as an agent for others. Activities from fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the Borough cannot use these assets for its operations.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function of governmental activities. Program revenues include: 1) fees, fines and charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from, goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds. The internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The Borough's only fiduciary funds are its agency funds. Agency funds have no measurement focus but follow the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means that amounts can be reasonably determined within the current period. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Major revenues susceptible to accrual include sales tax and property taxes levied and due in the current year even though a portion of the taxes may be collected in the subsequent year. Penalty on sales taxes and interest on delinquent taxes are considered measurable when paid and are recognized as revenue at that time. Intergovernmental revenues received as reimbursement for specific purposes or projects are recognized in the period the expenditures are incurred. Intergovernmental

revenue received but not yet earned is recorded as unearned revenue. Property taxes received prior to the period for which they are used are recorded as deferred inflows of resources. In subsequent periods, when the Borough has legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred inflows is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Revenue from land sale contracts receivable is deferred until the receivables are collected. Expenditures are recorded when the fund liability is incurred. The exceptions to this general rule are principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due and compensated absences, pensions, and other post-employment benefits.

The Borough reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Borough's primary operating fund which accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Solid Waste Capital Project Fund accounts for unspent bond proceeds, operating transfers in, interest earnings, and acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the solid waste program.

The Nikiski Fire Service Area Special Revenue Fund accounts for property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest earnings, other revenues - ambulance fees, and operating expenditures of the Nikiski Fire Service Area.

The Road Service Area Special Revenue Fund accounts for property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest earnings, other revenues - ambulance fees, and operating expenditures of the Road Service Area.

The Borough does not report solid waste activity as an enterprise fund due to the fact that the activity is substantially funded by the General Fund and only a small portion by user fees. Effective July 1, 2010, to comply with GASB 54 requirements, solid waste activity is being reported in the General Fund.

Additionally, the Borough reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for risk management, health insurance, and equipment replacement services provided to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis, and employee compensated leave.

The Agency Funds account for tax collection services provided to other governments located within the Kenai Peninsula Borough and for utility special assessment districts billing and collections.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The Borough does not use an indirect cost allocation system.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance and Net Position

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

The Borough utilizes a central treasury to aggregate cash from all funds, the School District, CPH and SPH for cash management and investment purposes. Each fund has an account titled "equity in central treasury" which is the cash balance of that particular fund. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the central treasury has equity therein. Interest income on investments is allocated monthly to participating funds based on their average equity balance during the month. At June 30, 2019, investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value.

The Borough Code of Ordinances authorizes investment in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, its

agencies and instrumentalities, bankers' acceptances of the fifty largest banks, investment grade corporate bonds, highly rated commercial paper, repurchase agreements, fully collateralized certificates of deposit, money market mutual funds, highly rated bonds and notes issued by a state or political subdivision thereof, and the Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool, Inc. The Borough ordinance places limitations on maturity of investments, and Borough investment procedures limit the level of investment type.

The Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool, Inc. (AMLIP) was created during 1993 under A.S. 37.23 and the Kenai Peninsula Borough Assembly passed an ordinance authorizing participation in the AMLIP. The AMLIP is a nonprofit corporation organized to manage, administer and invest funds of participating public entities.

"Cash and Short-Term Investments" is used to account for petty cash, cash held in bank accounts and investments for certain Borough Funds, School District Funds and Hospitals.

The central treasury, which holds cash and investments, is used essentially as a cash management pool by each fund.

For purposes of the statements of cash flows for the Internal Service Funds, the Borough has defined cash as the demand deposits and all investments maintained in the central treasury (regardless of maturity period), because the funds use the pool essentially as a demand deposit account.

#### 2. Receivables and Payables

All outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are reported as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 2.5% of the current year personal property tax levy.

#### 3. Inventories

The Borough maintains custody of the maintenance inventory reported on the School District financial statements. These inventories consist of expendable supplies, to repair and maintain schools or other district locations. The cost of inventory items is included in expenditures when issued to schools from the central warehouse or issued for consumption.

#### 4. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2019 are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaids are recognized when incurred and the expenditure is recorded in the period that is benefited using the consumption method.

#### 5. Restricted Assets

Restricted cash and investments are held in capital project funds and are restricted because their use is limited by bond covenant.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. The Borough has established a capitalization threshold of

\$5,000. Only infrastructure assets acquired by the Borough after July 1, 1980, are reported. All purchased capital assets are valued at historical cost. Donated works of art and similar items are valued at their acquisition value on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related asset. Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	10-50
Improvements other than buildings	10-50
Infrastructure	10-50
Vehicles	7-10
Equipment	5-10

### 7. Compensated Absences

The Borough and Service Areas recognize a liability for the net amount of accrued vacation. Accumulated vacation may be received in cash, subject to certain restrictions. The obligation of accumulated unpaid personal leave amounts to \$2,913,319 at June 30, 2019. Of the total accumulated unpaid vacation at June 30, 2019, \$728,330 is expected to be paid out within one year; this is an increase of \$6,951 from June 30, 2018. An internal service fund, Employee Compensated Leave Fund, was established to account for resources accumulated to provide for compensated absences for the Borough's governmental activities. The Borough does not accrue a liability for non-vested sick leave, payable only in the event of employee absence due to illness. That amount is \$216,001 at June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$48,339 from June 30, 2018.

#### 8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued and any bond premium are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance cost, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, is reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 9. Fund Balances and Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form; prepaid items or long-term receivables; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of fund balances comprises the four remaining classifications: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance – This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal ordinances of the Borough Assembly, the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Assembly rescinds or modifies the commitment through the ordinance process, the same formal action used to create the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance – This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the Borough's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Borough Assembly has delegated the assignment ability to the Finance Director through Resolution 2011–067. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in the governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance – This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Borough's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned.

#### 10. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

In 2001, the Kenai Peninsula Borough Assembly established a formal fund balance policy affecting the General Fund, annually budgeted special revenue funds and general government capital project funds. The policy is established for the purpose of maintaining the Borough's credit worthiness, providing liquidity and protecting essential Borough programs and requirements during periods of economic downturn or catastrophic loss. The policy sets both minimum and maximum levels and are reported as assigned unrestricted fund balance; these commitments can only be changed or lifted by the Assembly taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally, which was approved by Resolution 2001-045 and later updated by Resolution 2017-031.

#### 11. Net Position and Net Position Flow Assumptions

Net position represents the residual interest in the Borough's assets and deferred outflows of resources after liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are deducted and consists of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets include capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding debt incurred to acquire, construct, or improve those capital assets, excluding unexpended proceeds. The restricted category represents the balance of assets restricted for general use by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position consists of the net position not meeting the definition of either of the other two components.

Sometimes the Borough will fund outlays for a purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Borough's policy to consider restricted net position to have been developed before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### 12. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to futures period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. In the government-wide statements deferred outflows of resources consist of deferred charges on debt refundings as well as certain pension and OPEB related accounts. Deferred inflows of resources reported on the government wide statements consist of property taxes received in advance as well as certain pension and OPEB related accounts, while, deferred inflows of resources reported on the governmental funds consist of long-term payments due (assessments).

#### 13. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the Borough's governmental funds. Encumbrances, if any, outstanding at year-end are reported as appropriate constraints of fund balance if they meet the criteria and definitions outlined in the fund balance section of these notes.

Significant encumbrances exceeding \$100,000 as of June 30, 2019 were:

	Major Funds	Nonmajor
Description/Program	Solid Waste Capital Project Fund	Other Gov't Funds
Public Safety Facilities and equipment Roads/paths construction and upgrades Solid waste facilities	\$ - - 713,195	\$ 994,448 2,422,854 ————————————————————————————————————
Total	\$ <u>713,195</u>	\$ <u>3,417,302</u>

#### 14. Pensions and Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 15. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reporting amounts of assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### II - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

#### A. Budgetary Information

The budgetary data presented in the financial statements is reflective of the following procedure:

Before May 15<sup>th</sup> of each year, the Borough Mayor submits to the Borough Assembly a proposed budget for the next fiscal year of the Borough. The Assembly then conducts public hearings to obtain taxpayer comment. These budgets are legally enacted by passage of an ordinance and the mill levies are established. Alaska law mandates that tax levies be adopted no later than midnight of June 14 each year.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except certain special revenue funds which are grant and project funded and capital project funds, which adopt project-length budgets. Special revenue funds that are not budgeted for are the Land Trust Investment Fund, Environmental Protection Program Fund, Disaster Relief Fund, and Miscellaneous Grants Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal yearend.

Annual budgets are also adopted for the internal service funds. However, generally accepted accounting principles do not require the reporting of budgets for internal service funds, and budgetary comparisons are not included for these funds because the measurement focus is based upon determination of net income and financial position.

The legal level of control is at the fund level. The Mayor may transfer unencumbered balances within a fund, which is then reported to the Assembly on a monthly basis. After the initial introduction at any meeting of the assembly of an ordinance, other than an emergency ordinance or one that adds to, amends, or repeals any provision in the Kenai Peninsula Borough Code, at least 13 days shall be allowed to pass before the public hearing and Assembly vote occurs. For ordinances that add to, amend, or repeal any provision in the Kenai Peninsula Borough Code, at least 25 days shall be allowed to pass before the public hearing and Assembly vote occurs. Emergency appropriations to meet public emergencies affecting life, health, welfare, or property may be made by the Assembly by ordinance without notice of public hearing. An emergency appropriation is effective for 60 days.

The Kenai Peninsula Borough School Board is required by Alaska law to adopt and submit their annual budget to the Kenai Peninsula Borough Assembly by May 1 of each year for approval by the Assembly of the total amount. Within 30 days after receipt of the School District budget, the Borough Assembly must determine the total amount of funds to be made available from local sources for school purposes and must furnish the Board of Education with a statement of this amount.

#### III - Detailed Notes on all Funds

#### A. Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure

As of June 30, 2019, the Borough, School District, CPH and SPH's investments were as follows:

		Fixed Income Investment Maturities (in years)			
Investment Type	Fair Value*	Less than 1	1-3	3-5	
Central Treasury					
Unrestricted:					
Money Market Funds	\$ 11,843,766	\$ 11,843,766	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ -	
Repurchase Agreements	11,474,296	11,474,296	-	-	
U.S. Treasuries	22,724,369	-	22,724,369	-	
U.S. Agencies	27,089,039	-	15,142,532	11,946,507	
Asset-Backed Securities**	7,164,591	-	3,748,002	3,416,589	
Municipal Bonds	23,927,162	8,645,884	12,804,029	2,477,249	
Corporate Fixed Income					
Bonds	49,807,797	24,477,145	19,644,733	5,685,919	
	\$ 154,031,020	\$ 56,441,091	\$ 74,063,665	\$ 23,526,264	
Central Treasury-Restricted:					
Money Market Funds	1,344,608	1,344,608	-	-	
Repurchase Agreements	18,919,498	18,919,498	-	-	
AMLIP	31,840,820	30,840,820	-	-	
U.S. Treasuries	10,612,603	10,612,603	-	-	
U.S. Agencies	7,586,351	7,586,351	=	-	
	\$ 70,303,880	\$ 70,303,880	-		
Total Central Treasury					
Investments	\$ 224,334,900	\$ 126,744,971	\$ 74,063,665	\$ 23,526,264	
Land Trust Investment Fund					
(LTIF)-Restricted:					
Money Market Funds	333,579	333,579			
U.S. Fixed Income	1,351,964	1,351,964			
TIPS	540,054	540,054			
International Bonds	216,307	216,307			
Equities	2,547,914	2,547,914			
Alternatives/real assets	427,167	427,167			
Total LTIF Cash and					
Investments	\$ 5,416,985	\$ 5,416,985			
Total Central Treasury & LTIF					
Investments	\$ 229,751,885	\$ 132,161,956	\$ 74,063,665	\$ 23,526,264	

<sup>\*</sup>Market value plus accrued income.

The Borough has adopted a formal investment policy, which seeks the preservation of capital, maintaining a sufficient level of liquidity to meet cash flow requirements, and attaining a market rate of return while taking into account risk constraints.

The Land Trust Investment Fund "(LTIF") was established through Ordinance 2018-29 in September 2018, KPB 5.20.080. A transfer of \$5,275,000 from the Land Trust Fund established the initial principle investment in the fund. The financial assets of the Land Trust Investment Fund are essentially an endowment intended to preserve the value of land assets that are sold and to generate investment income to support and supplement the operating revenue of the Land Trust Fund and for other uses as determined by the Assembly.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes asset-backed securities, residential and commercial mortgage-backed securities.

**Fair Value Measurement:** The Borough categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Borough has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

#### **Investments Measured at Fair Value**

		Fair Value Measurement Using			
Investments by Fair Value Level Fair Value		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Money Market	\$ 13,521,952	\$ 12,177,345	\$ 1,344,607	\$ -	
U.S. Treasuries	33,336,972	33,336,972	-	-	
U.S. Agencies	34,675,391	-	34,675,391	-	
Asset-Backed					
Securities	7,164,591	-	7,164,591	-	
Municipal Bonds	23,927,162	-	23,927,162	-	
Corporate Bonds	49,807,797	-	49,807,797	-	
U.S. Fixed Income	1,351,964	1,351,964	-	-	
TIPS	540,054	540,054	-	-	
International					
Bonds	216,307	216,307	-	-	
Equities	2,547,914	2,547,914	-	-	
Alternatives/real assets	s 427,167	427,167	-	-	
Total Investments at fair value level	167 517 271	\$ 50,597,723	¢ 116 010 648	ď _	
rair value level	167,517,271	\$ 50,597,723	\$ 116,919,648	<u> </u>	
AMLIP *	31,840,820				
Repurchase Agreement					
Total Central Treasury and					
LTIF investments	\$ 229,751,885				

<sup>\*</sup> The Borough's investment in AMLIP is measured at amortized cost, as of June 30, 2019. Management believes these values approximate fair value.

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The AMLIP is an external investment pool, which is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's Corporation for credit risk purposes. Alaska Statute 37.23 establishes regulatory oversight of the pool. The law sets forth numerous requirements regarding authorized investments and reporting. On a monthly basis the investments in the pool are reviewed for fair value by an independent pricing service. The values of investments in the AML pool are approximately equal to fair value.

**Interest Rate Risk:** To limit its interest rate risk the Borough's investment policy recommends that a minimum of forty percent of the portfolio to be invested for one year or less and repurchase agreements shall not make up more than twenty percent of the portfolio. Investment maturities are limited as follows:

	Target	Actual
<u>Maturity</u>	<b>Maturity Level</b>	<u>Investment</u>
One Year or Less	40%	54%
One to Three Years	30%	25%
Three to Five Years	30%	21%

The fair values of the Borough's Land Trust Investment Fund fixed income investments fluctuate in response to changes in market interest rates. Increases in prevailing interest rates generally translate into decreases in fair values of those instruments. Fair values of interest rate sensitive instruments may be affected by the creditworthiness of the issuer, prepayment options, relative values of alternative investments, the liquidity of the instrument, and other general market conditions. Duration of a financial asset measures the sensitivity of the asset's price to changes in interest rates. The benchmark index for the US fixed income component of the fund is the Bloomberg Barclays US Aggregate Bond Index or a substantially similar index for the benchmark. The index allows for maturities greater than 1 year. At June 30, 2019 the index had an average duration of 5.73 while the fund's fixed income component had an average duration of 5.69.

**Option Risk:** Option risk is the risk that an investment's issuer may exercise a right embedded in the investment—an embedded option. The Borough invests in securities issued by U.S. Government Agencies and highly rated corporate issuers that may contain call options or variable rate features. As of June 30, 2019, about \$2 million or .01% of the portfolio securities contain call options and about \$1.54 million or .008% of the portfolio securities have variable rate features. The exercise of the call option by the issuer occurs during times of declining interest rates; therefore the Borough is exposed to the risk of having to reinvest at a lower interest rate. If call options were exercised at the first or next possible call date, all of the callable securities would mature in less than one year. The agency securities are listed below at their earliest call dates. Three agency mortgage backed securities have a variable rate feature in which the rate remains fixed until a time when certain events could transpire. The coupon rate established at the time the security was structured is based on the blended rate of the underlying mortgage loans that were pooled together to make the security. The pool of loans contains underlying mortgages at different rates of interest. If a majority of the higher interest rate loans were paid off at a faster pace than the lower interest rate loans, to the point that the coupon rate of the security would no longer be able to support the stated blended rate of the underlying mortgage loans, then the coupon would be adjusted lower to reflect the lower income stream on the remaining mortgage loans. The adjustment, if it were to occur, would be relatively minor and is probably unlikely.

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Type of Option	<b>Original Maturity</b>	<b>Next Call Date</b>
Federal Home Bank	2.7%	One-time call	July 30, 2021	January 30, 2020
Federal National Mtg Assn	2.678%	Variable rate	May 25, 2021	n/a
Federal National Mtg Assn	2.509%	Variable rate	July 25, 2022	n/a
Federal Home Loan Mtg Assn	2.566%	Variable rate	September 25, 2020	n/a

**Concentration of Credit Risk:** The Borough's investment policy limits the amount that can be invested in a security based on the type. The Borough had one issuer in the U.S. Agencies investment type that represents 5% or more of the total investments other than explicitly guaranteed U.S. government securities. GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3" requires disclosure when 5% or more is invested in any one issuer. The investment in the Federal National Mortgage Association is 7.16% of the 14.0% of the U.S. Agencies investment type. The percentages of investment by type are as follows:

	Maximum			
	Maximum	Maturity per	Actual % as	
	Allowable % per	Investment	of June 30,	
Investment Type	<b>Investment Policy</b>	<u>Policy</u>	<u> 2019</u>	
U.S. Treasury Securities	100%	5 years	16.2%	
U.S. Agencies	100%	5 years	14.0%	
Corporate Bonds	50%	5 years	14.1%	
Municipal Bonds	25%	5 years	22.2%	
Repurchase agreements	20%	n/a	13.5%	
Money Market Funds	20%	n/a	5.8%	
AMLIP	20%	n/a	14.2%	
Bankers' Acceptances	10%	3 years	0%	
Commercial Paper	25%	270 days	0%	
Term Repurchase Agreeme	ents and Certificates of D	Deposit:		
7-day term or shorter	25%	n/a	0%	
Greater than 7-day term	25%	3 years	0%	

The following is a list of asset classes allowed for the Land Trust Investment Fund, their benchmark index, their appropriate target weighting, minimum, maximum, and the actual weighting at June 30, 2019.

	Target %	Minimum %		Actual %
Asset Class	<b>Weighting</b>	<u>Weighting</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	<b>Weighting</b>
FIXED INCOME	45%			
Cash	5%	0%	10%	6.1%
U.S. Fixed Income	25%	15%	35%	25.0%
TIPS	10%	5%	15%	10.0%
International Bonds	5%	0%	10%	4.0%
EQUITY	47%			
U.S. Large-Cap Equity	22%	12%	32%	21.8%
U.S. Mid-Cap Equity	7%	0%	15%	7.1%
U.S. Small-Cap Equity	3%	0%	6%	3.1%
International Developed Equity	10%	5%	15%	10.0%
<b>Emerging Markets Equity</b>	5%	0%	10%	5.0%
ALTERNATIVES	8%			
Real Estate	2%	0%	5%	1.9%
Infrastructure	3%	0%	6%	3.0%
Commodities	3%	0%	6%	3.0%

**Credit Risk:** Alaska State Law does not have specific investment limitations. It is the Borough's policy to limit its investments to investment grade securities. Investment grade corporate bonds are defined as those with a rating of "triple B" or higher by a nationally recognized statistical rating

organization (NRSROs). In the event an issuer of a corporate bond held in the portfolio having a remaining term to maturity of more than one year is downgraded to less than "triple B" by both Moody's and S&P, the security will be sold. Commercial paper must be rated "A" or P1 or higher by Moody's Investor's Service, Inc. and "A" or A1 or higher by Standard and Poor's Corporation at the time of purchase. Municipal bonds issued by states or political subdivisions must be rated "A" or P1 or higher by Moody's Investor's Services, Inc. and "A" or A1 or higher by Standard and Poor's Corporation.

As of June 30, 2019 the Borough's investments in money market funds, corporate bonds, municipal bonds, and U.S. Government agencies or instruments implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government were rated as follows:

Mod	dy's	S 8	ιP
Aaa	54%	AAA	22%
Aa	21%	AA	50%
Α	5%	Α	6%
Not rated*	20%	Not Rated*	22%
	100%		100%

<sup>\*</sup>Collateralized

The Bloomberg Barclays US Aggregate Bond Index is utilized as the benchmark by the Borough's Land Trust Investment Fund investment policy, which requires investment in securities of investment grade or higher (rated Baa or higher by Moody's Investor Service or rated BBB or higher by Standard and Poor's). At June 30, 2019 all fixed income investments were rated BBB or better by Standard and Poor's.

**Custodial Credit Risk:** Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. To limit custodial credit risk, it is the Borough's policy to collateralize all monies deposited in excess of the FDIC limit. All pledged collateral for the Kenai Peninsula Borough must be held in a collateral custodian account of the Kenai Peninsula Borough under a formal tri-party agreement. Of the Borough's \$30.4 million in repurchase agreements at June 30, 2019, \$30.15 million of underlying securities are pledged to the Borough by the Bank. This collateral is owned by the Bank and held by the third-party custodian. The remaining balance of \$.25 million is in the Borough's overnight sweep account and the funds have not been posted to the Borough's bank account. When received, the funds will be collateralized. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insures \$250,000.

Cash and short-term investment balances at June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

	<b>Carrying Amount</b>	<b>Bank Balance</b>
Cash and short-term investments held in central treasury: Checking accounts:		
Primary Government	\$ (1,140,751)	\$ 253,864
Discretely Presented Component Unit (School Distri		
Total cash and short-term investments held in central treasury	( <u>3,202,886</u> )	<u>253,864</u>
Other cash and investments:		
Checking and savings accounts:		
Primary Government	140,050	141,287
Cash on hand:		
Primary Government	2,110	
Total other cash and short-term investments	142,160	141,287
Total cash and short-term investments	\$ ( <u>3,060,726</u> )	\$ <u>395,151</u>

The following is a summary of equity in central treasury and investments at June 30, 2019:

General Fund (major fund) Special revenue funds (major funds) Special revenue funds Capital projects funds (major fund) Capital project funds Capital project funds – Restricted (major fund) Capital project funds – Restricted Internal service funds	\$	22,866,941 14,495,939 16,466,933 9,997,147 19,214,129 1,092,524 2,412,604 15,545,112		
Total Governmental Activities equity in central treasury	\$	102,091,329		
Fiduciary funds	\$	885,974		
Discretely Presented Component Units School District agency funds School District Central Peninsula Hospital Central Peninsula Hospital – Restricted assets Central Peninsula Hospital – Assets whose use is limited South Peninsula Hospital South Peninsula Hospital – Restricted assets South Peninsula Hospital – Assets whose use is limited Total equity in central treasury	\$	3,002,641 36,757,568 4,727,809 16,930,295 46,408,939 6,867,941 86,148 3,373,370		
The equity in central treasury consists of the following:  Cash and short-term investments  Investments	\$ \$	(3,202,886) 224,334,900 221,132,014		
Calculation of the net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments-aggregate method:				
Fair value at June 30, 2019 Add: cost of investments sold/called/matured in FY2019 Less: cost of investments purchased in FY2019 Less: fair value at June 30, 2018 Change in fair value of investments	\$	224,334,900 102,087,194 (107,568,781) (215,269,018) 3,584,295		

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#### **B. Property Taxes**

The Borough bills and collects its own property taxes as well as those of the cities within the Borough. The taxes collected on behalf of the Borough cities are recorded in the Fiduciary Tax Agency Fund. Beginning with FY1989, the Borough contracted with the State of Alaska for collection of the tax on motor vehicles. This contract allows the State to collect taxes according to a prescribed schedule of values at the time of registration of an individual's motorized vehicle. The State then remits to the Borough the total collections less an 8% service fee.

The Borough is permitted by state law to levy up to \$3.00 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general government services other than the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. State law prohibits taxation that will result in tax revenues from all sources exceeding \$1,500 per year for each person residing within the municipal boundaries or upon value that, when combined with the value of property otherwise taxable by the Borough, exceeds the product of 225 percent of the average per capita assessed full and true value of property in the State multiplied by the number of residents. The Borough is within these limits.

The Borough also collects its own sales tax as well as that of the cities within the Borough. The Borough-wide sales tax rate is 3%, while the city rates vary from 2% - 4.5%. The sales tax collections for Borough cities are recorded in the Fiduciary Tax Agency Fund.

#### **Property Tax Calendar**

Assessment date	January 1, 2018	Total taxes are due	October 15, 2018
Levy date	Not later than June 15, 2018	Penalties & interest added	October 17, 2018
Tax bills mailed	Not later than July 1, 2018	Lien date	April 15, 2019

Property taxes levied for the current year are recognized as revenues, even though a portion is collected in the period subsequent to the year end. The Borough's property tax collection records show that approximately 97% of the property taxes due were collected within 60 days after the due date. Assessed values are established by the Kenai Peninsula Borough assessor's office.

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#### C. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2019 for the government's individual major funds and proprietary funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Major funds Nonmajor					
		Nikiski Fire	Road Service	Other Gov't	Internal Service		
	<u>General</u>	Service <u>Area</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Taxes	\$ 7,514,930	\$ 90,707	\$ 192,756	\$ 257,694	\$ -	\$ 8,056,087	
Accounts and other receivables	184,691	68,759	658	381,616	162,478	798,202	
Note receivable	3,678,414	-	-	-	-	3,678,414	
Land sale contracts	-	-	-	677,261	-	677,261	
Special assessment districts	1,084,464	-	-	-	-	1,084,464	
Intergovernmental	1,058,966	42,717	46,184	1,644,203		2,792,070	
Total receivables	13,521,465	202,183	239,598	2,960,774	162,478	17,086,98	
Less allowance for uncollectibles	(27,460)	<u>(5,105</u> )	(3,963)	(5,299)		(41,827)	
	\$ <u>13,494,005</u>	\$ <u>197,078</u>	\$ <u>235,635</u>	\$ <u>2,955,475</u>	\$ <u>162,478</u>	\$ <u>17,044,671</u>	

#### City of Homer Note Receivable

In FY2013, a loan agreement was executed between the Kenai Peninsula Borough and the City of Homer in the not-to-exceed amount of \$12.7 million to finance the design and construction of a natural gas distribution improvement project in the City of Homer. As of June 30, 2019, the principal balance due is \$3,559,818 with accrued interest of \$118,596. The principal amount due within one year is \$540,156.

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## <u>D. Deferred Inflows of Resources, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Unearned Revenues</u>

Governmental funds report deferred inflows in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. The governmental funds and the government-wide statements report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. The government-wide statements report deferred outflow of resources in connection with deferred losses on bond refundings. The government-wide statements also report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for pension and OPEB related items. At June 30, 2019, the various components of unearned revenue, deferred inflows, and deferred outflows of resources reported in the governmental funds and government-wide statements were as follows:

	Government-Wide			Fund Level			
		Deferred Deferred		Deferred			
	<u>Outflows</u>		<u>Inflows</u>		<u>Unearned</u>	<u>Inflows</u>	<u>Unearned</u>
Unamortized deferred loss	\$	298,478	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Pension and OPEB related		7,285,421	3,835,2	247	-	-	-
Property taxes receivable (General Fund)		-		_	_	849,329	-
Prepaid property tax ( <b>General Fund</b> )		_	7,431,5	69	_	7,431,569	_
Property taxes receivable			,,.51,5	,05			
(Nikiski Fire Service Area) Prepaid property tax (Nikiski		-		-	-	82,703	-
<b>Fire Service Area</b> ) Property taxes receivable		-	3,049,1	.13	-	3,049,113	-
(Road Service Area)		-		-	-	176,424	-
Prepaid property tax ( <b>Road Service Area</b> )		-	2,110,6	82	-	2,110,682	-
Property taxes receivable (nonmajor gov't funds)		-		-	-	231,252	-
Prepaid property tax (nonmajor gov't funds)		-	2,202,8	888	-	2,202,888	-
Miscellaneous prepaid ( <b>General Fund</b> )		_		_	3,230	_	3,230
Land sale receivables					3,230		3,230
(nonmajor governmental funds)		-		-	-	677,261	-
Grant funds received prior to meeting all eligibility							
requirements (nonmajor governmental funds)		-		-	204,560		204,560
	\$	7,583,899	\$18,629,4	199	\$ 207,790	\$16,811,221	\$ 207,790
requirements (nonmajor	\$	- 7,583,899	\$18,629,4	- 199		<u>-</u> \$16,811,221	

## E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

		Balance		Additions/		Deductions/		Balance
Governmental Activities:		<u>July 1, 2018</u>		<u>Transfers</u>		<u>Transfers *</u>		<u>June 30, 2019</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	70,990,307	\$	144,624	\$	(16,853)	\$	71,118,078
Construction in progress	Ą	9,106,693	Ф	2,567,161	Ф	(5,852,644)	₽	5,821,210
Total capital assets, not	_	7,100,033		2,307,101	-	(3,032,044)	-	3,021,210
being depreciated	_	80,097,000	•	2,711,785	_	(5,869,497)	_	76,939,288
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		302,381,270		5,852,644		-		308,233,914
Improvements other than								
buildings		93,192,618		148,100		-		93,340,718
Machinery and equipment		42,239,523		914,913		(863,663)		42,290,773
Infrastructure	_	18,707,337		76,164	-	<u> </u>	-	18,783,501
Total capital assets being depreciated		456,520,748		6,991,821		(863,663)		462,648,906
being depreciated	_	430,320,740	•	0,991,021	-	(803,003)	-	402,040,900
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(210,451,979)		(5,378,383)		-		(215,830,362)
Improvements other than								
buildings		(65,209,415)		(2,345,131)		2		(67,554,544)
Machinery and equipment		(30,281,684)		(2,685,945)		863,873		(32,103,756)
Infrastructure	_	(4,506,803)		(480,402)	_		_	(4,987,205)
Total accumulated		(2.2.4.2.22.)		(				(222 (22 22)
depreciation	_	(310,449,881)		(10,889,861)	_	863,875	-	(320,475,867)
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net		146,070,867		(3,898,040)		212		142,173,039
Governmental activities capital	_	110,070,007		(3/333/310)	-		-	1 12/17 5/555
assets, net	\$_	226,167,867	\$	(1,186,255)	\$_	(5,869,285)	\$_	219,112,327

 $<sup>\</sup>ast$  The accumulated depreciation deductions/transfers in the table above include immaterial adjustments discovered in the 2019 financial system conversion.

Internal service funds serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, their capital assets are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

#### **Governmental activities:**

General government	\$ 338,261
Solid waste facilities	1,671,078
Public safety	2,614,169
Recreation	206,240
Schools	5,084,089
Road maintenance, including infrastructure assets	485,675
Capital assets held by the government's internal service fund are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the	
assets	490,349
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 10,889,861

<sup>\*\*</sup> A transfer of \$491,915 occurred in FY2019, transferring equipment from the Equipment Replacement Fund to various governmental funds.

#### **Construction commitments:**

The Borough has numerous active construction projects as of June 30, 2019. The projects include major repair of existing roads, improvement to school facilities and public safety facilities. At year end the Borough's commitments with contractors are as follows:

<u>Projects</u>	Remaining Commitments	Financing Sources
Major repair of existing roads Solid waste facilities	\$ 2,581,220 <u>740,748</u>	Federal and state grants and local funding Federal and state grants and local funding
Total	\$ <u>3,321,968</u>	

## F. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The General Fund has made loans to the Special Assessment Districts for utility/road improvements, as of June 30, 2019 the outstanding loans equaled \$1,084,464. Property owners of the utility/road improvement districts then repay the amount that is borrowed over a 10-year period.

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Interfund <u>Receivables</u>	Interfund <u>Payables</u>
Major fund - General Fund	\$ 338,454	\$ -
Nonmajor governmental funds	<del>_</del>	338,454
Total	\$ <u>338,454</u>	\$ <u>338,454</u>

## **Interfund Transfers**

Interfund transfers have been made in accordance with appropriating ordinances. The Borough collects a 3% sales tax and records the revenue in the General Fund. Sales tax, specifically dedicated to School District operations, and additional funds appropriated by the Assembly are transferred in monthly installments from the General Fund to the School District. The School District is a discretely presented component unit of the Borough and therefore the funding of \$49,738,432 was shown as an expenditures of the General Fund and not an interfund transfer.

Transfers between funds for the year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Transfers In					
	_	<b>Major Fund</b>	_			
Transfers Out:		Solid Waste Capital Project Fund		Nonmajor Gov't Funds		Total
General Fund	\$	1,117,231	\$	7,622,750	\$	8,739,981
Nikiski Fire Service Area Special Revenue Fund		-		563,981		563,981
Road Service Area Special Revenue Fund		_		1,750,000		1,750,000
Nonmajor governmental funds	_			7,675,585	_	7,675,585
Total	\$_	1,117,231	_ \$_	17,612,316	<b>\$</b>	18,729,547

Significant transfers were as follows:

- The General Fund transferred \$3,792,866 to the School Debt Service Fund to fund FY2019 debt service payments on bonds sold to finance construction of school facilities and capital maintenance, of which \$2,653,695 was reimbursed by the State of Alaska.
- The General Fund transferred \$1,625,000 to the School Revenue Capital Projects Fund to fund capital maintenance on school facilities, \$1,065,250 to the Solid Waste Debt Service Fund to fund debt on solid waste facilities and \$100,000 to the Solid Waste Capital Projects Fund to fund capital maintenance projects on solid waste facilities.
- The General Fund transferred \$300,000 to the 911 Communications Special Revenue Fund to support expenditures of the program.
- The Nikiski Fire Service Area Special Revenue Fund transferred \$500,000 to the Nikiski Fire Service Area Capital Project Fund to support fire equipment and facility maintenance capital projects.
- The Central Emergency Service Area Special Revenue Fund transferred \$550,000 to the Central Emergency Services Capital Project Fund to support fire equipment and facility maintenance capital projects.
- The Road Service Area Special Revenue Fund transferred \$1,750,000 to the Road Service Area Capital Project Fund to support road upgrades and major maintenance.

## **G. Risk Management**

The Kenai Peninsula Borough has established an office of Risk Management and a limited self-insurance program which is codified by Borough ordinance and administered by a risk management committee. It is the responsibility of the risk management committee to insure, self-insure or select appropriate retention levels and deductibles for the risks confronting the Kenai Peninsula Borough, its Service Areas, and the School District. All losses and claims are reported to the Risk Management office and are handled internally within the retentions and deductibles. New claims and outstanding claims are reviewed monthly by the Borough Attorney, and the Risk Manager. There were no material changes in the amounts of coverages, retentions or deductibles during the current fiscal year.

The greatest exposure to financial loss confronting the Kenai Peninsula Borough and School District would be in the areas of property loss, auto liability and general liability due to the number of properties and the fleet of vehicles owned and operated by the Borough and School District. The Borough also purchases several excess policies which provide coverage beyond what included in the package policy. The Borough purchased pollution liability coverage for incidents arising from Borough owned landfills effective July 1, 2016.

Insurers provide annual aggregate limits in excess of our retention level for the exposures of general liability, auto liability, public officials' liability, educational errors and omissions and ambulance attendants' professional liability. Insurance coverage for these various liability exposures are written on a combined policy form. Self-insured retention/deductible amounts and upper coverage limits of excess insurance for major coverages are as follows:

	Self-Insured Retention/ Deductible	Upper Coverage Limits of Excess Insurance
Auto and general liability Employers liability Workers' compensation Property:	\$ 250,000 250,000 250,000	\$ 15,000,000 15,000,000 Statutory benefits
Buildings Fire & EMS apparatus Other vehicles Crime coverage	100,000 20,000 20,000 1,000	1,008,191,455 Cash value Cash value up to \$50,000 500,000

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Kenai Peninsula Borough Insurance and Litigation Fund allocates the costs of insurance coverage on a proportionate share basis to the Borough, its Service Areas and the School District. In addition, an appropriate sum is charged for anticipated losses and claims that will be paid within the self-insured retention and deductible levels. The net position of the fund is for future catastrophic losses.

<u> 2019</u>		<u> 2018</u>
\$ 1,762,948	\$	1,716,818
2,127,826		1,368,429
( <u>1,600,642</u> )		(1,322,299)
\$ <u>2,290,132</u>	\$	<u>1,762,948</u>
	\$ 1,762,948 \$ 2,127,826 (1,600,642)	(1,600,642)

Included above is a liability for incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims of \$502,481. Experience indicates those losses or claims do not go unreported for any significant length of time, therefore, the exposure to IBNR losses or claims is minimal.

In addition to the risk management issues listed above, the Borough maintains a health and medical benefit program, which covers all permanent employees working more than half-time. The Borough retains a major portion of the risk of this plan, and, accordingly, is liable for any employee health claims that are approved for payment. Stop-loss limits are \$200,000 for individual claims. Health and medical expenditures totaled \$7,037,045 for the year ended June 30, 2019, and consisted of paid claims, stop-loss premiums and administrative fees. Accruals were made based on estimates of health claims at year-end, including claims incurred but not reported.

Such accruals are accounted for in the Employee Health Insurance Internal Service Fund. A schedule of the changes in the healthcare claims liability for the two years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 follows:

	<u> 2019</u>	<u> 2018</u>
Health insurance claims liabilities,		
beginning of year	\$ 1,000,000 \$	756,786
Current year claims incurred and changes		
in estimates for claims incurred in prior years	5,893,145	6,582,595
Claims and expenses paid	<u>(6,121,145</u> )	(6,339,381)
Health insurance claims liabilities, end of year	\$ <u>772,000</u> \$	1,000,000

## **H.** Long-term Liabilities

A summary of long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance July 1,			Balance June 30,	Due within
	<u>2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>one year</u>
Governmental					
activities:					
Areawide school bonds Central Emergency	\$ 34,480,000	\$ -	\$ 2,390,000	\$32,090,000	\$ 2,465,000
Services bonds	3,405,000	-	300,000	3,105,000	315,000
Bear Creek Fire bonds	1,005,000	-	50,000	955,000	50,000
Solid Waste bonds	4,605,000	-	835,000	3,770,000	875,000
Compensated absences *	2,885,516	2,283,047	2,255,244	2,913,319	728,330
Net Pension Liability **	34,747,989	1,330,225	-	36,078,214	-
Net OPEB Liability ** Landfill closure /	5,592,849	1,793,944	-	7,386,793	-
postclosure Total governmental activities long-term	<u>7,778,696</u>	<u>1,017,232</u>	66,444	8,729,484	66,444
liabilities	\$ <u>94,500,050</u>	\$ <u>6,424,448</u>	\$ <u>5,896,688</u>	95,027,810	\$ <u>4,499,774</u>
Unamortized premium on l					
School bonds 2011 refur	nding			379,400	
School bonds 2014				1,540,317	
CES bonds 2015 refundi	ng			145,181	
CES bonds 2016	010			229,653	
Bear Creek Fire bonds 20	J13 project			135,141	
Solid Waste bonds 2017				379,733	
				\$ <u>97,837,235</u>	

<sup>\*</sup> Based on an analysis of actual compensated absence expenditures/expense during fiscal year 2019, management estimates 25% of these balances will be used in FY2020. Therefore, 25% of the balance of accrued leave is classified as due within one year. Other long-term liabilities related to governmental activities such as accrued leave are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

The Kenai Peninsula Borough has issued general obligation bonds for acquisition and construction of schools, solid waste disposal and transfer facilities, and expansions to the two service area hospitals. The general obligation school and solid waste bonds pledge the full faith and credit of the Borough, while the Central Emergency Services and the Bear Creek Service Area bonds pledge the full faith and credit of the respective service area.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Pension and other post-employment benefits are generally liquidated approximately 51% by the General Fund and 41% by public safety related special revenue funds, with 8% being liquidated by recreation and roads related special revenue funds.

<u>School Bonds</u>. School bonds are issued for the construction and major maintenance of public schools in the Borough. Bonds are paid from the General Fund through the levy of property taxes plus funding from the State of Alaska, which partially reimburses the Borough for expenditures for school debt issues. The State of Alaska will reimburse the Borough up to 70% of the principal and interest payments on the School bonds.

In August 2003, the Borough issued 20-year school bonds for the construction of a new middle school in Seward in the amount of \$14,700,000.

In December 2010, the Borough issued 20-year school bonds in the amount of \$16,865,000. This was phase I of a two-phase project for roof replacement at various schools. Bonds were issued under the Buy America Bond Program. Under this program, bonds are issued as taxable and the Federal Government subsidizes the interest amount between the taxable portion and the rate that would have been in place if the bonds had been issued as tax exempt. The interest subsidy averages between \$240,000 and \$300,000 per year.

In November 2013, the Borough issued 20-year school bonds in the amount of \$20,860,000. This was phase II of a two-phase project for roof replacement at various schools.

### Central Emergency Service Area Bonds

In 2005, voters of the Central Emergency Service Area authorized the issuance of \$2,500,000 for the costs of planning, acquisition, designing, constructing, equipping and financing a fire station in Kasilof and renovating the fire station in the Funny River area. These bonds were issued in June 2006 in the amount of \$2,500,000. In October 2014, the Borough issued CES refunding bonds to refinance \$1.425 million of the outstanding debt that resulted in a net present value savings of \$116,196, the defeased debt was paid off in FY2016.

In October 2015, Service Area voters approved the issuance of bonds up to \$4.4 million for the purchase of emergency response vehicles, of which \$2.465 million was issued in February 2016. The remaining balance is expected to be issued between 2019 and 2020.

#### Bear Creek Fire Service Area Bonds

In 2007, voters of the Bear Creek Fire Service Area authorized the issuance of \$1,400,000 in bonds for design, construction, and equipping a Bear Creek Fire Service Area Public Safety Building. These bonds were issued in March 2013 in the amount of \$1,215,000.

#### Solid Waste Bonds

In 2016, Borough voters authorized the issuance of \$10,600,000 in bonds for planning, design, site preparation, constructing and equipping the solid waste disposal facilities, of which \$5,405,000 was issued in April 2017. The remaining balance is expected to be issued in 2022.

A summary of bonds payable (in thousands) at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Amount Issued	Coupon Interest <u>Rate</u>	Effective Interest Rate	Maturity Dates	Annual Installments	Outstanding June 30, 2019
Governmental Activities: School bonds:	<u>133ucu</u>	<u>rtate</u>	<u>Kate</u>	<u>Dates</u>	<u> </u>	2013
Issued 12-09-10	\$ 16,865	1.42 - 6.26	1.42 - 6.26	2011 - 2030	\$ 715 to 1,110	\$ 11,225
Issued 08-07-03	14,700	2.00 - 5.00	0.30 - 3.18	2003 - 2023	165 to 930	3,530
Issued 11-14-13	20,860	1.50 - 5.00	0.21 - 4.15	2014 - 2033	510 to 1,590	17,335
Total school	52,425					32,090
Central Emergency S bonds:	ervices					
Issued 10-30-14 Issued 02-02-16 Total CES bonds	2,500 <u>2,465</u> <u>4,965</u>	1.25 - 5.00 2.63 - 5.00		2006 - 2026 2016 - 2031	115 to 175 85 to 210	-,
Bear Creek Fire bond Issued 3-12-13	<b>s</b> \$ <u>1,215</u>	2.00 - 5.00	0.18 - 3.30	2014 - 2033	45 to 90	<u>955</u>
Solid Waste bonds Issued 4-27-17 Total Governmental	<u>5,405</u> \$ <u>64,010</u>	4.00 - 5.00	0.96 - 2.18	2017 - 2023	800 to 1,010	3,770 \$ 39,920

Debt service requirements for outstanding bonds at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Interest Subsidy	Interest (Net of interest <u>subsidy)</u>
2020	\$ 3,705,000	\$ 1,944,183	\$ (260,341)	\$ 1,683,842
2021	3,825,000	1,777,927	( 244,932)	1,532,995
2022	3,975,000	1,591,208	(228,441)	1,362,767
2023	4,140,000	1,394,553	(210,605)	1,183,948
2024	2,215,000	1,209,047	( 191,323)	1,017,724
2025-2029	11,975,000	4,196,930	( 612,327)	3,584,603
2030-2034	10,085,000	1,103,118	<u>( 58,094)</u>	<u>1,045,024</u>
Total	\$ <u>39,920,000</u>	\$ <u>13,216,966</u>	\$ ( <u>1,806,063)</u>	\$ <u>11,410,903</u>

## I. Commitments and Contingencies

## 1. Loss Contingencies

The Kenai Peninsula Borough, in the normal course of its activities, is involved in various claims and pending litigation. In the opinion of management and the Borough's legal staff, the disposition of these matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Borough's financial statements.

#### 2. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, would become a liability of the appropriate fund.

# J. Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits Plans (a) Defined Benefit (DB) Pension Plan

#### General Information About the Plan

The Borough participates in the Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). PERS is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan which covers eligible State and local government employees, other than teachers. The Plan was established and is administered by the State of Alaska Department of Administration. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

The Plan is included in a comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and other required supplemental information. That report is available via the internet at http://doa.alaska.gov/drb/pers. Actuarial valuation reports, audited financial statements, and other detailed plan information are also available on this website.

The Plan provides for retirement, death and disability, and postemployment healthcare benefits. There are three tiers of employees, based on entry date. For all tiers within the Defined Benefit (DB) plan, full retirement benefits are generally calculated using a formula comprised of a multiplier times the average monthly salary (AMS) times the number of years of service. The multiplier is increased at longevity milestone markers for most employees. Police/Fire employees accrue benefits at an accelerated rate. The tiers within the Plan establish differing criteria regarding normal retirement age, early retirement age, and the criteria for calculation of AMS, COLA adjustments, and other postemployment benefits (OPEB). A complete benefit comparison chart is available at the website noted above.

The PERS DB Plan was closed to new entrants effective July 1, 2006. New employees hired after that date participate in the PERS Defined Contribution (DC) Plan described later in these notes.

#### Historical Context and Special Funding Situation

In April 2008, the Alaska Legislature passed legislation converting the previously existing PERS plan from an agent-multiple employer plan to a cost-sharing plan with an effective date of July 1, 2008. In connection with this conversion, the State of Alaska passed additional legislation which statutorily capped the employer contribution rate, established a state funded "on-behalf" contribution (subject to funding availability), and required that employer contributions be calculated against all PERS eligible wages, including wages paid to participants of the PERS Tier IV defined contribution plan described later in these notes. The Alaska Legislature has the power and authority to change the aforementioned statute through the legislative process.

Alaska Statute 39.35.280 requires the State of Alaska to contribute to the Plan an amount such that, when combined with the employer contribution, is sufficient to pay the Plan's past service liability contribution rate as adopted by the Alaska Retirement Management Board. As such, the Plan is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB, and management has recorded all pension related liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and disclosures on this basis.

The Borough recorded the related on-behalf contributions as revenue and expense or expenditures as prescribed by GAAP, pursuant to the relevant basis of accounting based on fund type.

## **Employee Contribution Rates**

Regular employees are required to contribute 6.75% of their annual covered salary. Police officers and firefighters are required to contribute 7.50% of their annual covered salary.

#### **Employer and Other Contribution Rates**

There are several contribution rates associated with the pension contributions and healthcare contributions and related liabilities. These amounts are calculated on an annual basis.

Employer Effective Rate: This is the contractual employer pay-in rate. Under current legislation, the amount calculated for the statutory employer effective contribution rate is 22% on eligible wages. This 22% rate is calculated on all PERS participating wages, including those wages attributable to employees in the defined contribution plan. Contributions derived from the defined contribution employee payroll are referred to as the Defined Benefit Unfunded Liability or DBUL contribution.

ARM Board Adopted Rate: This is the rate formally adopted by the Alaska Retirement Management Board. This rate is actuarially determined and used to calculate annual Plan funding requirements, without regard to the statutory rate cap or the GASB accounting rate. Effective July 1, 2015, the Legislature requires the ARM Board to adopt employer contribution rates for past service liabilities using a level percent of pay method over a closed 25 year term which ends in 2039. This change results in lower ARM Board Rates than previously adopted.

On-behalf Contribution Rate: This is the rate paid in by the State as an on-behalf payment under the current statute. The statute requires the State to contribute, based on funding availability, an on-behalf amount equal to the difference between the ARM Board Rate and the Employer Effective Rate. In the governmental fund financial statements, on-behalf contribution amounts have been recognized as additional revenues and expenditures. In the government-wide financial statements, the on-behalf amounts reflect revenue and expense only during the measurement period in which the Plan recognizes the payments, resulting in a significant timing difference between the cash transfers and revenue and expense recognition.

GASB Rate: This is the rate used to determine the long-term pension liability for plan accounting purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as established by GASB. Certain actuarial methods and assumptions for this rate calculation are mandated by GASB. For 2019, the rate uses an 8% pension discount rate.

The GASB Rate and the ARM Board Adopted Rate differ significantly as a direct result of variances in the actuarial methods and assumptions used.

Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2019 were determined in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuations. The Borough's contribution rates for the 2019 fiscal year were as follows:

	Employer Effective Rate	ARM Board Adopted Rate	State Contribution Rate
Pension Postemployment healthcare	16.17%	23.21%	5.58%
(ARHCT)	5.83%	4.37%	0.00%
Total Contribution Rates	22.00%	27.58%	5.58%

In 2019, the Borough was credited with the following contributions to the pension plan:

	Measurement Period July 1, 2017	Borough Fiscal Year July 1, 2018
	to June 30, 2018	to June 30, 2019
Employer contributions (including DBUL) Nonemployer contributions (on-behalf)	\$ 2,763,608 677,749	\$ 2,570,451 1,237,913
Total Contributions	\$ 3,441,357	\$ 3,808,364

In addition, employee contributions to the Plan totaled \$620,813 during the Borough's fiscal year.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At June 30, 2019, the Borough reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the Borough. The amount recognized by the Borough for its proportional share, the related State proportion, and the total portion of net pension liability that was associated with the Borough were as follows:

Total Net Pension Liability	\$46,525,521
State's proportionate share of NPL associated with the Borough	10,447,307
Borough proportionate share of NPL	\$36,078,214
	2019

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 to calculate the net pension liability as of that date. The Borough's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Borough's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, including the State, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2018 measurement date, the Borough's proportion was 0.72606 percent, which was an increase of 0.053880 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Borough recognized pension expense of \$353,454 and on-behalf revenue of \$489,162 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the Borough reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferre Outflow of Resour	/S	I	eferred nflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	(905,492)
Changes in assumptions	•	_	•	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	796	,802		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Borough				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,161	,425		-
Borough contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,570	,451		_
Total Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Pesou	rces			

## **Total Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**\$ 4,528,678 \$ (905,492)

The \$2,570,451 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
200	
2020	\$ 1,269,357
2021	435,688
2022	(617,375)
2023	(34,935)
2024	
Thereafter	-
Total Amortization	\$ 1,052,735

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## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal; level percentage of payroll

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Inflation 3.12%

Salary increases For peace officer/firefighter, increases range from 9.66% to

4.92% based on service. For all others, increases range from

8.55% to 4.34% based on age and service.

Allocation methodology Amounts for FY 2018 were allocated to employers based on

> the ratio of the present value of projected future contributions for each employer to the total present value of projected future contributions for the fiscal years 2019 to 2039 to the Plan. The liability is expected to go to zero at

2039.

rate

Investment return / Discount 8.00%, net of pension plan investment expenses. This is based on an average inflation rate of 3.12% and a real rate

of return of 4.88%.

Mortality Pre-termination - Based on the 2010-2013 actual mortality

> experience, 60% of male and 65% of female posttermination rates. Deaths are assumed to be occupational 70% of the time for peace officers/firefighters, 50% of the

time for others.

Post-termination - 96% of all rates of the RP-2000 table, 2000 Base Year projected to 2018 with Projection Scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation (latest available) were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2013. The assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation report are the same as those used in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation.

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## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table (note that the rates shown below exclude the inflation component):

		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Return
Domestic equity	24%	8.90%
Global ex-U.S. equity	22%	7.85%
Fixed income	10%	1.25%
Opportunistic	10%	4.76%
Real assets	17%	6.20%
Absolute return	7%	4.76%
Private equity	9%	12.08%
Cash equivalents	1%	0.66%

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer and State contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy, which meets State statutes. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Borough's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the Borough's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		1%	Current	1%
	Proportional	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	Share	(7.00%)	Rate (8.00%)	(9.00%)
Borough's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.72606%	\$ 47,776,657	\$ 36,078,214	\$26,182,743

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

## (b) Defined Contribution (DC) Pension Plan

Employees hired after July 1, 2006 participate in PERS Tier IV, a defined contribution plan. This Plan is administered by the State of Alaska, Department of Administration in conjunction with the defined benefit plan noted above. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature. The Alaska Retirement Management Board may also amend contribution requirements. Included in the Plan are individual pension accounts, a retiree medical insurance plan and a separate Health Reimbursement Arrangement account that will help retired members pay medical premiums and other eligible medical expenses not covered by the medical plan. This Plan is included in the comprehensive annual financial report for PERS, and at the following website, as noted above. http://doa.alaska.gov/drb/pers.

Contributions to the DC plan consist solely of employer and employee contributions with no special funding or other nonemployer contributions. In addition, actual remittances to the PERS system require that the Borough contribute at 22%. After deducting the DC plan contributions (and related OPEB contributions), the remaining remittance (the DBUL) is deposited into the DB plan as noted earlier.

#### Benefit Terms

Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and vest 25% with two years of service, plus an additional 25% per year thereafter for full vesting at five years of service. Nonvested employer contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment from the Plan. Such forfeitures were applied in the year ended June 30, 2019 to cover a portion of the City's employer match contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, forfeitures reduced pension expense by \$165,900.

#### **Employee Contribution Rate**

Employees are required to contribute 8% of their annual covered salary. This amount goes directly to the individual's account.

#### **Employer Contribution Rate**

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Borough was required to contribute 5% of covered salary into the Plan.

The Borough and employee contributions to PERS for pensions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$590,515 and \$944,912, respectively. The Borough contribution amount was recognized as pension expense/expenditures.

## (c) Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

As part of its participation in PERS, the Borough participates in the following cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans: Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust (ARHCT), Retiree Medical Plan (RMP) and Occupational Death and Disability Plan (ODD). The ARHCT is a self-insured and self-funded and provides major medical coverage to retirees of the DB Plan. The ARHCT plan was closed to all new entrants effective July 1, 2006. Benefits vary by Tier level. The RMP is self-insured and provides major medical coverage to retirees of the PERS DC Plan (Tier IV). The ODD provides death benefits for beneficiaries of plan participants and long-term disability benefits to all active members within PERS. The Plans are administered by the State of Alaska, Department of Administration. The OPEB plans are included in the comprehensive annual financial report for PERS, at the following website, as noted above. <a href="http://doa.alaska.gov/drb/pers">http://doa.alaska.gov/drb/pers</a>.

#### **Contribution Rates**

Employer contribution rates are actuarily determined and adopted by and may be amended by the Board. Employees do not contribute.

Employer contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Other	Police/Fire
Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust	5.83%	5.83%
Retiree Medical Plan	0.94%	0.94%
Occupational Death and Disability Benefits	0.26%	0.76%
Total Contribution Rates	7.03%	7.53%

In 2019, the Borough was credited with the following contributions to the OPEB plans:

	ent Period ly 1, 2017 to : 30, 2018	-	gh Fiscal Year July 1, 2018 to ne 30, 2019
Employer contributions – ARHCT Employer contributions - RMP Employer contributions - ODD Nonemployer contributions (on-behalf)- ARHCT	\$ 785,385 110,961 12,282	\$	922,927 111,028 50,697
<b>Total Contributions</b>	\$ 908,628	\$	1,084,652

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## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Plans

At June 30, 2019, the Borough reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liabilities (NOL) that reflected a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the Borough. The amount recognized by the Borough for its proportional share, the related State proportion, and the total were as follows:

	2019
Borough's proportionate share of NOL – ARHCT Borough's proportionate share of NOL – RMP Borough's proportionate share of NOL (Asset) – ODD	\$ 7,450,537 121,122 (184,866)
Total Borough's Proportionate Share of NOL	\$ 7,386,793
State's proportionate share of the ARHCT NOL associated with the Borough	2,162,286
Total Net OPEB Liabilities	\$ 9,549,079

The total OPEB liabilities for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 to calculate the net OPEB liabilities as of that date. The Borough's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities were based on a projection of the Borough's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

	June 30, 2017 Measurement Date Employer Proportion	June 30, 2018 Measurement Date Employer Proportion	Change
Borough's proportionate share of the net OPEB liabilities			
(asset):	0.672200/	0.735070/	0.05367.0/
ARHCT RMP	0.67229% 0.96262%	0.72597% 0.95184%	0.05367 % (0.01078)%
ODD	0.96262%	0.95184%	(0.01078)%

As a result of its requirement to contribute to the plans, the Borough recognized OPEB expense of \$850,450 and on-behalf revenue of \$283,863 for support provided by the State associated with the ARHCT plan.

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At June 30, 2019, the Borough reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB plans from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Changes in benefits Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$ - 1,186,434 -	\$ (854,877) - -
on OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Borough	-	(1,603,003)
contributions and proportionate share of contributions Borough contributions subsequent to the measurement	485,657	(471,875)
date	1,084,652	
Total Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Plans	\$ 2,756,743	\$ (2,929,755)

The \$1,084,652 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2020	\$ (502,348)
2021	(203,105)
2022	(521,971)
2023	(33,707)
2024	846
Thereafter	2,621
Total Amortization	\$ (1,257,664)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability for each plan the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal; level percentage of payroll
Amortization method	Level dollar, closed
Inflation	3.12%

Salary increases Graded by service, from 9.66% to 4.92% for Peace Officer/ Firefighter. Graded by service from 8.55% to 4.34% for all others

## Actuarial Assumptions, continued

Allocation methodology Amounts for 2018 were allocated to employers based on the

projected present value of contributions for FY2019-FY2039. The

liability is expected to go to zero at 2039.

Investment return / Discount rate

8.00%, net of postemployment healthcare plan investment expenses. This is based on an average inflation rate of 3.12%

and a real rate of return of 4.88%.

Healthcare cost trend

rates

Pre-65 medical: 8.0% grading down to 4.0% Post-65 medical: 5.5% grading down to 4.0% Prescription drug: 9.0% grading down to 4.0% RDS/EGWP:6.5% grading down to 4.0%

Mortality Pre-termination – Based on the 2010-2013 actual mortality

experience, 60% of male and 65% of female post-termination rates. Deaths are assumed to be occupational 70% of the time for peace officers/firefighters, 50% of the time for all others.

Post-termination – 96% of all rates of the RP-2000 table, 2000

Base Year projected to 2018 with Projection Scale BB.

Participation (ARHCT) 100% system paid of members and their spouses are assumed to

elect the healthcare benefits paid as soon as they are eligible. 10% of non-system paid members and their spouses are assumed to elect the healthcare benefits as soon as they are

eligible.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2013. The assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation are the same as those used in the June 30, 2016 valuation with the following exceptions:

- 1. The medical trend rate assumption was updated to reflect anticipated increases in costs based on recent survey data.
- An obligation for the Cadillac Tax was added to the June 30, 2017 valuation because
  it was no longer deemed immaterial due to the updated trend rates and the change
  to use chained Consumer Price Index (which was part of the Tax Cut and Jobs Act
  passed in December 2017) to project the tax thresholds in future years.

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments for each plan was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of postretirement healthcare plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the plans' targeted asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table

(note that the rates shown below exclude the inflation component):

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Broad domestic equity	24%	8.90%		
Global ex-U.S. equity	22%	7.85%		
Fixed income	10%	1.25%		
Opportunistic	10%	4.76%		
Real assets	17%	6.20%		
Absolute return	7%	4.76%		
Private equity	9%	12.08%		
Cash equivalents	1%	0.66%		

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for each plan was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer and State contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy which meets State statutes. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position or each plan was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability for each plan.

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Borough's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the Borough's proportionate share of the respective plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Proportional Share	1% Decrease (7.00%)	Current Discount Rate (8.00%)	1% Increase (9.00%)
Borough's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset):				
ÀRHCT	0.72597%	\$15,083,604	\$ 7,450,537	\$ 1,052,467
RMP	0.95184%	\$ 361,699	\$ 121,122	\$ (66,524)
ODD	0.95184%	\$ (173,597)	\$ (184,866)	\$ (194,137)

### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the Borough's proportionate share of the net OPEB liabilities calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates, as well as what the Borough's proportionate share of the respective plan's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Proportional Share	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
Borough's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset):				
ARHCT RMP	0.72597% \$ 0.95184% \$	144,628 \$ (102,980) \$	7,450,537 121,122	\$16,251,217 \$ 421,037
ODD	0.95184% \$	n/a \$	n/a	\$ n/a

### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

## (d) Defined Contribution OPEB Plans

PERS defined contribution members also participate in the Health Reimbursement Arrangement Plan (HRA Plan). The HRA Plan allows for medical care expenses to be reimbursed from individual savings accounts established for eligible persons. The HRA Plan became effective July 1, 2006 at which time contributions by employers began.

#### **Contribution Rate**

AS 39.30.370 establishes this contribution amount as "three percent of the average annual employee compensation of all employees of all employers in the plan". As of July 1, 2018, for actual remittance, this amount is calculated as a flat rate for each full-time or part-time employee per pay period and approximates \$2,103 per year for each full-time employee, and \$1.35 per hour for part-time employees. Employees do not contribute to the DC OPEB plans.

#### Annual Postemployment Healthcare Cost

In 2019, the Borough contributed \$343,329 in DC OPEB costs. These amounts have been recognized as expense/expenditures.

## (e) School District Participation

The School District also participates in the PERS postemployment plans, along with a separate but similar plans for educators, under the Teacher Retirement System (TRS)plan. Additional information about the School District's pension and postemployment benefit plans can be found in their separately issued financial statements.

#### **K. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement 18, "Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs", which establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for municipal solid waste landfill closure and postclosure care costs that are required to be incurred by federal, state, or local laws or regulations. The Borough implemented this standard effective July 1, 1993.

State and Federal laws and regulations require the Borough to comply with the State of Alaska Solid Waste Management Regulations (18AAC 60). These regulations include placement of a final cover system on its landfills when they stop accepting waste. Additionally, the Borough must perform post closure care and monitoring functions at the sites for up to thirty years after closure.

The Borough has five active landfills with landfill cells having remaining useful lives from 1 year to 20 years. The largest site has an active lined cell with a remaining expected life of two to four years. This site has land enough for a minimum of three additional cells, which will be developed as needed and will extend the landfill life by approximately 25 years. There are also three sites which are closed, that are being monitored as required by regulation. As of June 30, 2019 the Borough has a recorded liability of \$8,729,484 in the government-wide financial statements for closure and postclosure costs associated with its landfills. The liability for closure and postclosure care costs is based on landfill capacity used to date. This amount has been reported as restricted fund balance in the Solid Waste Capital Projects Fund and is based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2019; actual cost may vary from this estimate due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. It is estimated the Borough will recognize another \$13.1 million in expense and liability between June 30, 2019 and the year 2040, the date the landfills are expected to reach capacity.

The Borough is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make certain financial assurances, public notice and record keeping, and reporting regarding this liability. The Borough has complied with these provisions. The Borough is committed to funding the annual increase in the estimate of closure and postclosure care costs. Accounting for landfill operations is included in the General Fund and the closure and postclosure costs are accounted for in the Solid Waste Capital Projects Fund.

#### L. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB 84 – *Fiduciary Activities* – Effective for year-end June 30, 2020, with earlier application encouraged – This statement addresses criteria for identifying and reporting fiduciary activities.

GASB 87 – Leases – Effective for year-end June 30, 2021, with earlier application encouraged – This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset.

GASB 89 – *Interest Costs* – Effective for year-end June 30, 2021, with earlier application encouraged – This statement's objectives are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify enterprise fund accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period.

GASB 90 – *Majority Equity Interests* – Effective for year-end June 30, 2020, with earlier application encouraged – The objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value.

GASB 91 – Conduit Debt Obligations – Effective for year-end June 30, 2021, with earlier application encouraged – The objectives of the Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

## Public Employees' Retirement System Pension Plan Schedule of the Borough's Proportional Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	Borough's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	State of Alaska Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	Total Net Pension Liability	Borough's Covered Payroll	Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2010	*	\$ *	\$ *	\$ *	\$ *	*	*
2011	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2012	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2013	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2014	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2015	0.49259%	22,975,175	19,950,761	42,925,936	12,061,924	190.48%	62.37%
2016	0.64737%	31,397,382	8,410,497	39,807,879	11,452,248	274.16%	63.96%
2017	0.84370%	47,159,456	5,944,748	53,104,204	20,679,828	228.05%	59.55%
2018	0.67218%	34,747,989	12,947,803	47,695,792	20,700,085	167.86%	63.37%
2019	0.72606%	36,078,214	10,447,307	46,525,521	20,619,173	174.97%	65.19%

<sup>\*</sup> Information not available See accompanying notes to Required Supplementary Information

## Public Employees' Retirement System Pension Plan Schedule of Borough Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

Contributions as a

Percentage of

Covered Payroll

10.15%

10.60%

11.92%

13.40%

12.36%

Borough's

20,712,790

20,679,828

20,700,085

20,619,173

20,788,636

Contributions Relative to the Contractually Contractually Contribution Year Ended Required Required Deficiency Contribution Contribution (Excess) Covered Payroll June 30 2010 \$ \$ \$ \$ 2011 2012 2013

2,101,441

2,191,270

2,467,348

2,763,608

2,570,451

2,101,441

2,191,270

2,467,348

2,763,608

2,570,451

2014 2015

2016

2017

2018

2019

<sup>\*</sup> Information not available See accompanying notes to Required Supplementary Information

## Public Employees' Retirement System OPEB Plan Schedule of the Borough's Proportional Share of the Net OPEB Liability - ARHCT Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	Borough's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	State of Alaska Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	Total Net OPEB Liability	Borough's Covered Payroll	Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage Covered of Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2010	*	\$ *	\$ *	\$ *	\$ *	*	*
2011	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2012	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2013	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2014	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2015	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2016	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2017	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2018	0.67229%	5,679,234	2,117,541	7,796,775	20,700,085	27.44%	89.91%
2019	0.72597%	7,450,537	2,162,286	9,612,823	20,619,173	36.13%	88.12%

<sup>\*</sup> Information not available See accompanying notes to Required Supplementary Information

## Public Employees' Retirement System OPEB Plan Schedule of Borough Contributions - ARHCT Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions Relative to the Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Borough's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2010 \$	*	\$ *	\$ *	\$ *	*
2011	*	*	*	*	*
2012	*	*	*	*	*
2013	*	*	*	*	*
2014	*	*	*	*	*
2015	*	*	*	*	*
2016	*	*	*	*	*
2017	*	*	*	*	*
2018	785,385	785,385	-	20,619,173	3.81%
2019	922,927	922,927	-	20,788,636	4.44%

<sup>\*</sup> Information not available See accompanying notes to Required Supplementary Information

## Public Employees' Retirement System OPEB Plan Schedule of the Borough's Proportional Share of the Net OPEB Liability - RMP Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	Borough's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	State of Alaska Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	Total Net OPEB Liability	Borough's Covered Payroll	Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2010	*	\$ *	\$ *	\$ *	\$ *	*	*
2011	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2012	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2013	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2014	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2015	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2016	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2017	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2018	0.96262%	50,201	-	50,201	20,700,085	0.24%	93.98%
2019	0.95184%	121,122	-	121,122	20,619,173	0.59%	88.71%

<sup>\*</sup> Information not available See accompanying notes to Required Supplementary Information

## Public Employees' Retirement System OPEB Plan Schedule of Borough Contributions - RMP Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	Contractually Required Contribution	I	Contributions Relative to the Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Bor	ough's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2010	\$ *	\$	*	\$ *	\$	*	*
2011	*		*	*		*	*
2012	*		*	*		*	*
2013	*		*	*		*	*
2014	*		*	*		*	*
2015	*		*	*		*	*
2016	*		*	*		*	*
2017	*		*	*		*	*
2018	110,961		110,961	-		20,619,173	0.54%
2019	111,028		111,028	-		20,788,636	0.53%

<sup>\*</sup> Information not available See accompanying notes to Required Supplementary Information

## Public Employees' Retirement System OPEB Plan Schedule of the Borough's Proportional Share of the Net OPEB Asset - ODD Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	Borough's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset	State of Alaska Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset	Total Net OPEB Asset	Borough's Covered Payroll	Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Asset
2010	*	\$ *	\$ *	\$ *	\$ *	*	*
2011	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2012	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2013	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2014	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2015	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2016	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2017	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2018	0.96262%	(136,586)	-	(136,586)	20,700,085	-0.66%	212.97%
2019	0.95184%	(184,866)	-	(184,866)	20,619,173	-0.90%	270.62%

<sup>\*</sup> Information not available See accompanying notes to Required Supplementary Information

## Public Employees' Retirement System OPEB Plan Schedule of Borough Contributions - ODD Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions Relative to the Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	C	Borough's overed Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2010 \$	*	\$ *	\$ *	\$	*	*
2011	*	*	*		*	*
2012	*	*	*		*	*
2013	*	*	*		*	*
2014	*	*	*		*	*
2015	*	*	*		*	*
2016	*	*	*		*	*
2017	*	*	*		*	*
2018	12,252	12,282	-		20,619,173	0.06%
2019	50,697	50,697	-		20,788,636	0.24%

<sup>\*</sup> Information not available See accompanying notes to Required Supplementary Information

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2019

# 1. Public Employees' Retirement System – Schedule of the Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This table is presented based on the Plan measurement date. For June 30, 2019, the Plan measurement date is June 30, 2018.

Changes in Assumptions: Amounts reported reflect a change between 2016 and 2017 in the method of allocating the net pension liability from actual contributions to present value of projected future contributions.

There are no other changes in factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported in the schedule.

## 2. Public Employees' Retirement System - Schedule of the Borough's Contributions - Pension Plan

This table is based on the Borough's contributions for each fiscal year presented. These contributions have been reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

# 3. Public Employees' Retirement System – Schedule of the Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) – ARHCT, RMP and ODD Plans

These tables are presented based on the Plan measurement date. For June 30, 2019, the Plan measurement dates were June 30, 2018.

Changes in Assumptions: The medical trend rate assumption used for the ARHCT plan was updated to reflect anticipated increases in costs based on recent survey data. An obligation for the Cadillac Tax was added to the June 30, 2017 valuation because it was no longer deemed immaterial due to the updated trend rates and the change to use chained Consumer Price Index (which was part of the Tax Cut and Jobs Act passed in December 2017) to project the tax thresholds in future years.

There are no other changes in factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported in the schedule.

# 4. Public Employees' Retirement System - Schedule of the Borough's Contributions - ARHCT, RMP and ODD Plans

These tables are based on the Borough's contributions for each fiscal year presented. These contributions have been reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

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## **NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash and short-term investments Equity in central treasury Receivables (net of allowances for	\$ 5,469,620 16,466,933	\$ - 19,214,129	\$ 5,469,620 35,681,062
estimated uncollectibles): Taxes receivable	252,395	_	252,395
Accounts receivable	381,616	- -	381,616
Land sale contracts receivable:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Current	110,806	-	110,806
Delinquent	69,468	-	69,468
Due from other governments	611,138	1,033,065	1,644,203
Land sale contracts receivable -			
long-term	496,987	-	496,987
Restricted assets - equity in central treasury - unspent bond proceeds		2,412,604	2,412,604
Total assets	\$ 23,858,963	\$ 22,659,798	\$ 46,518,761
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balan	ices		
Liabilities:			
Accounts and retainage payable	886,059	977,202	1,863,261
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits	214,013	3,272	217,285
Due to General Fund	338,454	-	338,454
Unearned grant revenue	50,931	153,629	204,560
Total liabilities	1,489,457	1,134,103	2,623,560
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Prepaid property taxes	2,202,888	-	2,202,888
Property tax receivable - unavailable	231,252	-	231,252
Land sales - unavailable	677,261		677,261
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,111,401	<del>-</del>	3,111,401
Fund Balances: Restricted:			
Hazard tree removal program	289,972	_	289,972
General government	456,281	_	456,281
Public safety	8,381,814	9,389	8,391,203
Recreation	1,347,507	-	1,347,507
Education	-	2,817,649	2,817,649
Roads	-	1,560,330	1,560,330
Committed:		220.164	220.164
Software upgrades Building maintenance and upgrades	-	238,164 422,542	238,164 422,542
Land development projects	5,549,633	422,542	5,549,633
General government	4,370	-	4,370
Public safety facilities and equipment	52,778	7,635,024	7,687,802
Recreational facility maintenance	-	643,596	643,596
School maintenance and upgrades	-	1,781,336	1,781,336
Road construction and upgrades	-	5,780,193	5,780,193
Assigned:			
Subsequent year's expenditures	1,420,327	637,472	2,057,799
General government Total fund balances	1,755,423 19,258,105	21,525,695	<u>1,755,423</u> 40,783,800
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 23,858,963	\$ 22,659,798	\$ 46,518,761
. Staabilities, deferred lillions of resources and fully balances	¥ 23,030,303	¥ 22,033,130	Ψ το, στο, / στ

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures

## and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
General property taxes	\$ 13,727,169	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,727,169
Motor vehicle tax	235,082	-	-	235,082
Intergovernmental:				
Federal	395,219	1,896,704	-	2,291,923
State	1,466,304	2,718,913	-	4,185,217
Investment earnings	748,912	606,637	-	1,355,549
Interest subsidy	-	-	274,314	274,314
Other revenues	3,682,978	375,038		4,058,016
Total revenues	20,255,664	5,597,292	274,314	26,127,270
Expenditures:				
General government	2,059,235	80,308	<del>-</del>	2,139,543
Public safety	12,891,705	958,541	_	13,850,246
Recreation	1,932,614	202,367	_	2,134,981
Education	-	1,087,820	-	1,087,820
Environmental protection	2,448	, , , <u>-</u>	_	2,448
Roads and trails	-	4,583,874	-	4,583,874
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	3,575,000	3,575,000
Interest and other	-	-	2,101,138	2,101,138
Total expenditures	16,886,002	6,912,910	5,676,138	29,475,050
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	3,369,662	(1,315,618)	(5,401,824)	(3,347,780)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	6,662,606	5,547,886	5,401,824	17,612,316
Transfers out	(7,668,085)	(7,500)		(7,675,585)
Net other financing sources (uses)	(1,005,479)	5,540,386	5,401,824	9,936,731
Net change in fund balances	2,364,183	4,224,768	-	6,588,951
Fund balances at beginning of year	16,893,922	17,300,927	<u> </u>	34,194,849
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 19,258,105	\$ 21,525,695	\$ -	\$ 40,783,800

#### Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Pages 98-117

Special revenue funds are used for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for a specific purpose.

**Bear Creek Fire Service Area** – This fund is used to account for operating expenditures of the Bear Creek Fire Service Area.

**Anchor Point Fire and Emergency Medical Service Area** – This fund is used to account for operating expenditures of the Anchor Point Fire and Emergency Medical Service Area.

**Central Emergency Service Area** – This fund is used to account for operating expenditures of the Central Emergency Service Area.

**Kachemak Emergency Service Area** – This fund is used to account for operating expenditures of the Kachemak Emergency Service Area.

**Central Peninsula Emergency Medical Service Area** — This fund is used to account for operating expenditures of the Central Peninsula Emergency Medical Service Area.

**North Peninsula Recreation Service Area** – This fund is used to account for operating expenditures of the North Peninsula Recreation Service Area.

**Seldovia Recreational Service Area** – This fund is used to account for operating expenditures of the Seldovia Recreational Service Area.

**Eastern Peninsula Highway Emergency Service Area –** This fund is used to account for operating expenditures of the Eastern Peninsula Highway Emergency Service Area.

Land Trust - This fund is used to account for expenditures of the Land Trust Fund.

**Land Trust Investment Fund** – This fund is used to account for the proceeds of the borough land sales and the financial assets if the Land Trust Fund in excess of annual operating needs.

**Seward Bear Creek Flood Service Area** – This fund is used to account for operating expenditures of the Seward Bear Creek Flood Service Area.

**Environmental Protection Programs** – This fund is used to account for expenditures of the environmental protection programs.

**Disaster Relief** – This fund is used to account for expenditures of the Disaster Relief program.

**911 Communications** – This fund is used to account for expenditures of the Borough's 911 communications service.

**Miscellaneous Grants** – This fund is used to account for expenditures of miscellaneous grants received from the State of Alaska and the Federal Government.

**Nikiski Senior Service Area** – This fund is used to account for expenditures to provide services and programs to senior citizens within the service area.

### Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	Bear Creek Fire Service Area			nchor Point Fire and mergency dical Service Area	Central Emergency Service Area	
<u>Assets</u>	_	200	_	7.504	_	44.250
Cash and short-term investments	\$	200	\$	7,504	\$	44,350
Equity in central treasury		507,571		1,126,667		5,470,689
Receivables (net of allowances for						
estimated uncollectibles):		12 142		FC 022		110 215
Taxes receivable		13,142		56,933		119,215
Accounts receivable  Land sale contracts receivable:		20		15,200		177,194
Current		_		_		_
Delinquent		_		_		_
Due from other governments		21,992		3,925		80,074
Land sale contracts receivable -		21/332		3,323		00,07
long-term						
Total assets	\$	542,925	\$	1,210,229	\$	5,891,522
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balan	<u>nces</u>					
Liabilities:		7.251		24.264		20.072
Accounts and retainage payable		7,351		24,264		38,073
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits  Due to the General Fund		8,616		9,080		120,971
		-		-		-
Unearned grant revenue Total liabilities		15,967		33,344		159,044
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Prepaid property taxes		4,400		431,233		357,072
Property tax receivable - unavailable		12,943		55,488		104,034
Land sales - unavailable  Total deferred inflows of resources		17,343		486,721		461,106
Total deferred lilliows of resources		17,545		400,721		401,100
Fund Balances: Restricted:						
Hazard tree removal program		_		_		_
General government		-		_		_
Public safety		498,677		25,593		5,271,372
Recreation		-		-		-
Committed:						
Land development projects		-		-		-
General government		-		-		-
Public safety facilities and equipment		-		-		-
Assigned:						
Subsequent year's expenditures		10,938		664,571		-
General government		_				-
Total fund balances		509,615		690,164		5,271,372
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and resources and fund balance	es <u>\$</u>	542,925	\$	1,210,229	\$	5,891,522

E	Kachemak Emergency ervice Area	Eme Medica	Peninsula ergency al Service Area	F	Recreation Re		Seldovia creational rvice Area	P H Er	Eastern eninsula Highway nergency rvice Area
\$	281	\$	_	\$	200	\$	100	\$	_
·	464,414	·	13	·	3,141,018	·	93,240	·	538,251
	18,202		54		30,868		3,604		-
	9,995		-		99		39		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	9,154				6,216		98		-
							-		
\$	502,046	\$	67	\$	3,178,401	\$	97,081	\$	538,251
	7,931 11,653		-		30,264 23,657		8,937 -		3,816 929
	-		-		-		-		-
	19,584		-		53,921		8,937		4,745
			4.5						
	11,387 15,952		13 54		1,171,766 29,790		463 3,025		-
	27,339		67		1,201,556		3,488		<del>-</del>
	_		_		_		_		_
	-		-		-		-		-
	438,630		-		-		-		533,506
	-		-		1,264,792		82,715		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	- 16,493		-		-		-		-
	-		-		658,132		1,941		-
	455,123		<u>-</u>		1,922,924		- 84,656		533,506
<u></u>	_	<u></u>	67	<u></u>		<u> </u>	_	<u></u>	
Þ	502,046	<b>P</b>	67	\$	3,178,401	\$	97,081	\$	538,251

### Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet, continued June 30, 2019

	Land Trust	Land Trust Investment	Seward Bear Creek Flood Service Area
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash and short-term investments	\$ -	\$ 5,416,985	\$ -
Equity in central treasury	1,912,776	-	599,708
Receivables (net of allowances for			
estimated uncollectibles):			
Taxes receivable	-	-	4,776
Accounts receivable	7,539	-	5
Land sale contracts receivable:			
Current	110,806	-	-
Delinquent	69,468	-	-
Due from other governments	-	-	116,869
Land sale contracts receivable -			
long-term	496,987		
Total assets	\$ 2,597,576	\$ 5,416,985	\$ 721,358
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balan	<u>ces</u>		
Liabilities:			
Accounts and retainage payable	20,936	671	31,639
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits	9,298	-	3,260
Due to General Fund	-	1,339	-
Unearned grant revenue			
Total liabilities	30,234	2,010	34,899
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Prepaid property taxes	-	-	2,334
Property tax receivable - unavailable	-	-	4,503
Land sales - unavailable	677,261		
Total deferred inflows of resources	677,261		6,837
Fund Balances:			
Restricted:			
Hazard tree removal program	-	-	-
General government	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	679,622
Recreation	-	-	-
Committed:			
Land development projects	134,658	5,414,975	-
General government	-	-	-
Public safety facilities and equipment	-	-	-
Assigned:			
Subsequent year's expenditures	-	-	-
General government	1,755,423		
Total fund balances	1,890,081	5,414,975	679,622
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 2,597,576	\$ 5,416,985	\$ 721,358

Environmental Protection Programs Disaster Relief		Relief	Comi	911 Communications		Miscellaneous Grants		Nikiski Senior Service Area		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	5,469,620
Ψ	289,972		351,116	Ψ	860,770	Ψ	596,288	Ψ	514,440	Ψ	16,466,933
	_		-		-		_		5,601		252,395
	-		-		171,525		-		-		381,616
	_		_		_		_		_		110,806
	_		_		_		_		_		69,468
	-		-		19,003		352,804		1,003		611,138
											496,987
\$	289,972	\$	351,116	\$	1,051,298	\$	949,092	\$	521,044		23,858,963
	-		1,870		17,721		680,083		12,503		886,059
	-		-		26,549		-		-		214,013
	-		337,115		-		-		-		338,454
			_		_		50,931				50,931
			338,985		44,270		731,014		12,503		1,489,457
	-		-		-		-		224,220		2,202,888
	-		-		-		-		5,463		231,252
				-				-			677,261
									229,683		3,111,401
	289,972		_		-		-		_		289,972
	-		-		-		177,423		278,858		456,281
	-		12,131		922,283		-		-		8,381,814
	-		-		-		-		-		1,347,507
	-		-		-		_		-		5,549,633
	-		-		-		4,370		-		4,370
	-		-		-		36,285		-		52,778
	-		-		84,745		-		-		1,420,327
	_		_				_				1,755,423
	289,972		12,131		1,007,028		218,078		278,858		19,258,105
\$	289,972	\$	351,116	\$	1,051,298	\$	949,092	\$	521,044	\$	23,858,963

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Bear Creek Fire Service Area		nor Point Fire I Emergency dical Service Area	Central Emergency Service Area		
Revenues:						
General property taxes	\$ 567,945	\$	1,129,038	\$	8,291,564	
Motor vehicle tax	15,970		11,902		148,778	
Intergovernmental:						
Federal	10,337		15,000		-	
State	20,066		17,060		227,947	
Investment earnings	22,477		36,657		247,352	
Other revenues	 54,642		82,029		770,814	
Total revenues	 691,437		1,291,686		9,686,455	
Expenditures:						
General government	-		_		-	
Public safety	409,517		837,874		7,330,390	
Recreation	-		-		-	
Environmental protection	_					
Total expenditures	 409,517		837,874		7,330,390	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	 281,920		453,812		2,356,065	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-		-		7,476	
Transfers out	 (147,020)		(174,780)		(1,141,892)	
Net other financing sources (uses)	 (147,020)		(174,780)		(1,134,416)	
Net change in fund balances	134,900		279,032		1,221,649	
Fund balances at beginning of year	 374,715		411,132		4,049,723	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 509,615	\$	690,164	\$	5,271,372	

Kachemak Emergency ervice Area	Central Peninsula Emergency Medical Service Area		Emergency North Peninsula Medical Service Recreation		Red	Seldovia Recreational Service Area		Eastern Peninsula Highway Emergency Service Area		
\$ 1,093,773	\$	7,390	\$	1,862,207	\$	52,867	\$	-		
27,757		-		18,849		295		-		
14,126		-		-		-		-		
19,367		-		35,447		-		-		
34,254		-		98,639		3,855		21,172		
 32,645				239,254		751				
 1,221,922		7,390		2,254,396		57,768		21,172		
- 905,987 -		- - -		- - 1,879,489		- - 53,125		- 135,942 -		
-		-		, , -		-		-		
905,987		-		1,879,489		53,125		135,942		
 315,935		7,390		374,907		4,643_		(114,770)		
-		-		-		-		350,000		
(481,917)		(7,476)		(440,000)				_		
 (481,917)		(7,476)		(440,000)				350,000		
(165,982)		(86)		(65,093)		4,643		235,230		
 621,105		86		1,988,017		80,013		298,276		
\$ 455,123	\$		\$	1,922,924	\$	84,656	\$	533,506		

Kenai Peninsula Borough
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances, continued
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Land Trust	Land Trust Investment	Seward Bear Creek Flood Service Area	Environmental Protection Programs	
Revenues:					
General property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 376,559	\$ -	
Motor vehicle tax	-	-	8,489	-	
Intergovernmental:					
Federal	-	-	-	-	
State	19,114	-	5,723	-	
Investment earnings	92,686	139,975	26,246	10,716	
Other revenues	771,549				
Total revenues	883,349	139,975	417,017	10,716	
Expenditures:					
General government	750,559	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	313,650	-	
Recreation	-	-	-	-	
Environmental protection					
Total expenditures	750,559		313,650		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	132,790	139,975	103,367	10,716	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	5,275,000	-	-	
Transfers out	(5,275,000)				
Net other financing sources (uses)	(5,275,000)	5,275,000			
Net change in fund balances	(5,142,210)	5,414,975	103,367	10,716	
Fund balances at beginning of year	7,032,291		576,255	279,256	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,890,081	\$ 5,414,975	\$ 679,622	\$ 289,972	

Disaster Relief		911 Communications		Miscellaneous Grants		Nikiski Senior Service Area		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	345,826	\$	13,727,169	
	-		-		-		3,042		235,082	
	-		-		355,756		-		395,219	
	-		165,568		956,012		-		1,466,304	
	-		-		-		14,883		748,912	
			1,731,294				-		3,682,978	
			1,896,862		1,311,768		363,751		20,255,664	
	-		-		913,791		394,885		2,059,235	
	436,654		2,196,744		324,947		-		12,891,705	
	-		-		-		-		1,932,614	
					2,448		-		2,448	
	436,654		2,196,744		1,241,186		394,885		16,886,002	
	(436,654)		(299,882)		70,582		(31,134)		3,369,662	
	_		_							
	436,654		540,495		-		52,981		6,662,606	
	-		-		-		-		(7,668,085)	
	436,654		540,495				52,981		(1,005,479)	
	-		240,613		70,582		21,847		2,364,183	
	12,131		766,415		147,496		257,011		16,893,922	
\$	12,131	\$	1,007,028	\$	218,078	\$	278,858	\$	19,258,105	

Bear Creek Fire Service Area Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted Amounts				ariance Positive
		Original		Final	 Actual	legative)
Revenues:						
General property taxes	\$	572,958	\$	572,958	\$ 567,945	\$ (5,013)
Motor vehicle tax		16,038		16,038	15,970	(68)
Intergovernmental:						
Federal		-		10,337	10,337	-
State		-		7,841	20,066	12,225
Investment earnings		4,839		4,839	22,477	17,638
Other revenues		57,902		57,902	 54,642	 (3,260)
Total revenues	_	651,737		669,915	 691,437	 21,522
Expenditures:						
Public Safety:						
Personnel		243,675		251,516	235,552	15,964
Supplies		26,075		29,075	20,747	8,328
Services		190,629		186,743	139,070	47,673
Capital outlay		5,694		16,918	14,148	2,770
Total expenditures		466,073		484,252	409,517	74,735
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	20					
over expenditures		185,664		185,663	 281,920	 96,257
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out		(147,020)		(147,020)	 (147,020)	 
Net change in fund balance		38,644		38,643	134,900	96,257
Fund balance at beginning of year		374,715	_	374,715	 374,715	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	413,359	\$	413,358	\$ 509,615	\$ 96,257

## Anchor Point Fire and Emergency Medical Service Area Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
General property taxes	\$ 1,118,888	\$ 1,118,888	\$ 1,129,038	\$ 10,150
Motor vehicle tax	12,468	12,468	11,902	(566)
Intergovernmental:				
Federal	-	15,000	15,000	-
State	-	17,060	17,060	-
Investment earnings	5,949	5,949	36,657	30,708
Other revenues	65,000	65,000	82,029	17,029
Total revenues	1,202,305	1,234,365	1,291,686	57,321
Expenditures:				
Public Safety:				
Personnel	652,090	669,150	522,759	146,391
Supplies	87,050	87,050	50,651	36,399
Services	222,138	222,303	180,334	41,969
Capital outlay	72,273	87,108	84,130	2,978
Total expenditures	1,033,551	1,065,611	837,874	227,737
Excess (deficiency) of revenu	ies			
over expenditures	168,754	168,754	453,812	285,058
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out	(174,780)	(174,780)	(174,780)	
Net change in fund balance	(6,026)	(6,026)	279,032	285,058
Fund balance at beginning of year	r <u>411,132</u>	411,132	411,132	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 405,106	\$ 405,106	\$ 690,164	\$ 285,058

Central Emergency Service Area Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
General property taxes	\$ 8,323,067	\$ 8,323,067	\$ 8,291,564	\$ (31,503)
Motor vehicle tax	147,122	147,122	148,778	1,656
Intergovernmental:				
State	-	214,661	227,947	13,286
Investment earnings	49,202	49,202	247,352	198,150
Other revenues	710,000	710,000	770,814	60,814
Total revenues	9,229,391	9,444,052	9,686,455	242,403
Expenditures:				
Public Safety:				
Personnel	6,639,852	6,854,513	5,914,043	940,470
Supplies	369,710	368,325	274,095	94,230
Services	1,271,746	1,271,416	1,057,920	213,496
Capital outlay	83,138	84,853	84,332	521
Total expenditures	8,364,446	8,579,107	7,330,390	1,248,717
Excess (deficiency) of rever	nues			
over expenditures	864,945	864,945	2,356,065	1,491,120
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	7,614	7,614	7,476	(138)
Transfers out	(1,141,892)	(1,141,892)	(1,141,892)	
Net other financing sources (use	es) <u>(1,134,278)</u>	(1,134,278)	(1,134,416)	(138)
Net change in fund balance	(269,333)	(269,333)	1,221,649	1,490,982
Fund balance at beginning of ye	ear <u>4,049,723</u>	4,049,723	4,049,723	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,780,390	\$ 3,780,390	\$ 5,271,372	\$ 1,490,982

Kachemak Emergency Service Area Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
General property taxes	\$ 1,091,015	\$ 1,091,015	\$ 1,093,773	\$ 2,758
Motor vehicle tax	28,324	28,324	27,757	(567)
Intergovernmental:				
Federal	-	14,126	14,126	-
State	-	19,367	19,367	-
Investment earnings	8,928	8,928	34,254	25,326
Other revenues	30,000	30,000	32,645	2,645
Total revenues	1,158,267	1,191,760	1,221,922	30,162
Expenditures:				
Public Safety:				
Personnel	652,063	666,430	583,267	83,163
Supplies	90,000	85,317	60,860	24,457
Services	205,791	210,630	191,780	18,850
Capital outlay	75,000	89,798	70,080	19,718
Total expenditures	1,022,854	1,052,175	905,987	146,188
Excess (deficiency) of reven	ues			
over expenditures	135,413	139,585	315,935	176,350
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out	(181,917)	(481,917)	(481,917)	
Net change in fund balance	(46,504)	(342,332)	(165,982)	176,350
Fund balance at beginning of year	ar <u>621,105</u>	621,105	621,105	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 574,601	\$ 278,773	\$ 455,123	\$ 176,350

Central Peninsula Emergency Medical Service Area Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgete	d Amou	nts			Variance Positive		
	0	riginal		Final	Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues:									
General property taxes	\$	7,614	\$	7,614	\$	7,390	\$ (224)		
Expenditures:									
Public Safety:									
Services							 		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	s								
over expenditures		7,614		7,614		7,390	 (224)		
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers out		(7,614)		(7,614)		(7,476)	 138		
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(86)	(86)		
Fund balance at beginning of year		86		86		86_	 		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	86	\$	86	\$		\$ (86)		

North Peninsula Recreation Service Area Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
General property taxes	\$ 1,866,777	\$ 1,866,777	\$ 1,862,207	\$ (4,570)		
Motor vehicle tax	18,982	18,982	18,849	(133)		
Intergovernmental:						
Federal	-	-	-	-		
State	-	35,447	35,447	-		
Investment earnings	29,256	29,256	98,639	69,383		
Other revenues	219,089	219,089	239,254	20,165		
Total revenues	2,134,104	2,169,551	2,254,396	84,845		
Expenditures:						
Recreation:						
Personnel	1,242,074	1,277,521	1,206,042	71,479		
Supplies	134,600	132,600	119,415	13,185		
Services	576,724	576,724	542,240	34,484		
Capital outlay	10,200	12,200	11,792	408		
Total expenditures	1,963,598	1,999,045	1,879,489	119,556		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	ues					
over expenditures	170,506	170,506	374,907	204,401		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out	(350,000)	(440,000)	(440,000)			
Net change in fund balance	(179,494)	(269,494)	(65,093)	204,401		
Fund balance at beginning of year	ar1,988,017_	1,988,017	1,988,017			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,808,523	\$ 1,718,523	\$ 1,922,924	\$ 204,401		

Seldovia Recreational Service Area Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
General property taxes	\$ 54,625	\$ 54,625	\$ 52,867	\$ (1,758)		
Motor vehicle tax	375	375	295	(80)		
Investment earnings	999	999	3,855	2,856		
Other revenues	1,050	1,050	751	(299)		
Total revenues	57,049	57,049	57,768	719_		
Expenditures:  Recreation:						
Supplies	5,700	6,631	3,846	2,785		
Services	62,805	62,499	49,104	13,395		
Capital outlay	800	175	175	13,393		
Total expenditures	69,305	69,305	53,125	16,180		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(12,256)	(12,256)	4,643	16,899		
Fund balance at beginning of year	80,013	80,013	80,013			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 67,757	\$ 67,757	\$ 84,656	\$ 16,899		

Eastern Peninsula Highway Emergency Service Area Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Investment earnings	\$ 2,844	\$ 2,844	\$ 21,172	\$ 18,328		
Other revenues	56,800	56,800		(56,800)		
Total revenues	59,644	59,644	21,172	(38,472)		
Expenditures:						
Public Safety:						
Supplies	4,354	4,354	2,384	1,970		
Services	402,446	402,446	133,558	268,888		
Total expenditures	406,800	406,800	135,942	270,858		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	es					
over expenditures	(347,156)	(347,156)	(114,770)	232,386		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	350,000	350,000	350,000			
Net change in fund balance	2,844	2,844	235,230	232,386		
Fund balance at beginning of year	298,276	298,276	298,276			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 301,120	\$ 301,120	\$ 533,506	\$ 232,386		

Land Trust Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental:				
State	\$ -	\$ 19,114	\$ 19,114	\$ -
Investment earnings	65,763	65,763	92,686	26,923
Payments on land contracts	695,000	695,000	285,505	(409,495)
Land leases	120,000	120,000	87,451	(32,549)
Timber and gravel sales	100,000	100,000	282,167	182,167
Miscellaneous	85,000	85,000	116,426	31,426
Total revenues	1,065,763	1,084,877	883,349	(201,528)
Expenditures: General government:				
Personnel	653,956	697,340	572,258	125,082
Supplies	8,900	8,900	2,166	6,734
Services	421,549	424,008	171,681	252,327
Capital outlay	5,300	5,300	4,454	846
Total expenditures	1,089,705	1,135,548	750,559	384,988
·			<u> </u>	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	es (23,942)_	(50,671)	132,790	183,461
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out		(5,275,000)	(5,275,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(23,942)	(5,325,671)	(5,142,210)	183,461
Fund balance at beginning of year	7,032,291	7,032,291	7,032,291	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 7,008,349	\$ 1,706,620	\$ 1,890,081	\$ 183,461

Seward Bear Creek Flood Service Area Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
General property taxes	\$ 367,504	\$ 367,504	\$ 376,559	\$ 9,055		
Motor vehicle tax	9,658	9,658	8,489	(1,169)		
Intergovernmental:						
State	-	5,723	5,723	-		
Investment earnings	4,369	4,369	26,246	21,877		
Total revenues	381,531	387,254	417,017	29,763		
Expenditures:						
Public Safety:						
Personnel	177,207	190,510	171,972	18,538		
Supplies	4,600	3,719	2,535	1,184		
Services	195,238	277,870	137,220	140,650		
Capital outlay	2,000	2,000	1,923	77		
Total expenditures	379,045	474,099	313,650	160,449		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	2,486	(86,845)	103,367	190,212		
Fund balance at beginning of year	576,255	576,255	576,255			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 578,741	\$ 489,410	\$ 679,622	\$ 190,212		

911 Communications Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
911 service fee	\$ 1,631,688	\$ 1,631,688	\$ 1,731,163	\$ 99,475
Intergovernmental:				
State	105,000	157,217	165,568	8,351
Other revenues			131	131
Total revenues	1,736,688	1,788,905	1,896,862	107,957
Expenditures: Public Safety:				
Personnel	1,685,675	1,737,892	1,650,554	87,338
Supplies	11,700	14,114	13,177	937
Services	619,916	617,502	503,492	114,010
Capital outlay	34,035	34,035	29,521	4,514
Total expenditures	2,351,326	2,403,543	2,196,744	206,799
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	S			
over expenditures	(614,638)	(614,638)	(299,882)	314,756
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	540,495	540,495	540,495	
Net change in fund balance	(74,143)	(74,143)	240,613	314,756
Fund balance at beginning of year	766,415	766,415	766,415	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 692,272	\$ 692,272	\$ 1,007,028	\$ 314,756

Nikiski Senior Service Area Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Positive		
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
General property taxes	\$ 345,278	\$ 345,278	\$ 345,826	\$ 548		
Motor vehicle tax	3,064	3,064	3,042	(22)		
Investment earnings	3,835	3,835	14,883	11,048		
Total revenues	352,177	352,177	363,751	11,574		
Expenditures:						
General government:						
Services	398,200	398,200	394,885	3,315		
Total expenditures	398,200	398,200	394,885	3,315		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	es					
over expenditures	(46,023)	(46,023)	(31,134)	14,889		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	52,981	52,981	52,981			
Net change in fund balance	6,958	6,958	21,847	14,889		
Fund balance at beginning of year	257,011	257,011	257,011			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 263,969	\$ 263,969	\$ 278,858	\$ 14,889		

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#### Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Pages 120-125

Capital Project funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

**School Revenue** – This fund is used to account for acquisition and construction of school facilities funded by the Borough.

**Bond Fund** – This fund is used to account for all school projects funded with bond proceeds.

**General Government** – This fund is used to account for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities for the general government.

**Road Service Area** – This fund is used to account for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the Road Service Area.

**Nikiski Fire Service Area** – This fund is used to account for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the Nikiski Fire Service Area.

**Bear Creek Fire Service Area** – This fund is used to account for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the Bear Creek Fire Service Area.

**Central Emergency Service Area** – This fund is used to account for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the Central Emergency Service Area.

**Anchor Point Fire and Emergency Medical Service Area** – This fund is used to account for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the Anchor Point Fire and Emergency Medical Service Area.

**Kachemak Emergency Service Area** – This fund is used to account for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the Kachemak Emergency Service Area.

**911** Communications — This fund is used to account for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the 911 Communications.

**North Peninsula Recreation Service Area** – This fund is used to account for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the North Peninsula Recreation Service Area.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Combining Balance Sheet
June 30, 2019

	School Revenue		Bond Funded Capital Projects		General Government		Road Service Area	
<u>Assets</u>								
Equity in central treasury  Due from other governments  Restricted Assets - equity in central treasury -	\$	2,211,468 28,176	\$	286,657 -	\$	661,506 -	\$	7,690,811 1,004,889
unspent bond proceeds		-		2,377,363				
Total assets	\$	2,239,644	\$	2,664,020	\$	661,506	\$	8,695,700
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u>								
Liabilities:								
Accounts and retainage payable		148,294		-		284		819,502
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits		2,756		-		516		-
Unearned grant revenue		153,629				-		-
Total liabilities		304,679		-		800		819,502
Fund balances:								
Restricted:								
Education		153,629		2,664,020		-		-
Roads		-		-		-		1,560,330
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Committed:								
Software upgrades		-		-		238,164		-
Building maintenance and upgrades		-		-		422,542		-
Public safety facilities and equipment		-		-		-		-
Recreational facility maintenance		-		-		-		-
School maintenance and upgrades		1,781,336		-		-		-
Road construction and upgrades		-		-		-		5,780,193
Assigned:								
Subsequent year's expenditures				<del>-</del>				535,675
Total fund balances		1,934,965		2,664,020		660,706		7,876,198
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,239,644	\$	2,664,020	\$	661,506	\$	8,695,700

kiski Fire rvice Area		Bear Creek Fire Service Area		Central Emergency Service Area		hor Point ire and nergency cal Service Area
\$ 4,398,927	\$	378,254	\$	1,834,229	\$	178,719
-		-		- 25 241		-
 <u>-</u> _	_	<u>-</u> _		35,241		
\$ 4,398,927	\$	378,254	\$	1,869,470	\$	178,719
776 - -		7,892 - -		454 - -		- - -
776		7,892		454		-
- - -		- - -		- - 9,389		- - -
-		-		-		-
- 4,398,151		- 370,362		- 1,859,627		- 178,719
-		, -		-		, -
-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-
 4,398,151		370,362		1,869,016		178,719
\$ 4,398,927	\$	378,254	\$	1,869,470	\$	178,719

(Continued)

### Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	En	achemak nergency rvice Area	Com	911 munications	Re	North eninsula ecreation rvice Area	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
<u>Assets</u>							
Equity in central treasury  Due from other governments  Restricted Assets - equity in central treasury -	\$	540,889 -	\$	287,276 -	\$	745,393 -	\$ 19,214,129 1,033,065
unspent bond proceeds				<u>-</u>			2,412,604
Total assets	\$	540,889	\$	287,276	\$	745,393	\$ 22,659,798
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts and retainage payable		-		-		-	977,202
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits		-		-		-	3,272
Unearned grant revenue		_		_			153,629
Total liabilities							1,134,103
Fund balances:							
Restricted:							
Education		-		-		-	2,817,649
Roads		-		-		-	1,560,330
Public safety		-		-		-	9,389
Committed:							
Software upgrades		-		-		-	238,164
Building maintenance and upgrades		-		-		-	422,542
Public safety facilities and equipment		540,889		287,276		-	7,635,024
Recreational facility maintenance		-		=		643,596	643,596
School maintenance and upgrades		-		-		-	1,781,336
Road construction and upgrades		-		-		-	5,780,193
Assigned: Subsequent year's expenditures		-		_		101,797	637,472
Total fund balances		540,889		287,276		745,393	21,525,695
Total fully balances		J70,003		207,270		/ 73,333	21,323,033
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	540,889	\$	287,276	\$	745,393	\$ 22,659,798

### Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures

### and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	School Revenue	Bond Funded Capital Projects	General Government	Road Service Area	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental:					
Federal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,896,704	
State	32,109	-	-	2,686,804	
Investment earnings	-	55,586	-	252,007	
Other revenues	300,038		<u> </u>		
Total revenues	332,147	55,586		4,835,515	
Expenditures:					
General government	-	-	80,308	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Recreation	-	-	-	-	
Education	1,063,519	24,301	-	-	
Roads and trails			<u> </u>	4,583,874	
Total expenditures	1,063,519	24,301	80,308	4,583,874	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(731,372)	31,285	(80,308)	251,641	
Other financing sources (uses):	4 622 500			1 750 000	
Transfers in Transfers out	1,632,500	-	- (7 E00)	1,750,000	
Net other financing sources (uses)	1,632,500	<u> </u>	(7,500) (7,500)	1,750,000	
ite earer manang eeuree (acce)			(1,1000)		
Net change in fund balances	901,128	31,285	(87,808)	2,001,641	
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,033,837	2,632,735	748,514	5,874,557	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,934,965	\$ 2,664,020	\$ 660,706	\$ 7,876,198	

(Continued)

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures

### and Changes in Fund Balances, continued

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Nikiski Fire Service Area	Bear Creek Fire Service Area	Central Emergency Service Area	Anchor Point Fire and Emergency Medical Service Area		
Revenues:	Sci vice Area	Sci vice Area	Sci vice Area	Aica		
Intergovernmental:						
Federal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
State	-	-	-	-		
Investment earnings	165,496	14,027	73,535	6,927		
Other revenues				<u> </u>		
Total revenues	165,496	14,027	73,535	6,927		
Expenditures:						
General government	-	-	-	-		
Public safety	255,726	31,991	467,753	168,794		
Recreation	-	-	-	-		
Education	-	-	-	-		
Roads and trails						
Total expenditures	255,726	31,991	467,753	168,794		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(90,230)	(17,964)	(394,218)	(161,867)		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	500,000	50,000	550,000	160,000		
Transfers out						
Net other financing sources (uses)	500,000	50,000	550,000	160,000		
Net change in fund balances	409,770	32,036	155,782	(1,867)		
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,988,381	338,326	1,713,234	180,586		
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 4,398,151	\$ 370,362	\$ 1,869,016	\$ 178,719		

Eme	chemak ergency ice Area		911 unications	Pe Re	North Peninsula Recreation Service Area		Total Nonmajor Capital Jjects Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,896,704
	-		-		-		2,718,913
	11,163		-		27,896		606,637
			75,000		_		375,038
	11,163		75,000		27,896		5,597,292
							80,308
	- 6,870		- 27,407		_		958,541
	0,870		27,407		202,367		202,367
	_		_		202,307		1,087,820
	_		_		_		4,583,874
	6,870		27,407		202,367	-	6,912,910
			, -		- ,		
	4,293		47,593		(174,471)		(1,315,618)
	465.206				440.000		F F47 00 <i>C</i>
	465,386		-		440,000		5,547,886 (7,500)
	465,386	-	<del>-</del>		440,000		5,540,386
	. 30,000						
	469,679		47,593		265,529		4,224,768
	71,210		239,683		479,864		17,300,927
\$	540,889	\$	287,276	\$	745,393	\$	21,525,695

#### Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Pages 127-132

**General Government**, **School Debt** – This fund is used to account for payments associated with general obligation bonds for construction of capital facilities of the general government, including schools.

**Solid Waste** – This fund is used to account for payments associated with general obligation bonds for construction of capital facilities and acquisition of equipment for the Solid Waste Program.

**Bear Creek Fire Service Area** – This fund is used to account for payments associated with general obligation bonds for construction of capital facilities and purchase of fire-fighting equipment of the Bear Creek Fire Service Area.

**Central Emergency Services** – This fund is used to account for payments associated with general obligation bonds for construction of capital facilities and purchase of fire-fighting equipment of the Central Emergency Services Service Area.

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	General Government			Bear (	Bear Creek Central		Total Nonmajor			
	School	Debt	Solid	Waste	Fire Service Area		Emergency Services		Debt Service Funds	
<u>Assets</u>	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Total assets	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Fund balances										
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	

# Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General G	overnment	Bear Creek	Total Nonmajor	
	School Debt	Solid Waste	Fire Service Area	Central Emergency Services	Debt Service Funds
Revenues:					
Interest subsidy	\$ 274,314	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 274,314
Expenditures: Debt service:					
Principal	2,390,000	835,000	50,000	300,000	3,575,000
Interest and other	1,677,180	230,250	47,020	146,688	2,101,138
Total expenditures	4,067,180	1,065,250	97,020	446,688	5,676,138
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(3,792,866)	(1,065,250)	(97,020)	(446,688)	(5,401,824)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	3,792,866	1,065,250	97,020	446,688	5,401,824
Net change in fund balances	-	-	-	-	-
Fund balances at beginning of year					
Fund balances at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

School Debt Service Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Interest subsidy	\$ 273,743	\$ 273,743	\$ 274,314	\$ 571		
Expenditures:						
Debt service:						
Principal	2,390,000	2,390,000	2,390,000	-		
Interest and other	1,685,305	1,685,305	1,677,180	8,125		
Total expenditures	4,075,305	4,075,305	4,067,180	8,125		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	es					
over expenditures	(3,801,562)	(3,801,562)	(3,792,866)	8,696		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	3,801,562	3,801,562	3,792,866	(8,696)		
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-		
Fund balance at beginning of year			<u></u>			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -		

Solid Waste Debt Service Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budge	ted Amounts		Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Expenditures:						
Debt service:						
Principal	835,000	835,000	835,000	-		
Interest and other	230,250	230,250	230,250			
Total expenditures	1,065,250	1,065,250	1,065,250			
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	es					
over expenditures	(1,065,250)	(1,065,250)	(1,065,250)			
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	1,065,250	1,065,250	1,065,250			
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-		
Fund balance at beginning of year		<u> </u>				
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -		

Bear Creek Fire Service Area Debt Service Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Bud	geted An	nounts				Variance Positive		
	Original		Final		Actu	al	(Negative)		
Revenues	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		
Expenditures:									
Debt service:									
Principal	50,00	00	50,	000	50,	,000		-	
Interest and other	47,02	20	47,	020	47	,020			
Total expenditures	97,02	20	97,	020_	97	,020			
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	S								
over expenditures	(97,02	20)	(97,	020)	(97)	,020)			
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	97,02	20	97,	020_	97	,020			
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year		<u>-</u> .				<u>-</u>			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$		\$		

Central Emergency Services Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Positive (Negative)		
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual			
Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Expenditures:						
Debt service:						
Principal	300,000	300,000	300,000	-		
Interest and other	146,688	146,688	146,688			
Total expenditures	446,688	446,688	446,688			
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	es					
over expenditures	(446,688)	(446,688)	(446,688)			
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	446,688	446,688	446,688			
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-		
Fund balance at beginning of year	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Fund balance at end of year	<u> </u>	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u>		

## INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

#### Internal Service Funds

### Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Insurance and Litigation	Employee Health Insurance	Employee Compensated Leave	Equipment Replacement	Total Internal Service Funds
<u>Assets</u>					
Current assets:					
Cash and short term investments	\$ 69,975	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 69,975
Equity in central treasury	6,427,862	2,714,985	2,882,662	3,519,603	15,545,112
Other receivables	50,996	111,482			162,478
Total current assets	6,548,833	2,826,467	2,882,662	3,519,603	15,777,565
Capital assets:					
Equipment	-	-	-	2,416,644	2,416,644
Less accumulated depreciation				(808,757)	(808,757)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)			<del>-</del> _	1,607,887	1,607,887
Total assets	6,548,833	2,826,467	2,882,662	5,127,490	17,385,452
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities:					
Accounts and contracts payable	85,057	1,362	-	54,520	140,939
Accrued payroll and payroll benefits	9,055	-	-	-	9,055
Claims payable	2,290,132	772,000	-	-	3,062,132
Compensated absences	7,664		720,666		728,330
Total current liabilities	2,391,908	773,362	720,666	54,520	3,940,456
Noncurrent liabilities-					
compensated absences	22,993		2,161,996		2,184,989
Total liabilities	2,414,901	773,362	2,882,662	54,520	6,125,445
Net Position				4 607 007	
Investment in capital assets	-	-	-	1,607,887	1,607,887
Unrestricted	4,133,932	2,053,105		3,465,083	9,652,120
Total net position	\$ 4,133,932	\$ 2,053,105	\$ -	\$ 5,072,970	\$ 11,260,007

#### Internal Service Funds

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Insurance and Litigation	Employee Health Insurance	Employee Compensated Leave	Equipment Replacement	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:					
Charges for sales and services	\$ 3,804,495	\$ 7,150,272	\$ 2,203,975	\$ 624,575	\$ 13,783,317
Other operating revenues -					
PERS on-behalf	12,521				12,521
Total operating revenues	3,817,016	7,150,272	2,203,975	624,575	13,795,838
Operating expenses:					
Administrative services	625,711	385,862	2,203,975	-	3,215,548
Insurance premiums	2,033,345	758,038	-	-	2,791,383
Self-insured losses	2,127,826	5,893,145	-	-	8,020,971
Depreciation	-	-	-	490,349	490,349
Total operating expenses	4,786,882	7,037,045	2,203,975	490,349	14,518,251
Operating income (loss)	(969,866)	113,227		134,226	(722,413)
Non-operating revenues (expenses	):				
Investment earnings	279,967	97,350	-	129,568	506,885
Loss on disposal of assets	-	-	-	(491,916)	(491,916)
Other	38,012				38,012
Net non-operating revenues (expenses	)317,979	97,350		(362,348)	52,981
Change in net position	(651,887)	210,577	-	(228,122)	(669,432)
Net position at beginning of year	4,785,819	1,842,528		5,301,092	11,929,439
Net position at end of year	\$ 4,133,932	\$ 2,053,105	\$ -	\$ 5,072,970	\$ 11,260,007

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Insurance and Litigation		Employee Health Insurance	Employee Compensated Leave	Equipment Replacement	Total Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 3,804,495	\$	7,150,272	\$ 2,203,975	\$ 624,575	\$ 13,783,317
Payments to suppliers	(3,842,352)		(7,007,030)	-	-	(10,849,382)
Payments to employees	(479,480)		-	(2,186,499)	-	(2,665,979)
Other program revenue - PERS on-behalf	12,521					12,521
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(504,816)		143,242	17,476	624,575	280,477
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Purchase of capital assets	_		_	_	(752,306)	(752,306)
Insurance proceeds received for liability claim	38,012		_	_	(732,300)	38,012
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related	30,012		-			30,012
	20.012				(752.206)	(74.4.20.4)
financing activities	38,012				(752,306)	(714,294)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Investment earnings	279,967		97,350		129,568	506,885
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(186,837)		240,592	17,476	1,837	73,068
Cash and equity in central treasury at beginning of year	6,684,674		2,474,393	2,865,186	3,517,766	15,542,019
Cash and equity in central treasury at end of year	\$ 6,497,837	\$	2,714,985	\$ 2,882,662	\$ 3,519,603	\$ 15,615,087
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents						
to Statement of Net Position:	¢ 60.07F	_		<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>	± 60.075
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 69,975	\$	- 2 714 00E	\$ - 2,882,662	3,519,603	\$ 69,975 15,545,112
Equity in central treasury  Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 6,427,862 \$ 6,497,837	\$	2,714,985 2,714,985	\$ 2,882,662	\$ 3,519,603	\$ 15,615,087
cash and cash equivalents, that of year	<del>*************************************</del>	<u> </u>	2,711,303	<del>+ 2,002,002</del>	<del>- + 3/313/003</del>	<del>+ 13/013/00/</del>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$ (969,866)	\$	113,227	\$ -	\$ 134,226	\$ (722,413)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation expense	-		-	-	490,349	490,349
Change in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in other receivables	(50,996)		256,653	-	-	205,657
(Increase) decrease in prepaids	79,104		-	-	-	79,104
Increase (decrease) in accounts and contracts payable	(104,279)		1,362	-	-	(102,917)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and payroll benefits	3,710		-	-	-	3,710
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	527,184		(228,000)	<u>-</u>	-	299,184
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	10,327			17,476	-	27,803
Total adjustments	465,050		30,015	17,476	490,349	1,002,890
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (504,816)	\$	143,242	\$ 17,476	\$ 624,575	\$ 280,477

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#### **FIDUCIARY FUNDS**

# Fiduciary Fund Type - Agency Funds Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2019

	<u>Tax Fund</u>	Special Assessment <u>Fund</u>	Total <u>Agency Funds</u>
<u>Assets</u>			
Equity in central treasury Taxes receivable Due from landowners	\$ 285,104 146,104 	\$ 600,870 - 1,031,442	\$ 885,974 146,104 1,031,442
Total assets	\$ 431,208	\$ 1,632,312	\$ 2,063,520
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Administration fee payable	-	80,972	80,972
Due to landowners	-	409,854	409,854
Loans payable  Due to other entities:	-	1,141,486	1,141,486
City of Homer	77,450	_	77,450
City of Kachemak City	2,026	-	2,026
City of Kenai	275,685	-	275,685
City of Seldovia	14,189	-	14,189
City of Seward	30,251	-	30,251
City of Soldotna	31,607	<del>-</del>	31,607
Total liabilities	\$ 431,208	\$ 1,632,312	\$ 2,063,520

#### Fiduciary Fund Type - Agency Funds

#### Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Total <u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Total <u>June 30, 2019</u>
Tax Agency Fund				
<u>Assets</u>				
Equity in central treasury Taxes receivable	\$ 238,004 232,498	\$ 38,481,162 9,396,909	\$ 38,434,062 9,483,303	\$ 285,104 146,104
Total assets	<u>\$ 470,502</u>	\$ 47,878,071	\$ 47,917,365	\$ 431,208
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Due to other entities: City of Homer City of Kachemak City City of Kenai City of Seldovia City of Seward City of Soldotna  Total liabilities  Special Assessment Agency Fundament	88,647 - 237,961 5,959 12,698 125,237 \$ 470,502	12,197,681 88,065 11,024,552 447,833 6,877,432 8,044,608 \$ 38,680,171	12,208,878 86,039 10,986,828 439,603 6,859,879 8,138,238 \$ 38,719,465	77,450 2,026 275,685 14,189 30,251 31,607 \$ 431,208
Equity in central treasury Due from landowners  Total assets	\$ 518,674 1,398,696	\$ 162,107 - - -	\$ 79,911 367,254	\$ 600,870 1,031,442
	\$ 1,917,370	\$ 162,107	<u>\$ 447,165</u>	\$ 1,632,312
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Administration fee payable Due to landowners Loans payable	99,525 426,909 1,390,936	59,034 111,043	18,553 76,089 360,493	80,972 409,854 1,141,486
Total liabilities	\$ 1,917,370	\$ 170,077	<u>\$ 455,135</u>	\$ 1,632,312

(continued)

#### Fiduciary Fund Type - Agency Funds

#### Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - continued

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Total			Total
	June 30, 2018	<u>Additions</u>	<b>Deductions</b>	June 30, 2019
Total - All Agency Funds				
<u>Assets</u>				
Equity in central treasury	\$ 756,678	\$ 38,643,269	\$ 38,513,973	\$ 885,974
Taxes receivable	232,498	9,396,909	9,483,303	146,104
Due from landowners	1,398,696	<u> </u>	367,254	1,031,442
Total assets	\$ 2,387,872	\$ 48,040,178	\$ 48,364,530	\$ 2,063,520
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Administration fee payable	99,525	-	18,553	80,972
Due to landowners	426,909	59,034	76,089	409,854
Loans payable	1,390,936	111,043	360,493	1,141,486
Due to other entities:				
City of Homer	88,647	12,197,681	12,208,878	77,450
City of Kachemak City	-	88,065	86,039	2,026
City of Kenai	237,961	11,024,552	10,986,828	275,685
City of Seldovia	5,959	447,833	439,603	14,189
City of Seward	12,698	6,877,432	6,859,879	30,251
City of Soldotna	125,237	8,044,608	8,138,238	31,607
Total liabilities	\$ 2,387,872	\$ 38,850,248	\$ 39,174,600	\$ 2,063,520

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#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

## Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedules by Source<sup>(1)</sup> June 30, 2019

Governmental funds capital assets:	
Land	\$ 71,118,078
Buildings	308,233,914
Improvements other than buildings	93,340,718
Machinery and equipment	39,874,129
Infrastructure	18,783,501
Construction in progress	5,821,210
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 537,171,550
Investments in governmental funds capital assets by source: General obligation bonds	\$ 282,232,549
State and federal grants	66,795,568
Federal revenue sharing	3,146,741
General Fund revenue	50,001,387
Special revenue funds	70,398,189
Contributed Capital	270,503
Dedicated Lands Donations	126,058 64,200,555
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 537,171,550

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup>This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds
Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity<sup>(1)</sup>
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Governmental Funds Capital Assets			Governmental Funds Capital Assets
Function and Activity	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>
General government	\$ 75,554,216	\$ 2,464,933	\$ 268,538	\$ 77,750,611
Senior citizens	274,451	<del>_</del>	<u> </u>	274,451
Public safety: Fire protection and emergency medical Emergency communications	50,674,036 9,381,460	759,692 213,719	611,978 	50,821,750 9,595,179
Total public safety	60,055,496	973,411	611,978	60,416,929
Solid waste facilities	52,960,074	2,281,948	<del>_</del>	55,242,022
Road maintenance: Maintenance Roads Total road maintenance	195,282 18,607,585 18,802,867	76,164 76,164	- - -	195,282 18,683,749 18,879,031
Recreation: North Peninsula Recreation service area	11,371,742	163,376	<u>-</u> _	11,535,118
Schools	313,008,266	65,122	<u> </u>	313,073,388
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 532,027,112	\$ 6,024,954	<u>\$ 880,516</u>	\$ 537,171,550

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup>This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity<sup>(1)</sup>

June 30, 2019

			Improvements Other Than			Construction	
General government:	<u>Land</u>	Buildings	Buildings	Equipment	Infrastructure	In Progress	<u>Total</u>
Administration building Maintenance Areawide Kenai River Center	\$ 203,609 64,099,456	\$ 2,702,657 1,392,155	\$ 1,798,773 33,538	\$ 3,133,846 2,404,764 - 55,378	 ₩	\$ 50,842	\$ 7,686,118 4,034,066 64,099,456 1,930,971
Total general government	64,303,065	5,970,405	1,832,311	5,593,988	1	50,842	77,750,611
Senior citizens	1	243,800	1	30,651			274,451
Public safety: Fire protection and emergency medical: Nikiski Fire service area	49.172	7.518.414	371.521	7.693.816		321.905	15.954.828
Bear Creek Fire service area	17,211	6,713,034	130,271	1,684,015	1	' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	8,544,531
Central Emergency service area Anchor Point Fire and Emergency	493,936 108,487	4,347,827 1,596,435	1,621,950 333,679	9,468,553 2,374,942		576,153 -	16,508,419 4,413,543
Medical service area Kachemak Fire and Emergency	127.270	2.637.114	24.200	2.611.845			5.400.429
Total fire protection and emergency medical	796,076	22,812,824	2,481,621	23,833,171		898,058	50,821,750
Emergency communications: Central Peninsula Emergency Services communication center Emergency warning systems		4,838,523	1,503,026	1,190,289		200,503	1,190,289
Total communications	'	4,838,523	1,503,026	3,053,127	<b>'</b>	200,503	9,595,179
Total public safety	796,076	27,651,347	3,984,647	26,886,298	•	1,098,561	60,416,929
Solid waste facilities	2,908,687	3,186,499	38,766,329	5,885,777		4,494,730	55,242,022
Road maintenance	1			195,282	18,683,749		18,879,031
Recreation: North Peninsula Recreation service area	145,640	8,513,465	2,292,126	420,511	•	163,376	11,535,118
						<u> </u>	(Continued)

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity<sup>(1)</sup>

June 30, 2019

	Land	Buildings	Improvements Other Than <u>Buildings</u>	Equipment	Infrastructure	Construction In Progress	Total
School district:							
Central office and warehouse	· •	\$ 1,791,905	5 \$ 604,290	- \$	· •	- \$	\$ 2,396,195
Schools:							
Outside cities:							
Anchor Point/Middle/Junior high	205,102			•	•	•	205,102
Central Peninsula Elementary	•		- 36,690	•	•	1	36,690
Chapman Elementary	8,500	2,597,653	3 545,363	•	•	•	3,151,516
Cooper Landing	•	1,034,989	150,986	•	•	•	1,185,975
Tebughna	1	2,531,213	3 152,551	•	•	•	2,683,764
English Bay	•	2,447,908		•	•	•	2,678,485
Hope Elementary	3,000	2,523,867		•	•	•	3,068,583
Kalifornsky Beach	258,803	4,884,108		•	•	•	5,410,360
McNeil Canyon	•	4,953,680	0 681,143	11,903	•		5,646,726
Moose Pass	28,154	901,766	6 68,404	•	•	•	998,324
Nanwalek	•	1,104,529	· 6	126,919	•	•	1,231,448
Nikiski Elementary	22,378	3,696,639		•	•	•	4,344,330
Nikiski High		22,872,128	4	2,000	•	•	27,668,607
Nikolaevsk	51,282	4,923,106	352,854	72,801	•	•	5,400,043
Ninilchik	16,399	5,869,344		54,020	99,752	•	6,493,083
North Star Elementary	•	6,076,014	₹	•	•	1	7,455,048
Port Graham	400	2,101,880	0 132,307	•	•	•	2,234,587
Skyview High	•	22,039,127	ຕົ		•	1	25,768,354
Sterling	7,450	3,744,355		34,127	•		4,466,204
Tustumena	8,001	7,883,965	က	43,849	•	•	8,239,555
Voznesenka	19,556	150,000	0 16,400	34,155	•	•	220,111
Total outside cities	629,025	102,336,271	15,139,073	382,774	99,752		118,586,895
Homer:							
West Homer Elementary	322,028	11,332,823		ı	1	ı	11,701,465
Paul Banks Elementary	23,971	2,589,112		6,143	•	•	3,299,192
High School	400,913	27,402,340	Ó	75,450	•	13,701	34,882,661
Junior High	17,024	3,197,028		•	•	•	3,957,697
Flex School Addition	29,1 <i>/</i> / 63,248	2,598,949 461 150					2,731,681 524 398
Total Homer	856.361	47 581 402	2 8 564 037	81 593	'	13 701	57 097 094
							Continued)
							Collimadu

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity<sup>(1)</sup>

June 30, 2019

			: :	Improvements Other Than	·		Construction	- - -
Konoi:	<u>Land</u>		Buildings	Rulldings	Eduipment	Intrastructure	In Progress	<u>lotal</u>
Elementary II	137.941	41	2.614.381	104.667		•	•	2.856.989
Mountain View Elementary			5,892,103	1,374,172	67,213	1		7,333,488
Sears Elementary	41,575	75	1,709,394	464,620	19,585	•	•	2,235,174
Junior High	60,499	66	4,057,399	796,734	5,990	•	•	4,920,622
High School	129,517	17	17,976,192	5,216,089	51,056	•	•	23,372,854
Vocational High	40,000	00	509,622	254,483	•	•	•	804,138
Arts and Crafts Building			118,341	•	•	•	•	118,341
Total Kenai	409,532	32	32,877,465	8,210,765	143,844	1	•	41,641,606
Seldovia: Susan B Fnolish	27 953	23	3 705 452	1 005 119		•		4 738 524
Shop Building	1,000	00	2,557,944		5,168	•	•	2,564,112
Total Seldovia	28,953	 	6,263,396	1,005,119	5,168	1		7,302,636
Seward:		;		!				
Elementary II	235,000	00	6,601,586	917,462	40,000	1	•	7,794,048
Middle	346,295	92	14,656,471	481,531	•	•		15,484,297
Jr. High/High School	182,596	96	12,722,087	2,118,247	51,421	'	'	15,074,351
Total Seward	763,891	91	33,980,144	3,517,240	91,421	1	    	38,352,696
Soldotna:	0	ç	0000	000				1
Elementary	270,048	χ	5,820,271	1,2/2,689		•		7,363,008
Redoubt Elementary			4,151,522	624,208	40,000	•	•	4,815,730
Multipurpose Room			316,186	1			•	316,186
Junior High	2,900	00	7,638,741	1,963,918	•	•		9,608,559
High School	6	006	16,273,933	4,478,021	71,484	'	•	20,824,338
Total Soldotna	276,848	48	34,200,653	8,338,836	111,484	•	1	42,927,821
Other areawide:								
Areawide pool/water projects			611,839	1,070,907	45,338	•		1,728,084
Portable classrooms			3,025,323	15,038	•		•	3,040,361
Total other areawide		•	3,637,162	1,085,945	45,338	'	'    	4,768,445
Total school district	2,964,610	10	262,668,398	46,465,305	861,622	99,752	13,701	313,073,388
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 71,118,078	\$ 82	308,233,914	\$ 93,340,718	\$ 39,874,129	\$ 18,783,501	\$ 5,821,210 \$	537,171,550

(1) This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

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163

164

165

#### Kenai Peninsula Borough

#### STATISTICAL TABLES

This part of the Kenai Peninsula Borough's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Borough's overall financial health.

Contents Financial trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Borough's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. Table I Net Position by Component 147 Table II Changes in Net Position 148-149 Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Table III 150 Table IV Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 151 Table V Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 152 Table VI Significant Revenues by Source 153 Revenue capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Borough's most significant local revenue source. Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Table VII 154 Table VIII Property Tax Rates 155 Principal Property Taxpayers Table IX 156 Table X Taxable Sales by Line of Business 157 Table XI Property Tax Levies and Collections 158 **Debt capacity** These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Borough's current level of outstanding debt and the Borough's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Table XII Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type and Per Capita 159 Table XIII Legal Debt Margin Information 160 Demographic and economic information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Borough's financial activities take place. Table XIV Demographic and Economic Statistics 161 Table XV Principal Employers 162 Operating information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Borough's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Source: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

Operating Indicators by Function

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Full-time Equivalent Borough Government Employees by Function

Table XVI

Table XVII

Table XVIII

Kenai Peninsula Borough
Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	2010	2011	2012 *	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets	\$224,474	\$225,627	\$224,040	\$221,588	\$218,646	\$208,238	\$197,331	\$192,353	\$185,045	\$180,187
Restricted	6,100	31,554	21,595	13,703	13,594	26,675	16,224	21,681	20,764	23,893
Unrestricted	59,561	28,467	30,959	42,758	46,742	15,675	26,182	11,563	10,062	22,343
Total governmental activities net position	\$290,135	\$285,648	\$276,594	\$278,049	\$278,982	\$250,588	\$239,737	\$225,597	\$215,871	\$226,423
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$50,882	\$53,690	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı
Restricted	745	828	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Unrestricted	53,188	55,651	•	•	•	1	1	•	1	1
Total business-type activities net position	\$104,815	\$110,169	•		1	-	•		-	1
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$275,356	\$279,317	\$224,040	\$221,588	\$218,646	\$208,238	\$197,331	\$192,353	\$185,045	\$180,187
Restricted	6,845	32,382	21,595	13,703	13,594	26,675	16,224	21,681	20,764	23,893
Unrestricted	112,749	84,118	30,959	42,758	46,742	15,675	26,182	11,563	10,062	22,343
Total primary government net position	\$394,950	\$395,817	\$276,594	\$278,049	\$278,982	\$250,588	\$239,737	\$225,597	\$215,871	\$226,423

\* Implementation of GASB Statement 61.

Kenai Peninsula Borough Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

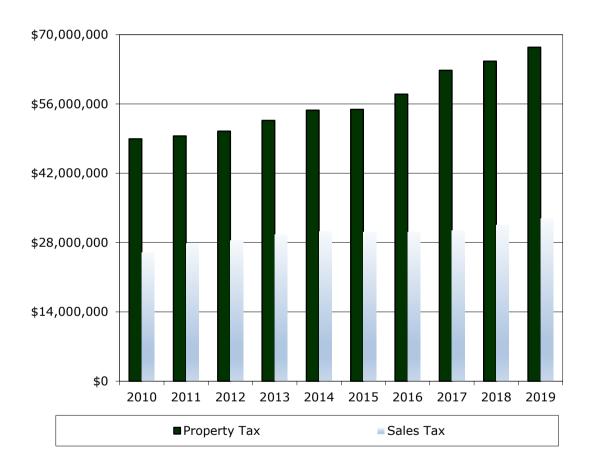
		2010		2011		2012 *		2013
Expenses								
Governmental activities:	_	17 207 520	_	10 126 562	_	17 006 207	_	10 121 225
General government Solid waste	\$	17,307,520 7,467,484	\$	18,126,563 7,536,420	\$	17,886,287 7,784,525	\$	18,131,325 7,903,125
Public safety		14,301,797		14,994,328		17,974,573		18,440,219
Recreation		1,807,974		1,511,382		1,884,148		2,421,002
Education		50,303,282		51,614,442		57,206,138		59,159,828
Environmental protection		1,278,621		2,095,777		2,047,058		1,053,278
Roads and trails		11,147,224		10,899,606		12,447,099		10,682,102
Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities expenses		935,175 104,549,077		1,290,407 108,068,925		1,445,013		1,375,115 119,165,994
Total governmental activities expenses		104,549,077		100,000,923		118,674,841		119,105,994
Business-type activities-								
Hospitals		121,676,751		134,868,579				
Total primary government evaposes	4	226 225 020	<b>+</b>	242 027 504	+	110 674 041	<b>+</b>	110 165 004
Total primary government expenses	\$	226,225,828	\$	242,937,504	\$	118,674,841	\$	119,165,994
Program revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:		F70 22F		720 655		1 160 154		1 645 426
General government Solid waste		570,325 370,883		730,655 526,970		1,162,154 817,272		1,645,436 1,456,190
Public safety		1,929,385		1,903,911		2,245,443		2,234,481
Recreation		230,075		224,696		220,883		224,667
Operating grants and contribution		3,561,640		6,330,835		7,285,211		6,656,208
Capital grants and contributions		13,259,418		5,963,765		9,727,105		17,845,053
Total governmental activities program								
revenues:		19,921,726		15,680,832		21,458,068		30,062,035
Business-type activities:								
Hospital charges for services		119,417,217		135,659,575		_		_
Operating grants and contribution		315,294		281,884		-		-
Capital grants and contributions		179,897						
Total business-type activities		119,912,408		135,941,459		-	<u> </u>	-
Total primary government program	_	120 024 124	_	151 622 201	_	24 450 060	_	20.062.025
revenues	\$	139,834,134	\$	151,622,291	\$	21,458,068	\$	30,062,035
Net (expenses)/revenue								
Government activities		(84,627,351)		(92,388,093)		(97,216,773)		(89,103,959)
Business-type activities		(1,764,343)		1,072,880		-		-
Total primary government net expense	\$	(86,391,694)	\$	(91,315,213)	\$	(97,216,773)	\$	(89,103,959)
General revenues and other changes								
in net position								
Governmental activities:								
Taxes								
Property taxes		48,932,675		49,529,435		50,485,761		52,664,077
Sales taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions		25,950,998 6,149,121		27,798,976 6,103,016		28,385,150 7,102,607		29,664,629 7,309,264
Investment earnings		2,931,268		1,699,310		2,072,921		596,346
Special items		1,199,342		748,272		2,072,321		-
Miscellaneous		2,198,057		933,987		116,156		400,698
Total governmental activities		87,361,461		86,812,996		88,162,595		90,635,014
B								
Business-type activities:		F 0.47 F20		2 025 000				
Property taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions		5,847,538		3,835,889		-		-
Investment earnings		- 453,222		327,381		- -		-
Miscellaneous		(515,750)		117,793		_		_
Total business-type activities	-	5,785,010		4,281,063		-		-
Total primary government		93,146,471		91,094,059		88,162,595		90,635,014
Changes in net position								
Governmental activities		2,734,110		(5,575,097)		(9,054,178)		1,531,055
Business-type activities		4,020,667		5,353,943		-		-
Total primary government	\$	6,754,777	\$	(221,154)	\$	(9,054,178)	\$	1,531,055

 $<sup>^{</sup>st}$  Implementation of GASB Statement 61.

 2014	2015		2016		2017	2018		2019
\$ 17,735,043 7,192,764 19,447,827 2,209,306 60,833,417 858,013 9,899,171 1,761,142 119,936,683	\$ 18,173,307 7,740,270 19,257,277 2,350,050 59,732,399 664,142 9,890,591 2,013,946 119,821,982	\$	20,559,083 8,677,985 21,594,305 3,530,357 62,863,887 403,631 9,392,961 1,904,390 128,926,599	\$	23,188,963 8,829,329 23,412,776 2,542,184 59,079,957 442,520 11,127,855 1,800,979 130,424,563	\$ 18,439,842 8,325,450 19,380,150 2,231,711 59,060,286 185,072 9,577,712 2,015,867 119,216,090	\$	15,500,286 8,272,259 18,866,550 2,050,199 57,563,709 2,448 11,078,936 1,736,718 115,071,105
\$ 119,936,683	\$ 119,821,982	\$	128,926,599	\$	130,424,563	\$ 119,216,090	\$	115,071,105
1,005,815 1,083,996 2,337,286 220,838 8,201,468 14,915,979	266,672 917,181 2,659,677 98,987 7,472,614 6,770,240		461,057 760,751 2,793,476 202,485 8,237,806 8,648,345		353,496 667,220 2,679,640 208,106 7,144,132 5,754,897	329,028 572,220 2,785,209 223,280 5,853,881 4,210,264		188,185 609,889 2,813,500 239,054 5,515,029 4,990,655
 27,765,382	 18,185,371		21,103,920		16,807,491	 13,973,882		14,356,312
\$ - - - - 27,765,382	\$ - - - 18,185,371	\$	- - - - 21,103,920	\$	- - - - 16,807,491	\$ 13,973,882	\$	- - - 14,356,312
(92,171,301)	(101,636,611)		(107,822,679)		(113,617,072)	(105,242,208)		(100,714,793)
\$ (92,171,301)	\$ (101,636,611)	\$	(107,822,679)	\$	(113,617,072)	\$ (105,242,208)	\$	(100,714,793)
54,724,582 30,277,599 6,364,283 1,671,191 - 66,609	54,888,191 30,138,426 6,465,467 1,772,756 - (434,213)		57,972,995 30,116,611 6,477,531 2,374,089 - 30,619		62,797,386 30,400,062 5,227,887 989,550 - 62,129	64,639,093 31,508,914 6,302,634 1,399,250		67,455,393 32,878,673 5,879,756 4,937,225 - 115,210
93,104,264	92,830,627	_	96,971,845	_	99,477,014	 103,870,216	_	111,266,257
 - - - - -	- - - - -		- - - - -		- - - -	- - - - -		- - - - -
 93,104,264	92,830,627		96,971,845		99,477,014	 103,870,216		111,266,257
932,963 -	(8,805,984)		(10,850,834)		(14,140,058)	(1,371,992)		10,551,464
\$ 932,963	\$ (8,805,984)	\$	(10,850,834)	\$	(14,140,058)	\$ (1,371,992)	\$	10,551,464

**Kenai Peninsula Borough**Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Total
2010	\$ 48,932,675	\$ 25,950,998	\$ 74,883,673
2011	49,529,435	27,798,976	77,328,411
2012	50,485,761	28,385,150	78,870,911
2013	52,664,077	29,664,629	82,328,706
2014	54,724,582	30,277,599	85,002,181
2015	54,888,191	30,138,426	85,026,617
2016	57,972,995	30,116,611	88,089,606
2017	62,797,386	30,400,062	93,197,448
2018	64,639,093	31,508,914	96,148,007
2019	67,455,393	32,878,673	100,334,066



Kenai Peninsula Borough
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

2019	\$ 3,041,560 81,000 230,095 20,520,399 3,029,557 \$ \$ 26,902,611		1 1	1 1	19,324,767 13,216,449	5,606,781 18,649,469	3,175,750 637,472	- - \$ 60,610,688
2018	\$ 3,582,332 71,000 351,388 16,486,079 2,399,200 \$ \$ 22,799,999	1	1 1	321,224 76,404	16,929,008 11,542,908	169,485 11,694,769	6,864,042 5,227,885	- - \$ 52,825,725
2017	\$ - 4,103,792 145,178 671,004 18,314,053 = \$ 23,234,027	1	1 1	-61,269	11,432,855 17,030,044	3,505,646 9,486,348	9,582,406 908,474	(230,362) (34,887) \$ 51,741,793
2016	\$ - 5,298,396 51,000 295,830 20,136,610 - 5 25,778,836	1	1 1	1 1	12,962,247 9,307,381	3,913,421 14,768,598	7,577,509 1,628,556	(446,428) (120,646) \$ 49,590,638
2015	\$ - 11,345,210 90,000 48,748 16,244,676 - \$ 28,138,634	1	1 1	44	14,937,097 16,946,646	59,091 11,262,666	7,136,273	(171,444) - \$ 50,170,373
2014	\$ 8,879,666 105,020 243,157 14,658,934 994,595 \$ 24,881,372	1	1 1	1,500	13,460,361 22,479,158	79,393 11,034,193	6,582,069 145,464	- - \$ 53,782,138
2013	\$ 6,944,837 70,000 638,937 15,326,705 330,506 \$ \$ 23,310,985	1	1 1	3,661	11,279,700 8,508,355	344,964 9,856,833	6,309,208 580,535	(23,364)
2012	\$ 198,063 373,867 15,407,886 5,486,767 \$ 21,466,583	1	1 1	1,045,538	10,385,968 16,659,200	575,377 6,565,219	4,006,915 841,612	(51,378)
2011 *	\$ 251,065 339,610 17,523,149 3,591,990 \$ 21,705,814	1	1 1	803,227	11,661,025 24,592,081	1,739,754 6,516,387	4,781,994 1,690,262	\$ 51,784,730
2010	\$ 160,584 22,864,839 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	4,893,211	23,125,512 13,922,365	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	- - \$ 41,941,088
	General Fund Reserved Unreserved Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	All other governmental funds Reserved	Oll eservey, leporteu nr. Special revenue funds Capital projects funds Nonspandalla	Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	Restricted Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	Assigned Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	Unassigned Special revenue funds Capital projects funds Total all other governmental funds

 $^{st}$  Implemented GASB 54 in FY2011, which resulted in a change in how fund balance was presented.

The Kenai Peninsula Borough developed an Unreserved Fund Balance policy in 2001. This policy provides guidelines regarding minimum and maximum levels of unreserved fund balance for the Borough's General Fund and Service Areas' operating and capital project funds. The policy requires that the following items should be considered when establishing an acceptable level of fund balance: working capital requirements, operating contingencies to include revenue volatility and unexpected expenditures, and future capital expansion. The policy also established that if a fund balance was outside the acceptable range, the subsequent year's budget must include a five-year plan of action to achieve compliance with the acceptable range.

Kenai Peninsula Borough
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

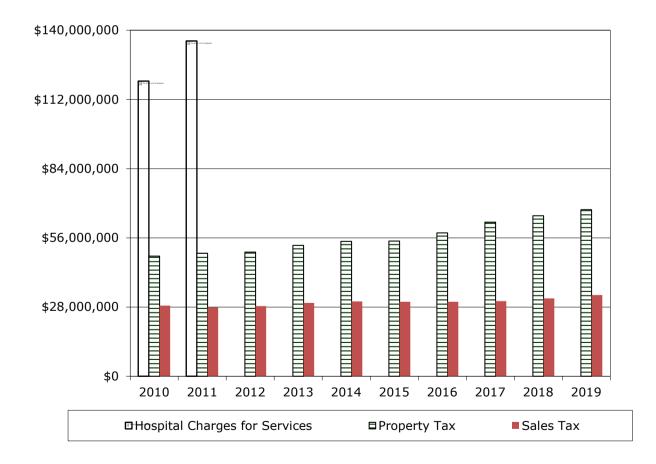
Revenues	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Property taxes Sales tax	\$ 48,613,059 25,950,998	\$ 49,736,514 27,798,976	\$ 50,230,334 28,385,150	\$ 52,916,285 29,664,629	\$ 54,570,598 30,277,598	\$ 54,662,814 30,138,426	\$ 58,007,099 30,116,611	\$ 62,326,564 30,400,062	\$ 64,917,778 31,508,914	\$ 67,401,394 32,878,673
Intergovernmental Investment earnings Other revenues	24,874,838 2,697,058 3 355 662	17,785,198 1,527,901 4 953 946	22,716,818 1,895,316 5 153 172	31,294,288 581,394 6,844,468	28,613,640 1,740,079 5,253,525	25,393,552 1,681,379 7,029,745	19,436,158 2,164,886 5,683,236	15,105,570 940,993 4 843 547	14,202,678 1,036,028 5,327,417	15,868,702 4,161,434 5,418,807
Total revenues	105,491,615	101,802,535	108,380,790	121,301,064	120,455,440	118,905,916	115,407,990	113,616,736	116,992,815	125,729,010
Expenditures:		100	1	,	1	0,70	000	7	, ,	
General government Solid waste	17,060,295	7 704 476	17,740,213	17,962,124	17,615,805	6 789 061	18,429,713	17,082,168	18,534,018 5 763 798	16,919,254
Public safety	12,798,445	13,396,428	16,517,524	16,268,117	18,829,271	19,456,359	17,784,143	20,025,282	16,886,830	17,756,267
Recreation	1,424,141	1,136,151	1,536,689	1,982,994	1,745,588	2,234,204	3,180,795	1,873,562	2,056,124	1,971,605
Education	43,981,113	46,064,673	51,524,574	51,447,909	52,695,845	53,038,298	57,934,516	49,987,995	54,004,116	51,575,438
Environmental protection	1,287,515	2,095,423	2,048,151	1,052,619	909,596	665,071	404,895	442,520	187,172	2,448
Roads and trails	6,853,831	10,558,262	11,252,663	10,273,390	9,494,678	9,693,517	8,758,384	9,574,530	9,103,129	10,726,111
Capital outlay Debt service	15,049,412	10,429,218	9,144,780	13,421,730	17,072,292	3,202,122	7/1/664/6	12,703,943	4,381,133	3,420,300
Principal	2,410,000	3,414,000	3,340,000	3,515,000	2,770,000	3,390,000	2,645,000	2,795,000	3,440,000	3,575,000
Interest and other (1) (2)	881,110	943,580	1,613,560	1,469,468	1,380,830	2,397,295	2,084,980	2,093,414	2,253,547	2,101,138
Total expenditures	107,699,154	111,143,502	120,458,113	124,036,789	124,947,382	122,202,775	122,889,156	120,861,843	116,609,867	113,841,435
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,207,539)	(9,340,967)	(12,077,323)	(2.735.725)	(4,491,942)	(3.296.859)	(7.481,166)	(7.245.107)	382,948	11.887,575
	(/	( ( / . )	()	( :/ :/-)	(/ /. )	(((-)	(//-)	( ( )	2	2 . 2/ . 2 . 7 . 2
Other financing sources (uses)  Bonds issued Premium on bonds issued Daymont to acrow agant	4,960,000	16,865,000	8,150,000 1,284,121	1,215,000 196,568	20,860,000 2,124,575	1,425,000 245,693	2,465,000	5,405,000		
Insurance proceeds	1	1	(000,200,0)	1	1	(505,040,4)	1,746,495	818,949	266,956	1
Transfers in	17,396,622	10,120,206	8,166,490	8,429,925	8,043,061	9,505,521	9,700,383	11,590,201	15,085,853	18,729,547
Net other financing sources (uses)	4,960,000	17,865,000	81,813	1,411,568	22,984,575	21,730	4,541,633	6,851,454	266,956	-
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,752,461	\$ 8,524,033	\$ (11,995,510)	\$ (1,324,157)	\$ 18,492,633	\$ (3,275,129)	\$ (2,939,533)	\$ (393,653)	\$ 649,904	\$ 11,887,575
GO Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	3.38%	4.33%	4.45%	4.58%	3.87%	4.87%	4.03%	4.32%	5.09%	5.12%
Total non-capital expenditures	97,331,611	100,689,805	111,313,333	108,815,033	107,275,090	118,940,653	117,393,379	113,230,306	111,897,488	110,899,403

<sup>(1) 2012</sup> includes \$81,813 in bond issuance costs. (2) 2015 includes \$21,730 in bond issuance costs.

## General Government Significant Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Hospital Charge			
Fiscal Year	for Services (3)	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Total
2010	\$ 119,417,217	\$ 48,613,059	\$ (1) \$ 28,585,036	\$ 196,615,312
2011	(2) 135,659,575	49,736,514	27,798,976	213,195,065
2012	-	50,230,334	28,385,150	78,615,484
2013	-	52,916,285	29,664,629	82,580,914
2014	-	54,570,598	30,277,598	84,848,196
2015	-	54,662,814	30,138,426	84,801,240
2016	-	58,007,099	30,116,611	88,123,710
2017	-	62,326,564	30,400,062	92,726,626
2018	-	64,917,778	31,508,914	96,426,692
2019	-	67,401,394	32,878,673	100,280,067

- (1) Exemption on non-prepared food went into effect January 1, 2009 and covers the period September 1 through May 31, of each fiscal year.
- (2) Implementation of GASB Statement 61. The Borough's two hospitals, Central Peninsula Hospital and South Peninsula Hospital are now accounted for as discretely presented component units. Their data is no longer included in the stat tables.



Kenai Peninsula Borough Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

		Assessed	Value as a	Percentage	of Actual	Value	93.21%	92.99%	92.94%	92.39%	92.99%	88.97%	88.88%	89.30%	88.75%	88.70%
				Total	Direct	Tax Rate	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.70
				Total Taxable	Assessed		•									
lues (1)						Personal	\$ 29,205	30,914	30,955	32,511	31,906	32,999	33,986	34,392	33,842	34,792
Tax Exempt Values (1)							\$ 434,556									
					Personal	Property	\$ 245,915	259,714	257,619	286,399	292,407	324,853	339,478	368,985	361,549	358,789
Assessed Values (1)						Oil & Gas	\$ 703,063	713,954	698,991	810,065	986,766	1,142,158	1,224,525	1,467,353	1,468,599	1,518,606
Ass						Real	\$ 5,883,881	5,901,904	6,180,464	6,172,547	6,202,494	6,330,106	6,625,363	6,915,818	7,342,187	7,355,511
	Total estimated	actual value of	property less	mandatory	federal and state	exemptions (1)	\$ 6,832,859	6,875,572	7,137,074	7,269,011	7,484,667	7,797,117	8,189,366	8,752,156	9,172,335	9,232,906
					Fiscal f		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

(1) Assessed values and Tax exempt values represent only those values/exemptions provided by the Borough. It does not include those values/exemptions provided by federal or state requirements.

(2) Increase in real property exempt amount due to increase of residental exemption from \$20,000 to \$50,000 in FY15.

**Source:** Data is provided by the Kenai Peninsula Borough's Assessing Department. Does not include federal and state exempt property.

# Kenai Peninsula Borough Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

	ldotna	Special	Districts	(4)	2.95	2.47	2.67	2.67	2.67	2.66	2.66	2.73	2.61	2.86
	City of Soldotna		Operating	(5)	1.65	1.65	0.65	0.65	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
	Seward	Special	Districts (	(4)	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
	City of Se		Operating [	(2)	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.12	3.84
	Idovia	Special	Districts (	(4)	00.0	00.00	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
g Rates (2)	City of Sel		Operating I	(2)	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	7.50	7.50	7.50
Overlapping Rates (	Kenai	Special	Districts	(4)	0.50	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
0	City of K		Operating I	(2)	4.00	3.85	3.85	3.85	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.35
	Kachemak	Special	Districts	(4)	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30
	City of Kac		Operating	(2)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
	omer	Special	Districts	(4)	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30
	City of Homer		Operating	(5)	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
		Special	Districts	(4)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Borough wide	Fund		Approved	rate(1)	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.70
Bo	General Fund		Maximum	rate(1)	8.24	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.33	8.17	8.29	8.30	8.30
	ı	•		Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

The Borough's General Fund maximum mill rate and approved rate.
 Overlapping rates are those of the first class cities located within the Borough. The mill rates shown consist of two components: the mill rate for the greated districts, which include fire and emergency response, higher education, and local support for hospitals.
 The mill rate for the special district, the Post Secondary Fund, was combined into the Operating fund mill rate.

## Sources:

(4) Data provided from Kenai Peninsula Borough's resolution approving the mill rates for each respective year. (5) Data provided by the City Clerk's Office for each respective City.

2019 2010 Percentage Percentage of Total of Total Taxable Taxable Taxable Taxable Assessed Value Assessed Assessed Value Assessed **Taxpayer** Rank Value Rank Value (1)(1)Hilcorp Alaska, LLC 821,982,330 1 10.04% Furie Operating Alaska, LLC 243,139,330 2 2.97% Tesoro Alaska 196,200,841 3 2.40% 174,040,874 2 2.73% 120,769,650 Bluecrest Energy, Inc. 4 1.47% Cook Inlet Natural Gas Storage AK, LLC 102,691,688 5 1.25% Harvest Alaska 100,838,690 6 1.23% 90,670,500 Cook Inlet Energy, LLC 7 1.11% Alaska Pipeline 72,711,797 8 18,032,905 0.28% 0.89% 10 65,401,732 Alaska Communications Systems 9 0.80% **Enstar Natural Gas** 46,853,125 0.57% 10 ConocoPhillips, Inc. 169,064,892 3 2.65% Union Oil/Unocal 201,163,700 1 3.16% Marathon Oil Co. 152,571,000 4 2.40% BP Exploration Alaska, Inc. 68,108,560 6 1.07% ACS of the Northland, Inc. 76,958,349 5 1.21% Agrium US, Inc. XTO Energy, Inc. 48,092,800 7 0.76% Kenai Kachemak Pipeline 43,176,800 8 0.68% Fred Meyer 18,711,998 9 0.29% 22.73% 15.23% \$ 1,861,259,683 969,921,878

(1) Source: Data is provided by the Kenai Peninsula Borough's Assessing Department.

Total Assessed value based on total tax levy for FY2019 and FY2009 respectively.

\$ 8,190,029,000

\$ 6,369,098,000

Kenai Peninsula Borough Taxable Sales by Line of Business Current

Line of Business	 2019
Retail Trade	\$ 534,794,674
Hotel/Motel/Bed & Breakfast	101,643,545
Restaurant / Bar	79,511,202
Guiding	76,859,379
Utilities	56,465,285
Educational Services	44,299,896
Wholesale Trade	27,796,642
Services	27,267,881
Information	25,144,385
Professional, Scientific	20,677,714
Rental Residential Property	16,309,120
Telecommunications	17,006,510
Public Administration	15,147,398
Construction Contracting	11,379,956
Administrative, Waste Management	10,364,383
Healthcare & Social Assistance	10,164,224
Rental Non-Residential /Commercial Properties	13,745,097
Manufacturing	8,114,127
Transportation and Warehouse	7,786,462
Arts and Entertainment	5,351,057
Mining/Quarrying	5,109,037
Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries	2,463,271
Rental Personal Property & Self Storage	2,322,824
Other	 704,927
TOTAL	\$ 1,120,428,996

Source: Data is provided by the Kenai Peninsula Borough's Finance Department, Sales Tax Division.

Kenai Peninsula Borough Property Tax Levies and Collections General Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected in the	Fiscal Year		Total Collectio	ns to Date
Fiscal Year				Collections in		
Ended	Total Tax Levy		Percentage	Subsequent		Percentage
June 30	for Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2010	\$ 28,875,124	\$ 28,375,677	98.270%	\$ 496,252	\$ 28,871,929	99.989%
2011	29,058,274	28,630,610	98.528%	422,066	29,052,676	99.981%
2012	30,419,493	29,946,804	98.446%	466,750	30,413,554	99.980%
2013	30,823,497	30,382,636	98.570%	431,793	30,814,429	99.971%
2014	31,750,392	31,332,596	98.684%	408,301	31,740,897	99.970%
2015	31,685,014	31,142,025	98.286%	331,189	31,473,214	99.332%
2016	33,108,951	32,410,590	97.891%	683,265	33,093,855	99.954%
2017	35,591,917	35,157,568	98.780%	394,812	35,552,380	99.889%
2018	37,068,282	36,645,827	98.860%	309,371	36,955,198	99.695%
2019	38,941,185	38,535,145	98.957%	-	38,535,145	98.957%

# Kenai Peninsula Borough Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type and Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

											(2)								
					Central	Peninsula	Hospital	Service	Area	\$ 1,153	1,070	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<u>@</u>										l	(2)								
Capita (2) (3	Service Areas				South	Peninsula	Hospital	Service	Area	\$ 1,716	1,604	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	•
General Bonded Debt Per Capita (2) (3)	Servic					Bear	Creek Fire	Service	Area	· \$	1	1	793	770	744	714	685	929	623
General Bon					Central	Emergency	Services	Service	Area	\$ 111	113	88	83	78	89	158	150	138	126
	·								Area-Wide	\$ 638	617	268	492	846	781	726	777	719	653
ļ.	General Bonded Debt	as a	percentage	of Estimated	actual value	of taxable	property	(6)(area	wide)	1.24%	1.38%	0.48%	0.43%	0.68%	0.61%	0.58%	0.62%	0.51%	0.46%
				Bonded			of total	Personal	Income (4)	3.66%	3.91%	1.29%	1.13%	1.86%	1.60%	1.56%	1.70%	1.57%	1.46%
									Total	\$ 84,400,966	95,191,726	33,991,568	31,178,941	51,231,835	47,734,564	47,599,968	50,506,063	46,685,244	42,729,425
resented Units (1)							Capital	Leases/Notes	payable	\$ 385,079	(5) 631,745	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Discretely Presented Component Units (1)				General	Obligation Bonds	(Net of	premiums/	discounts/	adjustments)	\$ 61,319,887	58,322,981	1		1			1	•	•
Governmental Activities					General Obligation	Bonds (Service Area)	(Net of premiums/	discounts/	adjustments)	\$ 2,170,000	2,075,000	1,975,000	3,279,111	3,124,283	3,102,979	5,671,350	5,367,557	4,978,766	4,569,975
Governme				General	Obligation Bonds	(Area-Wide) (Net	of premiums/	discounts/	adjustments)	\$ 20,526,000	34,162,000	32,016,568	27,899,830	48,107,552	44,631,585	41,928,618	45,138,506	41,706,478	38,159,450
,								Fiscal	Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

Note: Details regarding the Borough's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) For fiscal years 2003-2011 Business-type activities debt is for the South Peninsula Hospital Service Area and Central Peninsula Hospital Service Area and is debt of the Service Areas, not the Primary Government.

(2) Other Governmental Fund-type debt is for the Central Emergency Service Area and is debt of the Service Area

not the Primary Government.

(3) Due to overlapping taxing jurisdictions, the Debt Per Capita of the Area-Wide must be combined with each overlapping

Service Area to determine the total Debt Per Capita within each Tax Code Area.

(4) Personal income data is provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, http://www.bea.gov.

(5) In fiscal year 2012 the Borough adopted GASB Statement 61, which changed accounting and financial reporting for CPH and SPH.

These units were previously presented as Business-Type Activities, a Blended Component units.

(6) Assessed values and Tax exempt values represent only those values/exemptions provided by the Borough. It does not include those values/exemptions provided by federal or state requirements.

Population data can be found in Table XIV

#### Kenai Peninsula Borough Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

TABLE XIII

NO DEB	BT LIMIT IS MANDATED BY LA	AW	

#### **Kenai Peninsula Borough** Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Personal Income -		er Capita Personal		Per Capita Personal				
Fiscal		Borough (in		Income -		Income -	Median	School	Unemployment	Number of
Year	Population (1)	thousands) (3)	Bo	orough (3)	_	Alaska (3)	Age (2)	Enrollment (5)	Rate (2)	Employed (2)
2010	53,578	\$ 2,307,583	\$	42,112		\$ 46,834	39.4	9,145	9.80%	24,267
2011	55,400	2,432,959		43,780		48,614	40.6	8,978	10.00%	24,310
2012	56,369	2,627,069		46,600		51,405	40.6	8,922	9.50%	24,675
2013	56,756	2,770,353		48,636		52,638	41.4	8,886	8.60%	25,003
2014	56,862	2,759,412		48,351		51,416	40.0	8,756	8.00%	25,592
2015	57,147	2,981,871		51,734		54,582	40.5	8,826	7.90%	25,759
2016	57,763	3,056,190		52,639		56,147	40.0	8,788	7.80%	25,480
2017	58,060	2,965,755		50,691		55,674	40.6	8,785	8.50%	24,847
2018	58,024	2,965,755		50,691		56,042	41.4	8,712	8.30%	24,642
2019	58,471	2,919,104	(4)	51,640	(4)	57,179	41.0	8,680	7.70%	24,453

#### Sources:

- (1) Alaska Department of Labor estimates as of July 1 of each fiscal year.
- (2) Data is provided by the State of Alaska Department of Labor and is the annual rate for 12 months ending December of the prior calendar year. The Alaska Department of Labor amends every month the unemployment rate data for the previous month and again at the end of every calendar year. Some prior fiscal years have been updated to match updated statistical reported information.
- (3) Data is provided by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) and is for the 12-month period ending December of the prior calendar year.
- (4) Calendar year 2019 data currently unavailable from BEA.
- (5) Information provided from the Kenai Peninsula Borough School District.

Kenai Peninsula Borough Principal Employers Current and Nine Years Ago

TABLE XV

	2018 *	2009 *
Employer	Rank	Rank

<sup>\*</sup> The State of Alaska passed legislation that prevents disclosure of employer ranking and or the number of employees for each employer.

Kenai Peninsula Borough
Full-time Equivalent Borough Government Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

5.50 4.50 8.00 4.00 7.50 11.50 5.00 24.00 12.75 5.00 12.75 5.00	21.25 1.50 0.50 5.00 44.00 5.00 1.50 1.50 7.40 5.00 15.50 4.00 247.55
5.50 5.00 9.00 4.00 7.50 11.50 5.00 22.00 22.00 13.00 5.00	21.75 1.50 0.50 4.00 41.00 1.50 1.50 1.50 5.00 5.00 4.00 243.90
5.50 6.00 10.00 4.00 7.50 11.50 5.00 22.00 22.00 13.00 5.00 111.50	21.75 1.50 0.00 4.00 41.00 4.00 0.75 14.65 8.00 5.00 15.50 4.00 244.15
5.50 6.00 14.00 4.00 7.55 11.50 5.00 22.00 22.00 13.00 5.00	21.75 1.50 0.00 4.00 39.00 4.00 12.50 0.75 14.65 8.00 5.00 17.00 4.00
5.50 6.00 14.00 4.25 - 7.55 11.50 5.00 22.00 22.00 13.00 13.00 5.00	20.75 1.50 0.00 3.50 41.00 4.00 12.25 0.75 14.65 8.00 5.00 17.00 4.00
5.50 5.00 12.00 4.25 - 7.55 11.50 5.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 13.00 6.00	20.00 1.50 0.00 2.50 4.00 11.75 0.75 14.65 8.00 5.00 17.00 4.00 244.95
5.50 5.00 11.00 4.00 7.60 11.00 5.00 22.00 22.00 13.00 6.00	20.00 1.50 0.00 2.50 42.00 3.50 11.25 0.75 14.65 8.00 5.00 5.00 4.00 4.00
5.50 4.00 10.00 4.00 7.60 11.00 5.00 22.00 22.00 13.00 6.00	20.00 1.50 0.00 2.50 38.50 3.50 11.25 0.75 14.25 8.00 5.00 5.00 20.00 4.00
5.50 5.00 10.50 4.55 22.60 - - 5.00 23.00 22.00 9.00 6.00	21.00 1.50 0.00 1.00 37.50 3.00 10.70 0.75 14.25 8.00 5.00 21.00 4.00
5.50 6.00 12.50 4.55 22.60 - 5.00 23.00 22.00 9.00 6.00	21.00 0.75 0.00 1.00 37.50 2.00 10.70 0.75 14.25 8.00 5.00 5.00 4.00 4.00
Function General government: Assembly Mayor Purchasing and Contracting * Office of Emergency Mgmt General Services HR IT Legal Finance Assessing Planning River Center Total	Fire and Emergency Services:  Nikiski Fire Bear Creek Fire EPHESA Anchor Point CES Kachemak 911 Communications Seward Bear Creek Flood Recreation Roads Land Trust Fund Solid Waste Risk Management Total

46.30

46.30

46.30

46.30

46.30

46.30

46.30

45.30

46.30

46.30

Positions controlled by the Kenai Peninsula Borough but reported as part of in-kind expenditures for the Kenai Peninsula Borough School

District

<sup>\*</sup> Purchasing and Contracting combined in 2016 Source: Data is provided by the Kenai Peninsula Borough's Human Resources Department

Kenai Peninsula Borough Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

2019	26,897		1,050	150	279	2,688	236		58,912
2018	26,370		1,022	141	259	2,591	203		58,619
2017	27,022		995	178	218	2,593	218		27,698
2016	28,165		626	143	214	2,824	236		60,318
2015	27,239		919	139	263	2,039	219		64,653
2014	26,364		842	136	197	1,770	216		63,564
2013	21,831		905	119	250	1,729	197		78,178
2012	21,834		926	132	235	1,815	139		78,250
2011	21,260		929	111	194	2,095	140		64,759
2010	21,494	* * .: to:		132	150	1,977	120		60,720
	Function General government- 911 calls answered	Fire and emergency services: ** Number of calls responded to:	Nikiski	Bear Creek	Anchor Point	CES	Kachemak	Landfills-	Refuse collected (tons)

Note: With the exception of 911 calls, indicators are not available for the general government functions. \*\* Fire and Emergency Services indices are as of December 31 of the prior calendar year

Sources: Various Kenai Peninsula Borough department's and service area's performance measures.

Kenai Peninsula Borough Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function										
Fire and emergency services:										
Number of Stations:										
Nikiski	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Bear Creek	П	1	1	1	П	П	1	П	П	1
Anchor Point	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	7	2
CES	9	8	8	∞	8	8	∞	8	8	8
Kachemak	н	1	П	1	Н	2	2	2	2	2
Landfills:										
Number of municipal waste landfills	8	8	∞	8	8 (1)	8	8	8	8	8
Number of transfer facilities/sites	12	12	12	12	13	13	13	13	13	13
Recreation-										
Number of facilities	∞	8	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Roads-										
Miles of roads maintained	633	634	989	638	640	640	641	645	646	648

(1) Homer and Seward landfills are no longer accepting municipal waste but are still accepting inert waste.

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government functions. For the fire and emergency service stations listed above, these represent both manned and unmanned stations. Sources: Various Kenai Peninsula Borough department's and service area's performance measures.

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#### **SINGLE AUDIT**

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended June 30, 2019 [1]

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor / Program or Cluster Title	<u>Grant Number</u>	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifier <u>Number</u>	Award <u>Amount</u>	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of the Interior					
Passed through U.S. Bureau of Land Management: Payment in Lieu of Taxes	2019 SEC 6901/02	15.226	N/A	\$ 3,225,437	\$ 3,225,437
Passed through U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service: National Wildlife Refuge Revenue Sharing	N/A	15.659	FY2018	26,933	26,933
Coastal Impact Assistance: Habitat Protection Education & Code Revision Stream Channel & Elevation Modeling	F12AF70131 F12AF00443	15.668 15.668	N/A N/A	95,272 99,272	(2) (20)
Total CFDA 15.668					(22)
Total U.S. Department of the Interior					3,252,348
U.S. Department of Homeland Security  Passed through Alaska Department of Military & Veterans Affairs: Homeland Security Grant Program: 2017 State Homeland Security Program Fire Station Alert System; ALMR Radios; 2019 AK Shield Exercise 2018 State Homeland Security Program Regional Mass Care Planning; 2019 AK Shield Exercise	EMW-2017-SS-00048-S01 EMW-2018-SS-00045-S01	97.067 97.067	20SHSP-GY17 20SHSP-GY18	449,307 63,422	333,027 22,751
Total CFDA 97.067					355,778
Emergency Management Performance Grant	EMS-2018-EP-00002-S01	97.042	20EMPG-GY18	175,497	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security  U.S. Department of Transportation:					531,275
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster - Extend Kenai Spur Hwy-North Road	DTFH7017E30003	20.205	N/A	5,663,801	1,896,704
U.S. Department of Agriculture:  Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster - National Forest Receipts	FY2019	10.665	N/A	538,031	538,031
Passed through Alaska Department of Natural Resources: Cooperative Forestry Assistance: Anchor Point Fire & EMS Service Area Volunteer Fire Assistance Grant Volunteer Fire Assistance Grant Bear Creek Fire Service Area	N/A N/A	10.664 10.664	2018 VFA 2019 VFA	7,500 7,500	7,500 7,500
Volunteer Fire Assistance Grant Volunteer Fire Assistance Grant Kachemak Emergency Service Area	N/A N/A	10.664 10.664	2018 VFA 2019 VFA	7,438 2,900	7,438 2,900
Volunteer Fire Assistance Grant Volunteer Fire Assistance Grant Nikiski Fire Service Area	N/A N/A	10.664 10.664	2018 VFA 2019 VFA	7,461 6,665	7,461 6,665
Volunteer Fire Assistance Grant Volunteer Fire Assistance Grant	N/A N/A	10.664 10.664	2018 VFA 2019 VFA	6,718 6.466	6,718 6,466
	N/A	10.004	2019 VFA	0,400	6,466
Total CFDA 10.664					52,648
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					590,679
TOTAL FEDERAL					\$ 6,271,006

[1] No federal award monies were passed through to subreceipents.

Additional information on federal major programs and the Single Audit Report are available through a separately bound document.

#### Schedule of State Financial Assistance

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ended June 30, 2019					
State Agency / Program Title		Award Number	otal Award <u>Amount</u>	<u>Ex</u>	State penditures
Alaska Department of Commerce, Community & Economic Development:					
Shared Fisheries Business Tax			\$ 4,728	\$	4,728
Fish Resource Landing Tax			775		775
* Community Revenue Sharing - Borough		FY19	1,032,704		1,032,704
Community Revenue Sharing - Nanwalek IRA Council	[1]	FY17	12,900		12,900
Community Revenue Sharing - Moose Pass Chamber of Commerce	[1]	FY17	12,900		85
Community Revenue Sharing - Hope, Inc.	[1]	FY18	15,789		6,248
Community Revenue Sharing - Kachemak Emergency Services Members Association	[1]	FY18	2,040		909
Community Revenue Sharing - Moose Pass Chamber of Commerce	[1]	FY18	15,789		744
Community Revenue Sharing - Nanwalek IRA Council	[1]	FY18	15,789		15,789
Community Revenue Sharing - Voznesenka Community Council	[1]	FY18	15,789		8,795
Community Revenue Sharing - Alaska Children's Institute For Performing Arts (ACIPA)	[1]	FY19	15,789		15,789
Community Revenue Sharing - Anchor Point Food Pantry	[1]	FY19	5,093		5,093
Community Revenue Sharing - Anchor Point Public Library	[1]	FY19	5,093		5,093
Community Revenue Sharing - Anchor Point Senior Citizens	[1]	FY19	5,093		5,093
Community Revenue Sharing - Bear Creek Volunteer Fire Department	[1]	FY19	15,789		15,789
Community Revenue Sharing - Boys & Girls Club of Southcentral Alaska	[1]	FY19	15,789		15,789
Community Revenue Sharing - Boys & Girls Club of the Kenai Peninsula	[1]	FY19	7,895		7,895
Community Revenue Sharing - Caribou Hills Cabin Hoppers	[1]	FY19	15,789		275
Community Revenue Sharing - Cooper Landing Community Club	[1]	FY19	15,789		15,789
Community Revenue Sharing - Funny River Chamber of Commerce	[1]	FY19	15,789		15,789
Community Revenue Sharing - Homer Cycling Club	[1]	FY19	3,157		3,157
Community Revenue Sharing - Hope, Inc.	[1]	FY19	15,789		15,789
Community Revenue Sharing - Kachemak Nordic Ski Club	[1]	FY19	7,818		7,818
Community Revenue Sharing - Kachemak Ski Club	[1]	FY19	3,871		3,871
Community Revenue Sharing - Kasilof Public Library	[1]	FY19	7.895		7,895
Community Revenue Sharing - Kasilof Regional Historical Association	įıį	FY19	7,894		7,894
Community Revenue Sharing - Kasilof-Cohoe Cemetery Association	[1]	FY19	7,895		7,895
Community Revenue Sharing - Kenai Peninsula Fair Association	[1]	FY19	3,947		3,947
Community Revenue Sharing - Kenai Peninsula Food Bank, Inc.	[1]	FY19	3,947		3,947
Community Revenue Sharing - Love Inc. of the Kenai Peninsula	įıį	FY19	3,947		3,947
Community Revenue Sharing - Lowell Point Community Council	[1]	FY19	15,789		15,789
Community Revenue Sharing - Moose Pass Chamber of Commerce	[1]	FY19	8.670		8,670
Community Revenue Sharing - Moose Pass Volunteer Fire Department	[1]	FY19	38,697		38,661
Community Revenue Sharing - Nikiski Senior Citizens, Inc	[1]	FY19	7,895		7,895
Community Revenue Sharing - Nikolaevsk Community Council	[1]	FY19	15,789		15,789
Community Revenue Sharing - Ninilchik Community Library	[1]	FY19	3,947		3,947
Community Revenue Sharing - Ninilchik Emergency Services	[1]	FY19	3,947		3,947
Community Revenue Sharing - Ninilchik Senior Citizens	[1]	FY19	3,947		3,947
Community Revenue Sharing - Peninsula Spay and Neuter Association	[1]	FY19	3,947		3,947
Community Revenue Sharing - Port Graham Village Council	[1]	FY19	15,789		15,789
Community Revenue Sharing - Rural Alaska Community Action Program	[1]	FY19	5,263		5,263
Community Revenue Sharing - Snomads Snowmachine Club, Inc	[1]	FY19	7,818		7,818
Community Revenue Sharing - Sterling Area Senior Citizens	[1]	FY19	5,263		5,263
Community Revenue Sharing - Sterling Community Club	[1]	FY19	5,263		5,263
Community Revenue Sharing - Stalling Community Club  Community Revenue Sharing - Tsalteshi Trails Association	[1]	FY19	3,947		3,947
Community Revenue Sharing - Village of Kachemak Selo, Inc.	[1]	FY19	15,789		15,789
Community Revenue Sharing - Village of Razdolna	[1]	FY19	15,789		15,789
* Total Community Revenue Sharing	1.1	1 1 10	10,700		1,424,241
. I also Community . Constitute Chairming					.,,

#### Schedule of State Financial Assistance, continued

Year Ended June 30, 2019

State Agency / Program Title		Award Number	Total Award Amount	State Expenditures
State Agency / Program Title		Awaru Number	Amount	Experiantures
Alaska Department of Commerce, Community & Economic Development continued:				
Marijuana Application Review Fees		FY19	17,500	\$ 17,500
* Borough-wide Road Upgrades		15-DC-089	4,000,000	2,686,500
Elodea Eradication Project		15-DC-085	400,000	2,470
Jacob's Ladder Access Trail Repair & Maintenance		14-RR-042	100,000	304
Security Camera Systems in Borough-owned Facilities		13-DC-489	1,625,000	32,109
Seward Bear Creek Flood Mitigation Projects		15-DC-090	500,000	(50,931)
Total Alaska Department of Commerce, Community & Economic Development				4,117,696
Alaska Department of Revenue:				
* Commercial Passenger Vessel Tax	[1]	FY19(CY18)	522,255	522,255
Electric & Telephone Cooperative		FY19	157,234	157,234
Fish Tax - Additional FY18 Revenue		FY18	132,813	132,813
* Fish Tax		FY19	743,600	743,600
Total Alaska Department of Revenue				1,555,902
Alaska Danastasant of Education & Easts Davidanasants				
Alaska Department of Education & Early Development:  * School Debt Reimbursement			2,653,695	2,653,695
School Debt Reimbursement			2,000,090	2,000,090
Alaska Department of Administration:				
<ul> <li>Division of Retirement &amp; Benefits PERS Relief FY19 HB286</li> </ul>		FY19 HB286	1,237,913	1,237,913
Alaska Department of Military & Veteran Affairs:				
Passed Through the Alaska Division of Homeland Security & Emergency Management				
Local Emergency Planning Committee		20LEPC-GY19	20,100	20.100
Local Emergency Figuring Committee		2022. 3 0110	20,100	20,100
TOTAL STATE				\$ 9,585,306

<sup>\*</sup> State Major Program

<sup>[1]</sup> Entire amount of grant passed through to entity identified above

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